

CAMBRIDGE

SECOND EDITION

# face2face

anglicko-slovenský slovník

Pre-intermediate

**OXICO**  
jazykové knihy

ENGLISH	Pronunciation (UK)	PoS	SLOVAK	Definition	Example
<b>Lesson 1A</b>					
a lot	ə 'lɒt	phrase	veľa	very much or very often	I go to the cinema a lot.
another	ə'nʌð.ə	determiner	iný	a different person or thing	In another series, he helped people to stop eating fast food.
app	æp	noun	aplikácia	a computer program designed for a particular purpose	apps for your phone
around	ə'raʊnd	adverb	okolo	to or in different parts of a place	He loves riding around London on his scooter.
big	bɪg	adjective	veľký	large in size or amount	I work for a big company.
brother	'brʌð.ə	noun	brat	a boy or man who has the same parents as you	I have three brothers.
campaign	kæm'peɪn	noun	kampaň	a series of organized activities or events intended to achieve a result	Jamie is also famous for his 'better food' campaigns.
celebrity	sə'leɪ.b.rə.ti	noun	celebrita, známa osobnosť	a famous person	Jamie quickly became a celebrity.
chat	tʃæt	verb	chatovať	to take part in a discussion with someone on the Internet	I chat to friends online.
chef	ʃef	noun	šéf kuchárka	someone who is the main cook person who cooks in a hotel or a restaurant	He is one of the world's most famous chefs.
children	'tʃɪl.drən	noun	deti	plural of child	I have three children.
cinema	'sɪn.ə.mə	noun	kino	a building where you go to watch films	I go to the cinema a lot.
college	'kɒl.ɪ.dʒ	noun	vyššia škola	a place where students are educated when they are between 16 and 18 years old, or after they have finished high school	I go to college.
company	'kʌm.pə.ni	noun	spoločnosť	an organization which sells goods or services	I work for a big company.
concert	'kɒn.sɜ:t	noun	koncert	a performance of music and singing	I go to concerts.
cook	kʊk	verb	variť	to prepare food and usually heat it	He taught them to cook using fresh ingredients.
degree	dɪ'ɡri:	noun	vysokoškolský diplom, akademický titul	a qualification given for completing a university course	I have a degree.
dinner	'dɪn.ə	noun	večera	the main meal of the day that people usually eat in the evening	school dinners
drum	drʌm	noun	bubon	a round, hollow, musical instrument that you hit with your hands or with sticks	He loves playing the drums.
fast food	,fɑ:st 'fu:d	noun	rýchle občerstvenie	hot food that can be served very quickly in a restaurant because it is already prepared	He helped people to stop eating fast food.
fresh	frefʃ	adjective	čerstvý	Fresh food has been produced or collected recently and has not been frozen, dried, etc.	He taught them to cook using fresh ingredients.
friend	frend	noun	priateľ/ka, kamarát/ka	someone who you know well and like	I chat to friends online.
government	'gʌv.ən.mənt	noun	vláda	the group of people who officially control a country	The government agreed to spend an extra £280 million on school meals.
how	haʊ	adverb	ako	used to ask about the way something happens or is done	How does Jamie travel around London?

<b>How long...?</b>	haʊ lɒŋ	phrase	<b>Ako dlho.... ?</b>	used in questions to ask about the amount of time something takes	<i>How long did he work at the River Café?</i>
<b>How many...?</b>	haʊ 'men.i	phrase	<b>Koľko...?</b>	used in questions to ask about the number of something	<i>How many children has he got?</i>
<b>How much...?</b>	haʊ mʌtʃ	phrase	<b>Koľko...?</b>	used in questions to ask about the quantity of something	<i>How much did the British government agree to spend on school meals?</i>
<b>How often...?</b>	haʊ 'ɒf.(t)ən	phrase	<b>Ako často...?</b>	used in questions to ask about the amount of times something happens	<i>How often was Jamie's Kitchen on TV?</i>
<b>How old...?</b>	haʊ əʊld	phrase	<b>Koľko rokov....?</b>	used in questions to ask the age of a person or thing	<i>How old was Jamie when he got married?</i>
<b>ingredients</b>	ɪn'gri:di.ənts	noun	<b>ingrediencie, suroviny</b>	one of the different foods that a particular type of food is made from	<i>He taught them to cook using fresh ingredients.</i>
<b>instrument</b>	'ɪnt.strə.mənt	noun	<b>nástroj</b>	an object that is used for playing music, for example a piano or drum	<i>What instrument can he play?</i>
<b>interesting</b>	'ɪn.trəs.tɪŋ	adjective	<b>zaujímavý</b>	Someone or something that is interesting keeps your attention because they are unusual, exciting, or have lots of ideas.	<i>I have an interesting job.</i>
<b>job</b>	dʒɒb	noun	<b>práca</b>	the regular work that you do in order to earn money	<i>I have an interesting job.</i>
<b>language</b>	'læŋ.gwɪdʒ	noun	<b>jazyk, reč</b>	a type of communication used by the people of a particular country	<i>Which other languages can you speak?</i>
<b>lunch</b>	lʌntʃ	noun	<b>obed</b>	a meal that you eat in the middle of the day	<i>He cooked lunch for the British Prime Minister.</i>
<b>married</b>	'mæ.rɪd	adjective	<b>ženatý/vydatá</b>	A married man or woman has a wife or husband.	<i>I'm married and I have three children.</i>
<b>meal</b>	mɪəl	noun	<b>jedlo, pokrm</b>	when you eat, or the food that you eat at that time	<i>How much did the British government agree to spend on school meals?</i>
<b>online</b>	'ɒn.laɪn	adjective	<b>online</b>	connected to a system of computers, especially the Internet	<i>I chat to friends online.</i>
<b>prime minister</b>	praɪm 'mɪn.ɪ.stə	noun	<b>premiér, predseda vlády</b>	the leader of an elected government in some countries	<i>He cooked lunch for the British Prime Minister.</i>
<b>pub</b>	pʌb	noun	<b>hostinec, krčma</b>	a place where you can get drinks such as beer and usually food	<i>He started helping in his parents' pub.</i>
<b>recipe</b>	'res.i.pi	noun	<b>recept (kuchársky)</b>	a list of foods and a set of instructions telling you how to cook something	<i>a new book of recipes</i>
<b>relax</b>	rɪ'læks	verb	<b>relaxovať, odpočívať</b>	to become happy and comfortable because nothing is worrying you, or to make someone do this	<i>He enjoys relaxing with his family.</i>
<b>ride</b>	raɪd	verb	<b>jazdiť (na koni, bicykli)</b>	to travel by sitting on a horse, bicycle, or motorcycle and controlling it	<i>He loves riding around London on his scooter.</i>
<b>school</b>	sku:l	noun	<b>škola</b>	a place where children go to be educated	<i>I go to school.</i>
<b>scooter</b>	'sku:tə	noun	<b>skúter</b>	a small motorcycle	<i>He loves riding around London on his scooter.</i>
<b>series</b>	'sɪə.rɪz	noun	<b>seriál</b>	a group of television or radio programmes that have the same main characters or deal with the same subject	<i>When did he make his first TV series?</i>
<b>sister</b>	'sɪs.tə	noun	<b>sestra</b>	a girl or woman who has the same parents as you	<i>I have three sisters.</i>
<b>small</b>	smɔ:l	adjective	<b>malý</b>	little in size or amount	<i>I work for a small company.</i>
<b>spend</b>	spend	verb	<b>utrátiť, utrácať</b>	to use money to buy or pay for something	<i>How much did the British government agree to spend on school meals?</i>
<b>study</b>	'stʌ.di	verb	<b>študovať</b>	to learn about a subject, usually at school or university	<i>Why are you studying English?</i>

<b>success</b>	sək'ses	noun	<b>úspech</b>	something that has a good result or that is very popular	<i>The programme became a big success.</i>
<b>teach</b>	ti:tʃ	verb	<b>učit', vyučovat'</b>	to show or explain to someone how to do something	<i>He taught them to cook using fresh ingredients.</i>
<b>travel</b>	'træv.əl	verb	<b>cestovat'</b>	to make a journey	<i>How does Jamie travel around London?</i>
<b>typical</b>	'tɪp.i.kəl	adjective	<b>typický, charakteristický</b>	having all the qualities you expect a particular person, object, place, etc. to have	<i>It wasn't a typical restaurant.</i>
<b>unemployed</b>	ˌʌn.ɪm'plɔɪd	adjective	<b>nezamestnaný</b>	not having a job	<i>I'm unemployed.</i>
<b>university</b>	ˌjuː.nɪ'vɜːsə.ti	noun	<b>univerzita</b>	a place where students study at a high level to get a degree (= type of qualification)	<i>I go to university.</i>
<b>video game</b>	'vɪd.i.əʊ geɪm	noun	<b>videohra</b>	a game in which you make pictures move on a screen	<i>I play video games.</i>
<b>weekend</b>	ˌwi:k'end	noun	<b>víkend</b>	Saturday and Sunday, the two days in the week when many people do not work	<i>I work at the weekends.</i>
<b>what</b>	wɒt	determiner	<b>čo</b>	used to ask for information about something	<i>What is he writing at the moment?</i>
<b>when</b>	wen	adverb	<b>kedy</b>	used to ask at what time something happened or will happen	<i>When did he make his first TV series?</i>
<b>where</b>	weə	adverb	<b>kde</b>	used to ask about the place or position of someone or something	<i>Where do you live?</i>
<b>which</b>	wɪtʃ	pronoun	<b>ktorý</b>	used to ask or talk about a choice between two or more things	<i>Which other languages can you speak?</i>
<b>who</b>	huː	pronoun	<b>kto</b>	used to ask about someone's name or which person or group someone is talking about	<i>Who did he make lunch for in 1999?</i>
<b>why</b>	waɪ	adverb	<b>prečo</b>	used to ask or talk about the reasons for something	<i>Why are you studying English?</i>
<b>work (for)</b>	wɜ:k (fə)	verb	<b>pracovať (pre)</b>	to do a job, especially the job you do to earn money	<i>I work for a big company.</i>

## Lesson 1B

<b>advertising (agency)</b>	'æd.və.taɪ.zɪŋ ('eɪ.dʒən.si)	noun	<b>reklamná agentúra</b>	the business of trying to persuade people to buy products or services	<i>Luke Anderson works for an advertising agency.</i>
<b>agency</b>	'eɪ.dʒən.si	noun	<b>agentúra</b>	a business that provides a service	<i>Luke Anderson works for an advertising agency.</i>
<b>airline</b>	'eə.laɪn	noun	<b>letecká spoločnosť</b>	a company that provides regular flights to places	<i>I work for an airline.</i>
<b>cheap</b>	tʃi:p	adjective	<b>lacný</b>	not expensive, or costing less than usual	<i>You can get really cheap flights if you buy them in advance.</i>
<b>commute</b>	kə'mju:t	verb	<b>pravidel'ne dochádzať do práce</b>	to regularly travel between work and home	<i>He commutes all the way from Poland.</i>
<b>commuter</b>	kə'mju:tə	noun	<b>ten kto dochádza pravidel'ne do práce</b>	someone who regularly travels between work and home	<i>About 50% of the people on the Paris to London train are commuters.</i>
<b>disabled</b>	dɪ'seɪ.b(ə)ld	adjective	<b>zdravotne postihnutý, znevýhodnený</b>	having an illness, injury, or condition that makes it difficult to do the things that other people do	<i>I work with disabled people.</i>
<b>engineering</b>	ˌen.dʒɪ'nɪər.ɪŋ	noun	<b>inžinierstvo</b>	the work of an engineer, or the study of this work	<i>I work for an engineering company.</i>
<b>factory</b>	'fæktəri	noun	<b>továreň</b>	a building or group of buildings where large amounts of products are made or put together	<i>I work in a factory.</i>
<b>fashion (company)</b>	'fæʃ.ən (ˌkʌm.pə.ni)	noun	<b>módna firma</b>	making and selling clothes	<i>Sarah works for a fashion company.</i>

<b>How far...?</b>	haʊ fa:	phrase	<b>ako ďaleko...?</b>	used to talk about how distant something is	<i>How far is it from your home?</i>
<b>in advance</b>	ɪn əd'vɑ:n(t)s	phrase	<b>vopred</b>	before a particular time	<i>You can get really cheap flights if you buy them in advance.</i>
<b>journey</b>	'dʒɜ:.ni	noun	<b>cesta</b>	when you travel from one place to another	<i>a half-hour train journey</i>
<b>lawyer</b>	'bɔɪ.ə	noun	<b>právník / právnička</b>	someone whose job is to understand the law and deal with legal situations	<i>Gary Watson is a lawyer for an American multinational.</i>
<b>multinational</b>	ˌmʌl.tɪ'næʃ.ən.əl	noun	<b>nadnárodná spoločnosť</b>	a large company that produces goods or services in several countries	<i>I work for a multinational.</i>
<b>office</b>	'ɒf.ɪs	noun	<b>kancelária</b>	a room or building where people work	<i>I work in an office.</i>
<b>restaurant</b>	'res.trɒnt	noun	<b>reštaurácia</b>	a place where you can buy and eat a meal	<i>I work in a restaurant.</i>
<b>return</b>	rɪ'tɜ:n	noun	<b>vrátiť sa, vracat' sa</b>	when someone goes or comes back to a place where they were before	<i>a return flight</i>
<b>screen</b>	skri:n	noun	<b>obrazovka</b>	the part of a television or computer which shows images or writing	<i>The series returns to our screens this week.</i>
<b>teenager</b>	'ti:n.eɪ.dʒə	noun	<b>teenager</b>	someone who is between 13 and 19 years old	<i>I work with teenagers.</i>
<b>traffic jam</b>	'træf.ɪk dʒɑ:m	noun	<b>dopravná záпча</b>	a line of cars, trucks, etc that are moving slowly or not moving at all	<i>People can sit in traffic jams for seven hours a day.</i>
<b>volunteer</b>	ˌvɒl.ən'tiə	noun	<b>dobrovoľník / dobrovoľníčka</b>	someone who does work without being paid, especially work that involves helping people	<i>I work with volunteers.</i>

## Lesson 1C

<b>always</b>	'ɔ:l.weɪz	adverb	<b>vždy</b>	every time, or at all times	<i>My parents are always on holiday in January.</i>
<b>art</b>	ɑ:t	noun	<b>umenie</b>	the making or study of paintings, drawings, etc or the objects created	<i>I go to an art gallery two or three times a year.</i>
<b>average</b>	'æv.ər.ɪdʒ	adjective	<b>priemerný, priemer</b>	usual and like the most common type	<i>How much time does the average British person spend online?</i>
<b>basketball</b>	'bɑ:skɒt.bɔ:l	noun	<b>basketbal</b>	a game in which two teams try to win points by throwing a ball through a high net	<i>We occasionally play basketball at the weekend.</i>
<b>cards</b>	kɑ:dz	phrase	<b>karty</b>	any of a range of games played with cards, such as poker, whist and bridge	<i>We occasionally play cards at the weekend.</i>
<b>chess</b>	tʃes	noun	<b>šachy</b>	a game that two people play by moving differently shaped pieces around a board of black and white squares	<i>We occasionally play chess at the weekend.</i>
<b>couple (of weeks)</b>	'kʌp.(ə)l (əv wɪks)	noun	<b>pár, dva (týždne)</b>	two or a few	<i>Carly goes diving every couple of weeks.</i>
<b>cycling</b>	'saɪ.klɪŋ	noun	<b>bicyklovanie</b>	the activity of riding a bicycle	<i>I sometimes go cycling on Sundays.</i>
<b>destination</b>	ˌdes.tɪ'neɪ.ʃən	noun	<b>destinácia</b>	the place where someone or something is going	<i>What is the most popular holiday destination?</i>
<b>diving</b>	'daɪv.ɪŋ	noun	<b>potápanie</b>	the activity or sport of swimming under water, usually using special breathing equipment	<i>I sometimes go diving on Sundays.</i>
<b>festival</b>	'fes.tɪ.vəl	noun	<b>festival</b>	a series of special events, performances, etc that often takes place over several days	<i>We go to a festival at least once a year.</i>
<b>fish and chips</b>	ˌfɪʃ ən 'tʃɪps	noun	<b>smažená ryba s hranolkami</b>	fish covered with batter a mixture of flour, eggs and milk and then fried and served with pieces of fried potato	<i>a traditional fish and chip shop</i>
<b>free time</b>	'fri: ˌtaɪm	noun	<b>voľný čas</b>	a period of time when you are not busy doing anything	<i>How do people in the UK spend their free time?</i>

<b>gallery</b>	'gæl.ər.i	<i>noun</i>	<b>galéria</b>	a room or building that is used for showing paintings and other art to the public	<i>I go to an art gallery two or three times a year.</i>
<b>generally</b>	'dʒen.ər.ə.li	<i>adverb</i>	<b>obvykle, spravidla</b>	usually, or in most situations	<i>We generally do yoga twice a week.</i>
<b>gig</b>	ɡɪɡ	<i>noun</i>	<b>koncert</b>	a performance of pop or rock music	<i>We go to a gig at least once a year.</i>
<b>gym</b>	dʒɪm	<i>noun</i>	<b>telocvična, posilovňa</b>	a building with equipment for doing exercises	<i>I sometimes go to the gym on Sundays.</i>
<b>gymnastics</b>	dʒɪm'næs.tɪks	<i>noun</i>	<b>gymnastika</b>	a sport in which you do physical exercises on the floor and on different pieces of equipment, often in competitions	<i>We normally do gymnastics twice a week.</i>
<b>habit</b>	'hæb.ɪt	<i>noun</i>	<b>zvyk</b>	something that you do regularly, almost without thinking about it	<i>a survey on shopping habits</i>
<b>hardly ever</b>	ˌhɑːd.li 'ev.ə	<i>phrase</i>	<b>takmer vždy</b>	almost never	<i>I hardly ever go to the gym on Sundays.</i>
<b>holiday</b>	'hɒl.ə.deɪ	<i>noun</i>	<b>dovolenka, prázdniny</b>	a long visit to a place away from where you live, for pleasure	<i>What is the most popular holiday destination?</i>
<b>judo</b>	'dʒuː.dəʊ	<i>noun</i>	<b>džudo</b>	a sport from Japan in which two people try to throw each other to the ground	<i>We normally do judo twice a week.</i>
<b>mountain biking</b>	'maʊn.tɪn 'baɪk.ɪŋ	<i>noun</i>	<b>horská cyklistika</b>	the activity of riding a bicycle with thick tyres and a lot of gears on hills and rough ground	<i>I sometimes go mountain biking on Sundays.</i>
<b>museum</b>	mjuː'ziː.əm	<i>noun</i>	<b>múzeum</b>	a building where you can look at important objects connected with art, history, or science	<i>I sometimes go to a museum on Sundays.</i>
<b>never</b>	'nev.ə	<i>adverb</i>	<b>nikdy</b>	not ever, not one time	<i>I never go to the gym on Sundays.</i>
<b>normally</b>	'nɔː.mə.li	<i>adverb</i>	<b>normálne</b>	usually	<i>We normally do yoga twice a week.</i>
<b>occasionally</b>	ə'keɪ.ʒən.(ə)li	<i>adverb</i>	<b>príležitostne</b>	not often	<i>We occasionally play table tennis at the weekend.</i>
<b>often</b>	'ɒf.(t)ən	<i>adverb</i>	<b>často</b>	many times or regularly	<i>I often go to the gym on Sundays.</i>
<b>once</b>	wʌns	<i>adverb</i>	<b>raz</b>	one time	<i>I go to the dentist once every six months.</i>
<b>Pilates</b>	ˌpɪ'lɑː.tiːz	<i>noun</i>	<b>pilates</b>	a system of physical exercise involving controlled movements, stretching and breathing	<i>We normally do pilates twice a week.</i>
<b>popular</b>	'pɒp.jʊ.lə	<i>adjective</i>	<b>populárny</b>	liked by many people	<i>What is the most popular holiday destination?</i>
<b>result</b>	rɪ'zʌlt	<i>noun</i>	<b>výsledok</b>	information that you get from something such as an exam, a scientific experiment, or a medical test	<i>Here are some of the results from the survey.</i>
<b>running</b>	'rʌn.ɪŋ	<i>noun</i>	<b>beh, behanie</b>	the sport of moving on your feet at a speed faster than walking	<i>I sometimes go running on Sundays.</i>
<b>site</b>	sɑɪt	<i>noun</i>	<b>stránky (internetové)</b>	short for website an area on the Internet where information about a particular subject, organization, etc can be found	<i>They spend a lot of time online on social networking sites like Facebook.</i>
<b>skateboarding</b>	'skeɪt.bɔːd.ɪŋ	<i>noun</i>	<b>skateboarding</b>	the activity of moving using a skateboard	<i>I sometimes go skateboarding on Sundays.</i>
<b>social networking site</b>	'səʊ.ʃəl 'net.wɜːk.ɪŋ sɑɪt	<i>noun</i>	<b>sociálna sieť</b>	a website that allows you to communicate and share information with your friends	<i>They spend a lot of time online on social networking sites like Facebook.</i>
<b>socialise</b>	'səʊ.ʃəl.aɪz	<i>verb</i>	<b>chodiť do spoločnosti</b>	to spend time enjoying yourself with other people	<i>The British are always happy when they're socialising.</i>
<b>sometimes</b>	'sʌm.taɪmz	<i>adverb</i>	<b>niekedy</b>	on some occasions but not always or often	<i>I sometimes go to the gym on Sundays.</i>
<b>survey</b>	'sɜːveɪ	<i>noun</i>	<b>prieskum, anketa</b>	an examination of people's opinions or behaviour made by asking people questions	<i>We're doing a survey on the free time habits of British people.</i>

<b>table tennis</b>	'teɪ.b(ə)l 'ten.ɪs	<i>noun</i>	<b>stolný tenis</b>	a game in which two or four people hit a small ball over a low net on a large table	<i>We occasionally play table tennis at the weekend.</i>
<b>theatre</b>	'θɪə.tə	<i>noun</i>	<b>divadlo</b>	a building with a stage where people go to watch plays	<i>I go to the theatre two or three times a year.</i>
<b>time</b>	taɪm	<i>noun</i>	<b>čas, doba</b>	an occasion when something happens	<i>I go to an art gallery two or three times a year.</i>
<b>traditional</b>	trə'dɪʃ.ən.əl	<i>adjective</i>	<b>tradičný</b>	following the customs or ways of behaving that have continued in a group of people or society for a long time	<i>a traditional fish and chip shop</i>
<b>twice</b>	twɑɪs	<i>adverb</i>	<b>dvakrát</b>	two times	<i>We generally do yoga twice a week.</i>
<b>usually</b>	'juː.ʒə.li	<i>adverb</i>	<b>obvykle</b>	in the way that most often happens	<i>We usually do yoga twice a week.</i>
<b>volleyball</b>	'vɒl.i.bɔːl	<i>noun</i>	<b>volejbal</b>	a game in which two teams use their hands to hit a ball over a net without allowing it to touch the ground	<i>We occasionally play volleyball at the weekend.</i>
<b>yoga</b>	'jəʊ.gə	<i>noun</i>	<b>jóga</b>	a set of exercises for the mind and body, based on the Hindu religion	<i>We normally do yoga twice a week.</i>

## Lesson 1D

<b>boss</b>	bɒs	<i>noun</i>	<b>šéf</b>	someone who is responsible for employees and tells them what to do	<i>He's Carol's boss.</i>
<b>business card</b>	'bɪz.nɪs ,kɑːd	<i>noun</i>	<b>vizitka</b>	a small card that has your name, company name, and the job you do printed on it	<i>Who gives someone a business card?</i>
<b>get together</b>	.get tə.'geð.ə	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>zísť sa</b>	to meet in order to do something or spend time together	<i>We should get together sometime.</i>
<b>manager</b>	'mæn.ɪ.dʒə	<i>noun</i>	<b>manažér</b>	someone in control of an office, shop, team, etc.	<i>I'm a restaurant manager.</i>
<b>next door</b>	nekst dɔː	<i>adjective</i>	<b>vedľa</b>	in the next room, house, or building	<i>I live next door.</i>
<b>receptionist</b>	rɪ'sep.ʃən.ɪst	<i>noun</i>	<b>recepčný</b>	someone who works in a hotel or office building, answering the telephone and dealing with guests	<i>I'm the new receptionist.</i>
<b>recording studio</b>	rɪ'kɔː.dɪŋ 'stjuː.di.əʊ	<i>noun</i>	<b>nahrávacie štúdio</b>	a room with special equipment where television or radio programmes or music recordings are made	<i>Matt and I work at the same recording studio.</i>
<b>whereabouts</b>	,weə.rə'baʊts	<i>adverb</i>	<b>miesto kde sa niekto/niečo nachádza</b>	used to ask in what place or area someone or something is	<i>Whereabouts in Spain?</i>

## Lesson 2A

<b>1900</b>	,naɪn'tiːn 'hʌn.drəd	<i>noun</i>	<b>1900</b>	the year nineteen hundred	<i>In 1900 there were about 3,000 cars in France.</i>
<b>ago</b>	ə'gəʊ	<i>adverb</i>	<b>pred istou dobou</b>	back in the past; back in time from the present	<i>eighty years ago</i>
<b>became</b>	bɪ'keɪm	<i>verb</i>	<b>minulý čas slovesa stať sa</b>	past simple of become	<i>He became the manager of a service station.</i>
<b>before</b>	bɪ'fɔː	<i>adverb</i>	<b>pred (nejakým časom)</b>	at an earlier time, or on a previous occasion	<i>I went to a fast food restaurant the day before yesterday.</i>
<b>bought</b>	bɔːt	<i>verb</i>	<b>minulý čas od slovesa kúpiť</b>	past simple and past participle of buy	<i>PepsiCo bought KFC for \$840 million.</i>
<b>came</b>	keɪm	<i>verb</i>	<b>minulý čas od slovesa prísť</b>	past simple of come	<i>People came only for the food.</i>
<b>century</b>	'sen.tʃə.ri	<i>noun</i>	<b>storočie</b>	a period of 100 years, especially used in giving dates	<i>in the nineteenth century</i>
<b>chicken</b>	'tʃɪk.ɪn	<i>noun</i>	<b>kura</b>	the meat of a chicken	<i>The secret chicken recipe made him famous.</i>

<b>continued</b>	kən'tɪnju:d	verb	<b>pretrvávajúci, stály</b>	still happening, existing, or done	<i>He continued to work as KFC's public spokesman.</i>
<b>customer</b>	'kʌs.tə.mə	noun	<b>zákazník</b>	a person or organization that buys goods or services from a shop or business	<i>He moved to a bigger restaurant where he could serve all his customers.</i>
<b>decide</b>	dɪ'saɪd	verb	<b>rozhodnúť, rozhodovať sa</b>	to choose something after thinking about several possibilities	<i>He decided to move to a restaurant across the street.</i>
<b>develop</b>	dɪ'vel.əp	verb	<b>vyvinúť, vytvorit'</b>	to grow or change and become more advanced, or to make someone or something do this	<i>He developed his secret recipe.</i>
<b>die</b>	daɪ	verb	<b>zomrieť</b>	to stop living	<i>His father died.</i>
<b>evening</b>	'i:v.nɪŋ	noun	<b>večer</b>	the part of the day between the afternoon and the night	<i>I went to a fast food restaurant yesterday evening.</i>
<b>guide book</b>	'gaɪd.bʊk	noun	<b>sprievodca (kniha)</b>	a book that gives visitors information about a particular place	<i>Michelin now sells 20 million guide books and maps.</i>
<b>had</b>	hæd / həd	verb	<b>minulý čas slovesa mať</b>	past of have	<i>He had a lot of different jobs</i>
<b>hungry</b>	'hʌŋ.gri	adjective	<b>hladný</b>	wanting or needing food	<i>He started cooking for hungry travellers.</i>
<b>last</b>	lɑ:st	determiner	<b>posledný</b>	the most recent	<i>My special meal was for my birthday last month.</i>
<b>make someone famous</b>	meɪk 'sʌm.wʌn 'feɪ.məs	phrase	<b>urobiť niekoho slávnym, presláviť niekoho</b>	cause someone or something to become famous	<i>The secret chicken recipe made him famous.</i>
<b>map</b>	mæp	noun	<b>mapa</b>	a picture that shows where countries, towns, roads, rivers, etc. are	<i>People didn't have road maps.</i>
<b>nearby</b>	ˌniə'baɪ	adjective	<b>blízko, nablízku</b>	not far away	<i>He worked on a nearby farm.</i>
<b>need</b>	ni:d	noun	<b>potreba, nutnosť</b>	something that is necessary to have or do	<i>She needed to find a job.</i>
<b>nineteenth</b>	ˌnaɪn'ti:ntθ	ordinal number	<b>devätnásty</b>	19th written as a word	<i>in the nineteenth century</i>
<b>official</b>	ə'fɪʃ.əl	adjective	<b>oficiálny</b>	approved by the government or someone in authority	<i>The first official Kentucky Fried Restaurant opened in 1952.</i>
<b>public</b>	'pʌb.lɪk	adjective	<b>verejný</b>	relating to or involving people in general, rather than being limited to a particular group of people	<i>He continued to work as KFC's public spokesman.</i>
<b>secret</b>	'si:k.rət	adjective	<b>tajný</b>	If something is secret, other people are not allowed to know about it.	<i>He developed his secret recipe.</i>
<b>serve (someone)</b>	sɜ:v ('sʌm.wʌn)	verb	<b>obslúžiť, obsluhovať</b>	to give someone food or drink, especially guests or customers in a restaurant or bar	<i>Harland couldn't serve everybody.</i>
<b>service station</b>	'sɜ:vɪs 'steɪʃən	noun	<b>čerpacia stanica</b>	a place at the side of a road where you can buy fuel for cars, and food	<i>He became the manager of a service station.</i>
<b>shirt</b>	ʃɜ:t	noun	<b>košeľa</b>	a piece of clothing worn on the top part of the body, often made of thin material like cotton and fastened with buttons down the front	<i>She went to work in a shirt factory.</i>
<b>sixties</b>	'sɪk.stɪz	noun plural	<b>šesťdesiate roky</b>	the period of years between 60 and 69 in any century	<i>in the sixties</i>
<b>sold</b>	səʊld	verb	<b>minulý čas a minulé prídavné slovesa predať</b>	past simple and past participle of sell	<i>He sold the KFC company.</i>
<b>spokesman</b>	'spəʊks.mən	noun	<b>hovorca</b>	someone who is chosen by a group or organization to speak officially to the public for them	<i>He continued to work as KFC's public spokesman.</i>
<b>star</b>	stɑ:	noun	<b>hviezda</b>	a symbol which shows the quality of a hotel or restaurant	<i>There are only 81 three-star restaurants in the world.</i>
<b>start</b>	stɑ:t	verb	<b>založiť, začať</b>	if you start a company, you make it begin to exist.	<i>André and Edouard Michelin started the Michelin company in France.</i>



stay	steɪ	verb	zostať	to continue to be in a place, job, etc and not leave	Harland stayed at home to look after his younger brother and sister.
stop	stɒp	verb	zastaviť, prerušiť	to stop a journey or an activity for a short time	Hungry travellers stopped at the service station.
traveller	'træv.əl.ə	noun	cestovateľ/ka	someone who is travelling or who often travels	He started cooking for hungry travellers.
tyre	taɪə	noun	pneumatika	a thick, round piece of rubber filled with air, that fits around a wheel	They developed a new tyre for bicycles.
visit	'vɪz.ɪt	verb	navštíviť, nasledovať	to go to a place and spend a short amount of time there	He visited restaurants all over the world.
week	wi:k	noun	týždeň	a period of seven days	I went to a fast food restaurant last week.
yesterday	'jes.tə.deɪ	noun	včera	the day before today	I went to a fast food restaurant yesterday evening.

## Lesson 2B

(get) divorced	(get) dr'vɔ:st	adjective	rozviesť sa	married before but not married now	When did they get divorced?
(get) engaged	(get) ɪn'geɪdʒd	adjective	zasnúbiť sa	If two people are engaged, they have formally agreed to marry each other.	When did they get engaged?
(go on a) date	(gəʊ ,ɒn ə) deɪt	noun	ísť na rande	a romantic meeting when two people go out somewhere, such as to a restaurant or to see a film	Where did they go on their first date?
ask (somebody) out	ɑ:sk ('sʌm.bə.di) aʊt	phrasal verb	pozvať (niekoho) von	to invite someone to come with you to a place such as the cinema or a restaurant, especially as a way of starting a romantic relationship	Did you ask her out?
at first sight	ət 'fɜ:st ,saɪt	phrase	na prvý pohľad	when you first see or hear about something or someone	Was it love at first sight?
break up (with someone)	'breɪk ʌp (wɪð 'sʌm.wʌn)	phrasal verb	rozísť sa (s niekým)	If people break up, they stop having a relationship or stop working together.	When did they break up?
fall in love	,fɔ:l ɪn 'lʌv	idiom	zamilovať sa	to be very attracted to someone and begin to love them	When did they fall in love?
get married	get 'mæ.rɪd	phrase	vziať sa, zosobášiť sa	to begin a legal relationship with someone as their husband or wife	How long did they go out together before they got married?
go out (with someone)	,gəʊ 'aʊt	phrasal verb	chodiť (s niekým)	If two people go out together, they have a romantic relationship with each other.	How long did they go out together before they got married?
improve	ɪm'pru:v	verb	vylepšiť	to get better or to make something better	Claire wanted to improve her English.
invite	ɪn'vaɪt	verb	pozvať	to ask someone to come to a social event	I invited him in for coffee.
love	lʌv	noun	láska	when you like someone very much and have romantic or sexual feelings for them	Was it love at first sight?
meet	mi:t	verb	zoznámiť sa, stretnúť sa	to see and speak to someone for the first time	We first met when she was renting a room in my sister's flat.
nervous	'nɜ:vəs	adjective	nervózný	worried and anxious	Were you nervous?
offer	'ɒf.ə	verb	ponúknuť	to ask someone if they would like something	He offered me his umbrella.
practise	'præktɪs	verb	precvičovať, trénovať	to repeat something regularly in order to improve your ability	I want to practise my French.
rent	rent	verb	prenajať (si)	to pay money to live in a building that someone else owns	We first met when she was renting a room in my sister's flat.
romantic	rəʊ'mæn.tɪk	adjective	romantický	relating to exciting feelings of love	very romantic

shy	ʃaɪ	adjective	nesmelý, plachý	not confident, especially about meeting or talking to new people	<i>I was too shy.</i>
straight	streɪt	adverb	hned', přímo	immediately	<i>I went straight home.</i>
summer	'sʌm.ə	noun	leto	the season of the year between spring and autumn, when the weather is warmest	<i>She was working in the shop for the summer.</i>
umbrella	ʌm'breɪ.lə	noun	dáždnik	a thing that you hold above your head to keep yourself dry when it is raining	<i>He offered me his umbrella.</i>

## Lesson 2C

accident	'æk.sɪ.dənt	noun	nehoda	something bad which happens that is not intended and which causes injury or damage	<i>The restaurant owner died in a shooting accident.</i>
amazed	ə'meɪzd	adjective	ohromený, užasnutý	extremely surprised	<i>He was amazed to see his own handwritten notes.</i>
amazing	ə'meɪ.zɪŋ	adjective	úžasný, ohromný	very surprising	<i>They began talking and discovered some amazing coincidences.</i>
because	bɪ'kɔːz	conjunction	pretože	used to give a reason for something	<i>Feifer didn't have his personal copy of the book because a friend lost it.</i>
coincidence	kəʊ'ɪn.sɪ.dəns	noun	zhoda okolností	when two very similar things happen at the same time but there is no reason for it	<i>Some coincidences are really incredible.</i>
connected	kə'nektɪd	adjective	spojený	If people or things are connected, there is a relationship between them.	<i>That was the first extraordinary coincidence connected to the book.</i>
copy	'kɒ.pi	noun	kópia, výtlačok	a single book, newspaper, etc. of which many have been produced	<i>He went to London to get a copy of the book.</i>
drown	draʊn	verb	(u)topit' sa	to die because you are under water and cannot breathe, or to kill someone in this way	<i>Hugh Williams didn't drown when the boat sank.</i>
extraordinary	ɪk'strɔː.dən.əri	adjective	mimoriadny	very special, unusual, or strange	<i>The next extraordinary coincidence in this story happened on 10th July.</i>
filming	'fɪl.mɪŋ	noun	filmovanie	the activity of making a film	<i>They were filming in Vienna.</i>
handwritten	,hænd'raɪ.tən	adjective	písaný rukou	written with a pen or pencil	<i>Inside the book there were lots of handwritten notes.</i>
incredible	ɪn'kred.ɪ.bəl	adjective	neuveriteľný	too strange to be believed	<i>Some coincidences are really incredible.</i>
notes	nəʊts	noun	poznámky	information written on paper	<i>He was amazed to see his own handwritten notes.</i>
owner	'əʊ.nə	noun	vlastník, majitel'	someone who legally owns something	<i>The king and the restaurant owner were talking.</i>
personal	'pɜː.sən.əl	adjective	osobný	relating to or belonging to a particular person	<i>The book was Feifer's personal copy.</i>
save	seɪv	verb	zachrániť	to stop someone or something from being killed or destroyed	<i>Alice Blaise saved a four-year-old child from drowning.</i>
shot (past: shoot)	ʃɒt	verb	(za)strelit'	to injure or kill a person or animal by firing a bullet from a gun at them	<i>A man shot and killed the king.</i>
sink (past: sank)	sɪŋk	verb	potopiť sa	to go down or make something go down below the surface of water and not come back up	<i>A boat sank near Dover.</i>
so	səʊ	conjunction	tak, takže	used to say that something is the reason why something else happens	<i>Hopkins wanted to read the book so he went to London to buy a copy.</i>
strange	streɪndʒ	adjective	divný	If something is strange, it is surprising because it is unusual or unexpected.	<i>Many of us experience strange coincidences sometimes.</i>
survivor	sə'vaɪ.və	noun	ten kto prežije	someone who continues to live after almost dying because of an accident, illness, etc.	<i>There was just one survivor.</i>

<b>unbelievable</b>	ˌʌn.bi'li:və.b(ə)l	adjective	<b>neuveriteľný</b>	not probable and difficult to believe	<i>An unbelievable coincidence happened on a beach.</i>
<b>unexpected</b>	ˌʌn.ɪk'spek.tɪd	adjective	<b>nečakaný, neočakávaný</b>	Something that is unexpected surprises you because you did not know it was going to happen.	<i>We might meet people we know in the most unexpected places.</i>
<b>unfortunate</b>	ˌʌn'fɔː.tʃən.ət	adjective	<b>nešťastný (náhoda)</b>	unlucky	<i>There was one last unfortunate coincidence.</i>
<b>until</b>	ən'tɪl	conjunction	<b>pokiaľ, do nejakého času</b>	continuing to happen before a particular time or event and then stopping	<i>Hopkins didn't have a copy of the book until he found one.</i>
<b>while</b>	'waɪl	conjunction	<b>zatiaľ</b>	during the time that	<i>While he was waiting for his train home, he saw a book.</i>

## Lesson 2D

<b>a bit</b>	ə 'bɪt	phrase	<b>trochu</b>	slightly	<i>I'm a bit nervous.</i>
<b>burger</b>	'bɜː.gə	noun	<b>burger</b>	a flat, round piece of food, usually made of meat, that is fried and served between pieces of bread	<i>Perhaps she'll have a burger with you.</i>
<b>dating</b>	'deɪ.tɪŋ	noun	<b>chodenie (s niekým)</b>	when you regularly spend time with someone you have a romantic relationship with	<i>Is internet dating popular in your country?</i>
<b>definitely</b>	'def.ɪ.nət.li	adverb	<b>rozhodne, určite</b>	without any doubt	<i>Is she definitely looking for a husband?</i>
<b>friendship</b>	'frend.ʃɪp	noun	<b>priateľstvo</b>	when two people are friends	<i>looking for friendship</i>
<b>get up</b>	.get 'ʌp	phrasal verb	<b>vstať, vstávať</b>	to wake up and get out of bed, or to make someone do this	<i>I hate getting up early.</i>
<b>have something in common</b>	hæv 'sʌm.θɪŋ ɪn 'kɒm.ən	phrase	<b>mať niečo spoločné</b>	to share interests, experiences, or other characteristics with someone or something	<i>That's one thing we have in common.</i>
<b>internet</b>	'ɪn.tə.net	noun	<b>internet</b>	the large system of connected computers around the world which allows people to share information and communicate with each other using email	<i>Is internet dating popular in your country?</i>
<b>internet dating</b>	'ɪn.tə.net 'deɪ.tɪŋ	noun	<b>internetová zoznamka</b>	a way to meet people for possible romantic relationships, in which you look at descriptions of people on a website and arrange to meet them if you like them	<i>Is internet dating popular in your country?</i>
<b>look after someone/something</b>	lʊk 'ɑːftə 'sʌm.wʌn / 'sʌm.θɪŋ	phrasal verb	<b>starat' sa o niekoho/niečo</b>	to take care of someone or something by keeping them healthy or in a good condition	<i>I was looking after my sister's children.</i>
<b>match</b>	mætʃ	noun	<b>zápas</b>	a sports competition in which two people or teams compete against each other	<i>a judo match</i>
<b>prefer</b>	pri'fɜː	verb	<b>preferovať</b>	to like someone or something more than another person or thing	<i>I prefer animals.</i>
<b>share</b>	ʃeə	verb	<b>zdieľať</b>	to divide something between two or more people	<i>I would like to share my life with someone special.</i>
<b>special</b>	'speʃ.əl	adjective	<b>výnimočný</b>	better or more important than usual things	<i>I would like to share my life with someone special.</i>
<b>sporty</b>	'spɔː.ti	adjective	<b>športový</b>	Sporty people are good at sports.	<i>I'm quite sporty.</i>
<b>status</b>	'steɪ.təs	noun	<b>stav</b>	the position that you have in relation to other people because of your job or social position	<i>Relationship status: Single</i>
<b>tennis</b>	'ten.ɪs	noun	<b>tenis</b>	a sport in which two or four people hit a small ball to each other over a net	<i>I love tennis.</i>
<b>vegetarian</b>	ˌvedʒ.ɪ'teə.ri.ən	noun	<b>vegetarián/ka</b>	someone who does not eat meat or fish	<i>I'm a vegetarian.</i>

## Lesson 3A

<b>(a) lot</b>	(ə) lɒt	noun	veľa	a large number or amount of people or things	<i>It's a lot of work.</i>
<b>(in) pair(s)</b>	(ɪn) peəz	noun	vo dvojici	two people who are doing something together	<i>We have to work in pairs and take turns.</i>
<b>(job) security</b>	(dʒɒb) sɪ'kjʊə.rə.ti	noun	zabezpečenie, istota práce	when something is not likely to fail or be lost	<i>I'd like to have a job with job security.</i>
<b>ambulance</b>	'æm.bjʊ.ləns	noun	sanitka	a vehicle that takes people to hospital when they are ill or hurt	<i>call an ambulance</i>
<b>aspirin</b>	'æs.pɪ.rɪn	noun	aspirin	a common drug used to reduce pain and fever	<i>take an aspirin</i>
<b>body</b>	'bɒd.i	noun	telo	the whole physical structure of a person or animal	<i>You have to know everything about the human body.</i>
<b>bone</b>	bəʊn	noun	kosť	one of the hard pieces that make the structure inside a person or animal	<i>A paramedic has to learn the names of all the different bones in the body.</i>
<b>calm</b>	kɑ:m	adjective	kl'udný	relaxed and not worried, frightened, or excited	<i>We have to stay calm in an emergency.</i>
<b>colleague</b>	'kɒl.i:g	noun	kolega/kolegyňa	someone that you work with	<i>In my job now, I have friendly colleagues.</i>
<b>company car</b>	'kʌm.pə.ni ,kɑ:	noun	firemné auto	a car owned by a company or other organization which is used by an employee for his or her work	<i>I'd like to have a job with a company car.</i>
<b>conference</b>	'kɒn.fər.əns	noun	konferencia	a large, formal meeting, often lasting a few days, where people discuss their work, politics, subjects they are studying, etc.	<i>I work at international conferences.</i>
<b>course</b>	kɔ:s	noun	kurz	a series of lessons about a particular subject	<i>I had to do a special course.</i>
<b>decision</b>	dɪ'sɪʒ.ən	noun	rozhodnutie	a choice that you make about something after thinking about several possibilities	<i>People never remember the good decisions.</i>
<b>driver</b>	'draɪ.və	noun	vodič/ka	someone who drives a vehicle	<i>We have to be excellent drivers.</i>
<b>emergency</b>	ɪ'mɜ:.dʒə.n.si	noun	naliehavá situácia	a serious or dangerous situation that needs immediate action	<i>About 8 out of every 10 phone calls we get aren't emergencies.</i>
<b>exam</b>	ɪg'zæm	noun	skúška	an official test of how much you know about something, or how well you can do something	<i>We have to do practical and written exams.</i>
<b>excellent</b>	'eks.əl.ənt	adjective	vynikajúci	very good, or of a very high quality	<i>We have to be excellent drivers.</i>
<b>fall (off)</b>	fɔ:l (ɒf)	verb	spadnúť (od niekiaľ), padat'	to move down towards the ground	<i>A man fell off a roof.</i>
<b>fit</b>	fit	adjective	fit, v dobrej fyzickej forme	healthy, especially because you exercise regularly	<i>Does he have to be fit?</i>
<b>flexible (working hours)</b>	'fleks.ɪ.bəl ('wɜ:kɪŋ əʊəz)	adjective	flexibilný (pracovný čas)	able to change or be changed easily according to the situation	<i>I'd like to have a job with flexible working hours.</i>
<b>foreign</b>	'fɔr.ən	adjective	cudzí, zahraničný	relating to or dealing with countries that are not your own	<i>You usually have to speak two or more foreign languages.</i>
<b>friendly</b>	'frend.li	adjective	priateľský	behaving in a pleasant, kind way towards someone	<i>In my job now, I have friendly colleagues.</i>
<b>holiday</b>	'hɒl.ə.deɪ	noun	dovolenka, prázdniny	a time when you do not have to go to work or school	<i>I'd like to have a job with long holidays.</i>
<b>holiday pay</b>	'hɒl.ə.deɪ peɪ	noun	platená dovolenka	money given by an employer to someone who isn't working because they are on holiday	<i>In my job now, I have holiday pay.</i>
<b>interpret</b>	ɪn'tɜ:.prɪt	verb	(pre)tľmočiť	to change what someone has said into another language	<i>I can interpret six different languages.</i>

law	lɔ:	noun	právo, zákon	a rule, usually made by a government, that is used to order the way in which a society behaves, or the whole system of such rules	<i>A referee has to know everything about the laws of the game.</i>
microphone	'maɪ.krə.fəʊn	noun	mikrofón	a piece of electrical equipment for recording or broadcasting sounds, or for making sounds louder	<i>People forget to turn on their microphones.</i>
on-the-job (training)	ˌɒn ðə ˌdʒɒb 'treɪnɪŋ	adjective	vzdelávací program (tréning) pre zamestnancov	on-the-job training happens while you are at work	<i>In my job now, I have on-the-job training.</i>
opportunity	ˌɒp.ə'tjuː.nə.ti	noun	príležitosť	a situation in which it is possible for you to do something, or a possibility of doing something	<i>I'd like to have a job with opportunities for travel.</i>
own	əʊn	adjective	vlastný, vlastne	belonging to or done by a particular person or thing	<i>I'd like to have a job with my own office.</i>
practical	'prækt.tɪ.kəl	adjective	praktická skúška	a lesson or examination in which you do or make something instead of only writing	<i>We have to do practical and written exams.</i>
promotion	prə'məʊ.ʃən	noun	povýšenie	when someone is given a more important job in the same organization	<i>I'd like to have a job with opportunities for promotion.</i>
red card	red kɑ:d	noun	červená karta	in football, a small red card which the referee someone who makes sure the players follow the rules shows to a player to make him stop playing because he has broken a rule	<i>I had to give a player a red card.</i>
referee	ˌref.ə'rɪ:	noun	rozhodca	someone who makes sure that players follow the rules during a sports game	<i>A referee has to know everything about the laws of the game.</i>
responsibility	rɪˌspɒn(t)sɪ'bilɪ.ti	noun	zodpovednosť	something that it is your job or duty to deal with	<i>In my job now, I have lots of responsibility.</i>
roof	ru:f	noun	strecha	the surface that covers the top of a building or vehicle	<i>A man fell off a roof.</i>
salary	'sæl.ər.i	noun	plat, mzda	a fixed amount of money that you receive from your employer, usually every month	<i>I'd like to have a job with a good salary.</i>
sick pay	sɪk peɪ	noun	platená práceneschopnosť	money given by an employer to someone who cannot work because of illness	<i>In my job now, I have sick pay.</i>
speak	spi:k	verb	hovoriť	to say something using your voice	<i>You usually have to speak two or more foreign languages.</i>
stressful	'stres.fʊl	adjective	stresujúci	making you stressed	<i>The training is stressful.</i>
take turns	teɪk tɜ:nz	phrase	(vy)striedať sa	If two or more people take turns, one person does something, then another person does something, etc.	<i>We have to work in pairs and take turns.</i>
terrified	'ter.ə.faɪd	adjective	vystrašený	very frightened	<i>I was terrified.</i>
training	'treɪnɪŋ	noun	školenie, tréning	the process of learning the skills you need to do a particular job or activity	<i>In my job now, I have on-the-job training.</i>
travel	'træv.əl	noun	cestovanie	the activity of travelling	<i>I'd like to have a job with opportunities for travel.</i>
written	'rɪtən	adjective	písomný, písaný	presented as a document on paper	<i>We have to do practical and written exams.</i>

## Lesson 3B

(get) unemployment benefit	(get) ˌʌn.ɪm'plɔɪ.mənt 'ben.ɪ.fɪt	noun	podpora v nezamestnanosti	old-fashioned for Jobseeker's Allowance	<i>Can people in your country get unemployment benefit?</i>
(have) experience	(həv) ɪk'spɪəri.əns	noun	(mat') skúsenosti	knowledge that you get from doing a job, or from doing, seeing, or feeling something	<i>I've got a lot of experience.</i>
advert	'æd.vɜ:t	noun	reklama	an advertisement	<i>She looks at the job adverts.</i>
application (form)	ˌæp.lɪ'keɪ.ʃən (ˌfɔ:m)	noun	prihláška, formulár	an official request for something, usually in writing	<i>fill in an application form</i>

<b>apply (for a job)</b>	ə'plai (fər ə 'dʒɒb)	verb	<b>uchádzať sa o... Žiadať o...</b>	to ask officially for something, often by writing	<i>I'm applying for every job I can.</i>
<b>break</b>	breɪk	noun	<b>prestávka</b>	when you stop an activity for a short time, usually to rest or to eat	<i>It's my lunch break.</i>
<b>chance</b>	tʃɑ:ns	noun	<b>šanca</b>	the opportunity to do something	<i>I just need someone to give me a chance.</i>
<b>cleaning</b>	kli:nɪŋ	noun	<b>upratovanie</b>	when you remove the dirt from things and places, especially in a house	<i>She's doing some cleaning to earn a bit of money.</i>
<b>CV</b>	ˌsi:'vi:	noun	<b>životopis</b>	a document which describes your qualifications and the jobs you have done, which you send to an employer that you want to work for	<i>write a CV</i>
<b>earn</b>	ɜ:n	verb	<b>zarobiť, zarábať</b>	to get money for doing work	<i>She's doing some cleaning to earn a bit of money.</i>
<b>experience</b>	ɪk'spiəri.əns	noun	<b>skúsenosti</b>	knowledge that you get from doing a job, or from doing, seeing, or feeling something	<i>They want people with experience.</i>
<b>fill something in</b>	'fɪl ˌsʌmp.θɪŋ 'ɪn	phrasal verb	<b>vyplniť, vyplniť</b>	to write the necessary information on an official document	<i>fill in an application form</i>
<b>find (a job)</b>	faɪnd (ə dʒɒb)	verb	<b>nájsť (si prácu)</b>	to discover something or someone that you have been searching for	<i>What's the best way to find a job?</i>
<b>frustrating</b>	fɹʌs'treitɪŋ	adjective	<b>frustrujúci</b>	making you feel frustrated	<i>It's very frustrating.</i>
<b>interview</b>	'ɪn.tə.vju:	noun	<b>rozhovor, pohovor</b>	a meeting in which someone asks you questions to see if you are suitable for a job or course	<i>He goes to a lot of interviews.</i>
<b>just</b>	dʒʌst	adverb	<b>iba, len</b>	only	<i>I just need someone to give me a chance.</i>
<b>look (for a job)</b>	lʊk (fər ə dʒɒb)	verb	<b>hľadať (prácu)</b>	to try to find someone or something	<i>Bonnie is looking for her first job.</i>
<b>lose (your job)</b>	lu:z (jə dʒɒb)	verb	<b>stratiť, prísť (o prácu)</b>	to stop having someone or something that you had before	<i>Harry lost his job two months ago.</i>
<b>news</b>	nju:z	noun	<b>novinky</b>	new information	<i>I'm writing a few emails to my friends to tell them my news.</i>
<b>paper</b>	'peɪ.pə	noun	<b>noviny (tlač)</b>	a newspaper	<i>Do you remember that letter I wrote to the paper?</i>
<b>part</b>	pɑ:t	part	<b>súčasť, diel</b>	a piece of a machine or vehicle	<i>The company makes parts for cars.</i>
<b>real</b>	'riəl	adjective	<b>skutočný</b>	used to emphasize a noun	<i>She needs a real job.</i>
<b>ring</b>	rɪŋ	verb	<b>(za)zvoniť</b>	If something rings, it makes the sound of a bell, and if you ring a bell, you cause it to make a sound.	<i>The phone's ringing.</i>

## Lesson 3C

<b>(in) trouble</b>	(ɪn) 'trʌb.əl	noun	<b>problémy (v problémoch)</b>	a difficult or dangerous situation	<i>We have radios so we can get help when we're in trouble.</i>
<b>act</b>	ækt	verb	<b>hrať, účinkovať</b>	to perform in a play or film	<i>Do you act?</i>
<b>actor</b>	'ækt.ə	noun	<b>herec</b>	someone, especially a man, whose job is to perform in plays and films	<i>We're not talking about actors.</i>
<b>actually</b>	'æktʃʊ.ə.li	adverb	<b>vlastne</b>	used when you are saying something surprising	<i>Some wardens actually have video cameras as part of their uniforms.</i>
<b>aggressive</b>	ə'gresɪv	adjective	<b>agresívny</b>	behaving in an angry and violent way towards another person	<i>Some of the most aggressive people are parents.</i>
<b>argue</b>	'ɑ:g.ju:	verb	<b>(po)hádať sa</b>	to speak angrily to someone, telling them that you disagree with them	<i>Do you ever argue with your friends?</i>

<b>argument</b>	'ɑ:g.ju.mənt	noun	<b>hádka</b>	an angry discussion with someone in which you both disagree	<i>When did you last have an argument?</i>
<b>article</b>	'ɑ:ti.k(ə)l	noun	<b>článok</b>	a piece of writing in a magazine, newspaper, etc.	<i>Your new book is a collection of articles about people with strange jobs.</i>
<b>assist</b>	ə'sist	verb	<b>asistovať, pomáhať</b>	to help	<i>He's assisting the police.</i>
<b>assistant</b>	ə'sis.tənt	noun	<b>asistent/ka</b>	someone whose job is to help a person who has a more important job	<i>We're not talking about sales assistants.</i>
<b>clean</b>	kli:n	verb	<b>(vy)čistiť</b>	to remove the dirt from something	<i>He cleans the office.</i>
<b>cleaner</b>	'kli:nə	noun	<b>upratovač/ka</b>	someone whose job is to clean houses, offices, public places, etc.	<i>We're not talking about cleaners.</i>
<b>collect</b>	kə'lekt	verb	<b>zbierať</b>	to get and keep things of one type such as stamps or coins as a hobby	<i>Do you collect DVDs?</i>
<b>collect</b>	kə'lekt	verb	<b>vyzdvihnúť (niekoho, niečo)</b>	to go to a place and bring someone or something away from it	<i>They collect their children from school.</i>
<b>collection</b>	kə'lek.fən	noun	<b>zbierka</b>	a group of things or people	<i>Your new book is a collection of articles about people with strange jobs.</i>
<b>complain</b>	kəm'plein	verb	<b>sťažovať sa</b>	to say that something is wrong or that you are annoyed about something	<i>Others write to the parking department and complain.</i>
<b>cook</b>	kuk	noun	<b>kuchár/ka</b>	someone who prepares and cooks food	<i>He's a cook.</i>
<b>cookie</b>	'ku.ki	noun	<b>sušienka</b>	a thin, flat cake that is dry and usually sweet	<i>Fortune cookies started in China in the 19th century.</i>
<b>department</b>	di'pɑ:t.mənt	noun	<b>oddelenie</b>	a part of an organization such as a school, business, or government which deals with a particular area of work	<i>The department accepts 60% of these excuses.</i>
<b>discuss</b>	di'skʌs	verb	<b>(pre)jednať, diskutovať (o niečom)</b>	to talk about something with someone and tell each other your ideas or opinions	<i>Do people in your family discuss politics?</i>
<b>discussion</b>	di'skʌʃ.jən	noun	<b>diskusia, debata</b>	when people talk about something and tell each other their ideas or opinions	<i>When did you last have a discussion?</i>
<b>dive</b>	daiv	verb	<b>potopiť, potápať sa</b>	to swim under water, usually with breathing equipment	<i>Golf ball divers dive into the lakes to look for the balls.</i>
<b>diver</b>	'daiv	noun	<b>potápač/ka</b>	someone who swims under water, usually with breathing equipment	<i>Golf ball divers dive into the lakes to look for the balls.</i>
<b>employ</b>	im'plɔi	verb	<b>zamestnať, zamestnávať</b>	If a person or company employs someone, they pay that person to work for them.	<i>The company employs 2500 staff members.</i>
<b>employment</b>	im'plɔi.mənt	noun	<b>zamestnanie</b>	when someone is paid to work for a person or company	<i>It was hard to find new employment.</i>
<b>examination</b>	ig,zæm.i'nei.fən	noun	<b>skúška</b>	an exam	<i>When did you last have an examination?</i>
<b>examine</b>	ig'zæm.in	verb	<b>skúšať, testovať</b>	to test someone to see how much they know or how well they can do something	<i>We were examined in speaking, listening, and reading.</i>
<b>examiner</b>	ig'zæm.in.ə	noun	<b>skúšajúci</b>	someone who tests how much you know about something, or how well you can do something	<i>Who was the examiner?</i>
<b>excuse</b>	ik'skju:z	noun	<b>výhovorka</b>	a false reason that you give to explain why you do something	<i>Traffic wardens hear some unbelievable excuses.</i>
<b>fine</b>	fain	noun	<b>pokuta</b>	an amount of money that you must pay for breaking a law or rule	<i>I've just had to pay £10 for a parking fine.</i>
<b>fine</b>	fain	verb	<b>dať pokutu</b>	to make someone pay an amount of money as a punishment for breaking a law or rule	<i>Drivers who exceed the speed limit can expect to be fined heavily.</i>
<b>fit</b>	fit	verb	<b>fit, v dobrej fyzickej forme</b>	to be the right shape or size for someone or something	<i>You can only fit 10 words on the bits of paper.</i>

<b>guitarist</b>	ɡɪ'ta:ɹɪst	noun	<b>guitarista/gitaristka</b>	someone who plays the guitar, especially as their job	<i>She's a guitarist.</i>
<b>inform</b>	ɪn'fɔ:m	verb	<b>informovať</b>	to tell someone about something	<i>I shall inform the police.</i>
<b>information</b>	,ɪn.fə'meɪ.fən	noun	<b>informácia</b>	facts about a situation, person, event, etc.	<i>Police are asking for information about the crime.</i>
<b>interviewer</b>	'ɪn.tə.vju:ə	noun	<b>reportér, kto sa pýta</b>	the person who asks the questions during an interview	<i>Who was the interviewer?</i>
<b>parking</b>	'pɑ:kɪŋ	noun	<b>parkovanie</b>	leaving a vehicle in a particular place for a period of time	<i>Not everyone has to pay a parking fine.</i>
<b>parking ticket</b>	'pɑ:kɪŋ 'tɪkɪt	noun	<b>pokuta za parkovanie</b>	a piece of paper that tells you that you must pay money because you have parked your car where you should not	<i>We give people parking tickets.</i>
<b>parrot</b>	'pær.ət	noun	<b>papagáj</b>	a tropical bird with a curved beak and colourful feathers that can be taught to copy what people say	<i>His parrot ate it!</i>
<b>pay</b>	peɪ	verb	<b>(za)platiť</b>	to give money to someone because you are buying something from them, or because you owe them money	<i>Does everyone pay their fine?</i>
<b>politician</b>	,pɒl.ɪ'tɪʃ.ən	noun	<b>politik/politička</b>	someone who works in politics, especially a member of the government	<i>She's a politician.</i>
<b>product</b>	'prɒd.ʌkt	noun	<b>produkt, výrobok</b>	something that is made or grown to be sold	<i>Furniture companies want to make improvements to their products.</i>
<b>profession</b>	prə'feʃ.ən	noun	<b>profesia, povolanie</b>	a type of work that needs special training or education	<i>Which professions are unpopular in your country?</i>
<b>radio</b>	'reɪ.di.əʊ	noun	<b>vysielačka, rádio</b>	a piece of equipment for sending and receiving messages by sound	<i>We have radios so we can get help when we're in trouble.</i>
<b>staff</b>	stɑ:f	noun	<b>personál</b>	the people who work for an organization	<i>The company employs 2500 staff.</i>
<b>test</b>	test	noun	<b>test</b>	.something that you do to discover if something is safe, works correctly, etc	<i>There is a test for the furniture.</i>
<b>test</b>	test	verb	<b>testovať</b>	to do something in order to discover if something is safe, works correctly, etc.	<i>They employ people to test their furniture.</i>
<b>tester</b>	'tes.tə	noun	<b>tester</b>	a person or a machine which tests something	<i>Furniture testers have to answer a lot of questions.</i>
<b>traffic warden</b>	'træf.ɪk 'wɔ:dən	noun	<b>doprvaný policajt/policajtká</b>	someone whose job is to make sure that people do not leave their cars in illegal places	<i>Traffic wardens hear some unbelievable excuses.</i>
<b>uniform</b>	'ju:nɪ.fɔ:m	noun	<b>uniforma</b>	a special set of clothes that are worn by people who do a particular job or people who go to a particular school	<i>Some wardens actually have video cameras as part of their uniforms.</i>
<b>video camera</b>	'vɪd.i.əʊ 'kæm.(ə)rə	noun	<b>videokamera</b>	a piece of equipment used to record something onto videotape	<i>Some wardens actually have video cameras as part of their uniforms.</i>
<b>visitor</b>	'vɪz.ɪ.tə	noun	<b>návštevník</b>	someone who visits a person or place	<i>When did you last have a visitor?</i>
<b>way</b>	weɪ	noun	<b>spôsob</b>	how you do something	<i>What do you think is the best way to improve your English?</i>

## Lesson 3D

<b>apologise</b>	ə'pɒl.ə.dʒaɪz	verb	<b>ospravedlniť sa</b>	to tell someone that you are sorry for having done something that has caused them problems or unhappiness	<i>He apologises and gives a reason.</i>
<b>client</b>	'klaɪ.ənt	noun	<b>klient/ka</b>	someone who pays someone else for services or advice	<i>He had problems with a client.</i>
<b>prepare</b>	prɪ'peə	verb	<b>pripraviť, pripravovať</b>	to get someone or something ready for something that will happen in the future	<i>I can't prepare the tables for this evening.</i>
<b>promise</b>	'prɒm.ɪs	verb	<b>sľúbiť</b>	to say that you will certainly do something or that something will certainly happen	<i>Matt promised to take Amy to the airport.</i>



<b>reason</b>	'ri:zən	noun	<b>dôvod</b>	the facts about why something happens or why someone does something	<i>He apologises and gives a reason.</i>
<b>visiting hours</b>	'vizi.tɪŋ əvəz	plural noun	<b>návštevné hodiny</b>	the times when you are allowed to go and spend time with someone who is in a hospital, prison, etc.	<i>The hospital visting hours finish at eight.</i>
<b>Lesson 4A</b>					
<b>action (film)</b>	'æk.fən (film)	noun	<b>akcia, akčný (film)</b>	things which are happening, especially exciting or important things	<i>It's an action film.</i>
<b>adventure (film)</b>	əd'ven.tʃə (film)	noun	<b>dobrodružstvo, dobrodružný (film)</b>	an exciting and sometimes dangerous experience	<i>It's an adventure film.</i>
<b>animated (film)</b>	'æn.ɪ.meɪ.tɪd (film)	adjective	<b>animovaný (film)</b>	An animated film is one in which drawings and models seem to move.	<i>It's an animated film.</i>
<b>appear in a film</b>	ə'piə in ə ,film	verb	<b>objaviť sa, objavovat' sa (vo filme)</b>	to perform in a film	<i>He's appeared in over 500 films, plays and TV shows.</i>
<b>appearance</b>	ə'piə.rəns	noun	<b>objavovanie sa (na verejnosti) v inom kontexte - vzhľad</b>	an occasion when someone appears in public	<i>He makes appearances ar private parties.</i>
<b>character</b>	'kær.ək.tə	noun	<b>postava</b>	a person in a book, film, etc.	<i>He often dresses as characters from Depp's films.</i>
<b>charity</b>	'tʃæ.rɪ.ti	noun	<b>charita, charitatívna organizácia</b>	an official organization that gives money, food, or help to people who need it	<i>He's done a lot of work for charity.</i>
<b>comedy</b>	'kɒm.ə.di	noun	<b>komédia</b>	entertainment such as a film, play, etc. which is funny	<i>She starred in an Italian comedy.</i>
<b>confuse</b>	kən'fju:z	verb	<b>zmiast'</b>	to think that one person or thing is another person or thing	<i>People confuse me with Johnny Depp.</i>
<b>costume</b>	'kɒs.tju:m	noun	<b>kostým</b>	a set of clothes that someone wears to make them look like someone or something else, for example in a play	<i>He's spent over \$20,000 on costumes.</i>
<b>drama</b>	'drɑ:.mə	noun	<b>dráma</b>	a play in a theatre or on television or radio	<i>It's a drama.</i>
<b>dress</b>	dres	verb	<b>obliecť, obliekať sa</b>	to wear a particular type, style, or colour of clothes	<i>He often dresses as characters from Depp's films.</i>
<b>film</b>	film	noun	<b>film</b>	a story shown in moving pictures, shown at the cinema or on television	<i>What was the last film you saw?</i>
<b>horror (film)</b>	'hɒr.ə (film)	noun	<b>horor</b>	a strong feeling of shock or fear, or something that makes you feel shocked or afraid	<i>It's a horror film.</i>
<b>lookalike</b>	'lʊk.ə,lʌk	noun	<b>dvojník/dvojníčka</b>	someone who looks very similar to a famous person	<i>He works as a profesional lookalike.</i>
<b>model</b>	'mɒd.əl	noun	<b>model/ka</b>	someone whose job is to wear fashionable clothes, be in photographs, etc. in order to advertise things	<i>She works as a model.</i>
<b>musical</b>	'mju:zɪ.kəl	noun	<b>muzikál</b>	a play or film in which singing and dancing tell part of the story	<i>It's a musical.</i>
<b>original</b>	ə'ɒrɪdʒənəl	noun	<b>originál/ny</b>	something that is in the form in which it was first created and has not been copied or changed	<i>She wears a lot of Marilyn Monroe's original clothes.</i>
<b>plot</b>	plɒt	noun	<b>zápletka</b>	the things that happen in a story	<i>the plot of a film</i>
<b>realise</b>	'riə.laɪz	verb	<b>uvedomit' si, uvedomovat' si</b>	to understand a situation, sometimes suddenly	<i>When did he realise that he looked like Johnny?</i>
<b>resemblance</b>	rɪ'zem.blən(t)s	noun	<b>podoba</b>	a similarity between two people or things, especially in their appearance	<i>He has an amazing resemblance to Johnny Depp.</i>
<b>science fiction (film)</b>	'saɪ.əns 'fɪk.fən	noun	<b>vedecko-fantastický film</b>	stories about life in the future or in other parts of the universe	<i>It's a science fiction (sci-fi) film.</i>
<b>the West End</b>	ðə west end	noun	<b>West End</b>	the part of central London where there are many theatres and many large expensive shops and hotels	<i>She appeared in a play in London's West End.</i>

<b>thriller</b>	'θrɪ.lə	<i>noun</i>	<b>thriller</b>	a book or film with an exciting story, often about crime	<i>It's a thriller.</i>
<b>war (film)</b>	wɔː (film)	<i>noun</i>	<b>vojnový (film)</b>	film about fighting, using soldiers and weapons, between two or more countries, or two or more groups inside a country	<i>It's a war film.</i>
<b>western</b>	'wes.tən	<i>noun</i>	<b>western</b>	a film or story that happens in the west of the US at the time when Europeans started living there	<i>It's a western.</i>

## Lesson 4B

<b>album</b>	'æɪ.lbəm	<i>noun</i>	<b>album</b>	several songs or pieces of music on a CD, a record, etc	<i>What was the last album you bought or downloaded?</i>
<b>band</b>	bænd	<i>noun</i>	<b>skupina, kapela</b>	a group of musicians who play modern music together	<i>Who are your favourite bands, singers or composers?</i>
<b>blues</b>	bluːz	<i>noun</i>	<b>blues</b>	a type of slow, sad music that was developed by African-Americans	<i>I like some blues music.</i>
<b>classical music</b>	'klæs.ɪ.kəl 'mjuː.zɪk	<i>noun</i>	<b>vážna hudba</b>	serious music by people like Mozart and Stravinsky	<i>I like some classical music.</i>
<b>clubbing</b>	'klʌb.ɪŋ	<i>noun</i>	<b>navšteovanie klubov</b>	the activity of going to clubs where there is music and dancing	<i>Have you ever been clubbing?</i>
<b>composer</b>	kəm'pəʊ.zə	<i>noun</i>	<b>skladateľ/ka</b>	someone who writes music	<i>Who are your favourite bands, singers or composers?</i>
<b>dance music</b>	'dɑːns ,mjuː.zɪk	<i>noun</i>	<b>tanečná hudba</b>	a type of music with a strong beat that people dance to in a nightclub	<i>Most of the time I listen to dance music.</i>
<b>DJ</b>	'diː,dʒeɪ	<i>noun</i>	<b>DJ</b>	someone who plays music on the radio or at discos	<i>He's one of the most famous DJs in the world.</i>
<b>download</b>	'daʊn.ləʊd	<i>verb</i>	<b>stiahnut'/sťahovať dáta</b>	to copy computer programs, music or other information electronically using the Internet	<i>What was the last album you bought or downloaded?</i>
<b>folk music</b>	'fəʊk ,mjuː.zɪk	<i>noun</i>	<b>folková hudba</b>	music written and played in a traditional style	<i>I like some folk music.</i>
<b>hip hop</b>	'hɪp.hɒp	<i>noun</i>	<b>hip hop</b>	a type of pop music with songs about problems in society and words that are spoken and not sung	<i>I don't really like hip hop.</i>
<b>jazz</b>	dʒæz	<i>noun</i>	<b>jazz (džez)</b>	music with a strong beat that is often played without written music	<i>I've been to hundreds of jazz concerts.</i>
<b>live</b>	laɪv	<i>adjective</i>	<b>živý</b>	A live performance or recording of a performance is done with an audience.	<i>Have you ever seen them live?</i>
<b>opera (music)</b>	'ɒp.ər.ə ,mjuː.zɪk	<i>noun</i>	<b>opera (operná hudba)</b>	a musical play in which most of the words are sung	<i>I like some opera music.</i>
<b>pop</b>	pɒp	<i>noun</i>	<b>pop</b>	modern music with a strong beat which is popular with young people	<i>I don't really like pop.</i>
<b>r'n'b</b>	'ɑː ən 'biː	<i>noun</i>	<b>R&amp;B</b>	a modern type of popular music with a strong beat, similar to rhythm and blues	<i>I don't really like r'n'b.</i>
<b>reggae</b>	'reg.eɪ	<i>noun</i>	<b>reggae</b>	a type of popular music from Jamaica with a strong beat	<i>I like some reggae.</i>
<b>rock (music)</b>	rɒk ('mjuː.zɪk)	<i>noun</i>	<b>rock</b>	loud, modern music with a strong beat, often played with electric guitars and drums	<i>I don't really like rock.</i>
<b>rock'n'roll</b>	ˌrɒk.ən(d)'rəʊl	<i>noun</i>	<b>rock'n'roll</b>	a type of dance music that was especially popular in the 1950s	<i>I like some classical rock'n'roll.</i>
<b>seriously</b>	'sɪə.ri.əs.li	<i>adverb</i>	<b>vážne</b>	used to show that what you are going to say is not a joke	<i>Seriously, have you never heard of Miles Davis?</i>
<b>singer</b>	'sɪŋ.ə	<i>noun</i>	<b>spevák/speváčka</b>	someone who sings	<i>Who are your favourite bands, singers or composers?</i>

## Lesson 4C

<b>(TV) channel</b>	(.ti:'vi:) 'tʃæn.əl	<i>noun</i>	<b>televízna stanica, kanál</b>	a television or radio station	<i>Can I change channels?</i>
<b>3D (TV)</b>	,θri:'di: (.ti:'vi:)	<i>adjective</i>	<b>3D</b>	in a 3-D film or picture, the objects look real and solid instead of looking like a normal flat picture	<i>Do you have a 3D TV?</i>
<b>addict</b>	'æ.dɪkt	<i>noun</i>	<b>závislý človek</b>	someone who likes something very much and does it or has it very often	<i>Are you a telly addict?</i>
<b>aim something at someone</b>	'eɪm ,sʌmp.θɪŋ ət 'sʌm.wʌn	<i>phrase</i>	<b>zamerat' niečo na niekoho</b>	to be intended to influence or affect a particular person or group	<i>Many parents are annoyed at the amount of TV advertising aimed at children.</i>
<b>annoyed</b>	ə'noɪd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>rozčúlený</b>	slightly angry	<i>Many parents are annoyed at the amount of TV advertising aimed at children.</i>
<b>annoying</b>	ə'noɪɪŋ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>protivný, otravný</b>	making you feel annoyed	<i>Do you have any annoying habits?</i>
<b>bored</b>	bɔ:d	<i>adjective</i>	<b>znudený</b>	feeling tired and unhappy because something is not interesting or because you have nothing to do	<i>I was so bored.</i>
<b>boring</b>	bɔ:rɪŋ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>nudný</b>	not interesting or exciting	<i>TV is just boring.</i>
<b>cable (TV)</b>	'keɪ.b(ə)l (.ti:'vi:)	<i>noun</i>	<b>káblová televízia</b>	the system of sending television programmes or telephone signals along wires under the ground	<i>Do you have cable TV?</i>
<b>cartoon</b>	ka:'tu:n	<i>noun</i>	<b>kreslený film</b>	a film made using characters that are drawn and not real	<i>I enjoy watching cartoons.</i>
<b>chat show</b>	'tʃæt ʃəʊ	<i>noun</i>	<b>talk show</b>	a television or radio programme where people are asked questions about themselves	<i>I always watch chat shows.</i>
<b>current affairs</b>	,kʌr.ənt ə'feəz	<i>noun</i>	<b>aktuálne udalosti</b>	important political or social events which are happening in the world at the present time	<i>I enjoy watching current affairs programmes.</i>
<b>documentary</b>	,dɒk.jə'men.tə.rɪ	<i>noun</i>	<b>dokumentárny film</b>	a film or television programme that gives facts about a real situation or real people	<i>I enjoy watching documentaries.</i>
<b>DVD player</b>	,di:vi:'di: ,pleɪə	<i>noun</i>	<b>DVD prehrávač</b>	a machine that is used for playing DVDs	<i>Do you have a DVD player?</i>
<b>enjoy</b>	ɪn'dʒɔɪ	<i>verb</i>	<b>rád niečo robiť</b>	If you enjoy something, it gives you pleasure.	<i>I enjoy watching documentaries.</i>
<b>equipment</b>	r'kwɪp.mənt	<i>noun</i>	<b>vybavenie</b>	the things that are used for a particular activity or purpose	<i>What TV equipment have you got in your home?</i>
<b>excited</b>	ɪk'saɪ.tɪd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>nadšený</b>	feeling very happy and enthusiastic	<i>I was so excited.</i>
<b>exciting</b>	ɪk'saɪ.tɪŋ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>vzrušujúci</b>	making you feel very happy and enthusiastic	<i>TV programmes can be exciting.</i>
<b>frightened</b>	'fraɪ.tənd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>vystrašený</b>	afraid or nervous	<i>I was so frightened.</i>
<b>frightening</b>	'fraɪ.t(ə)nɪŋ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>strašidelný</b>	making you feel afraid or nervous	<i>What's the most frightening film you've seen?</i>
<b>game show</b>	'geɪm ʃəʊ	<i>noun</i>	<b>televízna súťaž, súťažný program</b>	a programme on television in which people play games to try to win prizes	<i>I enjoy watching game shows.</i>
<b>interested</b>	'ɪn.trəs.tɪd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>mať záujem</b>	wanting to give your attention to something and discover more about it	<i>I was so interested.</i>
<b>parent</b>	'peə.rənt	<i>noun</i>	<b>rodič</b>	your mother or father	<i>Many parents are annoyed at the amount of TV advertising aimed at children.</i>
<b>programme</b>	'prəʊ.græm	<i>noun</i>	<b>program</b>	a show on television or radio	<i>I don't download programmes very often.</i>
<b>reality TV</b>	rɪ'æl.ɪ.tɪ ,ti:'vi:	<i>noun</i>	<b>reality show</b>	television programmes about ordinary people who are filmed in real situations	<i>I enjoy watching reality TV.</i>

<b>record</b>	rɪ'kɔ:d	verb	<b>nahrat', nahrávat'</b>	to store sounds or pictures using electronic equipment, a camera, etc. so that you can listen to them or see them again	<i>I don't record programmes very often</i>
<b>relaxed</b>	rɪ'lækst	adjective	<b>uvol'nený, zrelaxovaný</b>	feeling happy and comfortable because nothing is worrying you	<i>I was so relaxed.</i>
<b>relaxing</b>	rɪ'læk.sɪŋ	adjective	<b>relaxačný</b>	making you feel relaxed	<i>TV programmes can be relaxing.</i>
<b>remote control</b>	rɪ,məʊt kən'trəʊl	noun	<b>dial'kové ovládanie</b>	a piece of equipment that is used to control something such as a television from a distance	<i>Do you always have to have the remote control?</i>
<b>satellite TV</b>	'sæt.əl.aɪt ,ti:'vi:	noun	<b>satelitná televízia</b>	television programmes that are broadcast using a satellite	<i>Do you have satellite TV?</i>
<b>sitcom</b>	'sɪt.kɒm	noun	<b>situačná komédia</b>	a funny television programme that is about the same group of people every week in different situations	<i>I enjoy watching sitcoms.</i>
<b>soap opera</b>	'səʊp ,ɒp.ə.r.ə	noun	<b>televízny alebo rozhlasový seriál, telenovela</b>	a series of television or radio programmes that continues over a long period and is about the lives of a group of characters	<i>You watch at least one soap opera every day.</i>
<b>surprised</b>	sə'praɪzd	adjective	<b>prekvapený</b>	feeling surprise because something has happened that you did not expect	<i>Were you surprised by anything in the article?</i>
<b>surprising</b>	sə'praɪz.ɪŋ	adjective	<b>prekvapivý</b>	not expected and making someone feel surprised	<i>I think that's very surprising.</i>
<b>the news</b>	ðə nju:z	noun	<b>správy, noviny</b>	the announcement of important events on television, radio, and in newspapers	<i>I always watch the news.</i>
<b>tired</b>	'taɪ.əd	adjective	<b>unavený</b>	feeling that you want to rest or sleep	<i>When you're tired at the end of the day.</i>
<b>tiring</b>	'taɪər.ɪŋ	adjective	<b>únavný</b>	making you feel tired	<i>I think that's very tiring.</i>
<b>turn off</b>	'tɜ:n ɒf	phrasal verb	<b>vypnúť, vypínať</b>	to move the switch on a machine, light, etc. so that it stops working, or to stop the supply of water, electricity, etc.	<i>We want people to turn off the TV for a week.</i>
<b>turn on</b>	'tɜ:n ɒn	verb	<b>zapnúť, zapínať</b>	to move the switch on a machine, light, etc. so that it starts working, or to start the supply of water, electricity, etc.	<i>Can I turn on the TV for a bit?</i>
<b>worried</b>	'wʌ.rɪd	adjective	<b>ustarostený, majúci obavy</b>	anxious because you are thinking about problems or unpleasant things that might happen	<i>They're worried about the effect of television violence.</i>
<b>worrying</b>	'wʌrɪ.ɪŋ	adjective	<b>znepokojujúci, ustarostený</b>	making you feel anxious	<i>I think that's very worrying.</i>

## Lesson 4D

<b>(be in) debt</b>	(bi: ɪn) 'det	noun	<b>dlh (byť zadĺžený)</b>	when you owe money to someone	<i>Most people don't want to be thousands of pounds in debt.</i>
<b>(education) system</b>	(.e.dʒʊ'keɪ.fən) 'sɪs.təm	noun	<b>(vzdelávací) systém</b>	a way or method of doing things	<i>Why can't they pay for our education system?</i>
<b>can afford</b>	kæn ə'fɔ:d/kæn ə'fɔ:d	verb	<b>môcť si dovoliť</b>	to have enough money to buy something or enough time to do something	<i>The university fees are really high and I can't afford it.</i>
<b>carry on (doing something)</b>	'kæri ɒn (du:ɪŋ 'sʌm.θɪŋ)	phrasal verb	<b>pokračovať (v niečom)</b>	to continue doing something	<i>I'd rather carry on working at the restaurant.</i>
<b>dessert</b>	dɪ'zɜ:t	noun	<b>dezert</b>	sweet food that is eaten after the main part of a meal	<i>Who wants some dessert?</i>
<b>education</b>	.e.dʒʊ'keɪ.fən	noun	<b>vzdelanie</b>	the process of teaching and learning in a school or college, or the knowledge that you get from this	<i>Why can't they pay for our education system?</i>
<b>fail</b>	feɪl	verb	<b>neurobit' skúšku</b>	to not pass a test or an exam, or to decide that someone has not passed	<i>I failed most of my exams at school.</i>
<b>fee</b>	fi:	noun	<b>poplatok</b>	an amount of money that you pay to do something, to use something, or to get a service	<i>The fees are really high and I can't afford to go.</i>
<b>graduate</b>	'græ.dʒu.ət	noun	<b>absolvent</b>	someone who has studied for and received a degree qualification from a university	<i>You don't have to be a graduate to get a good job.</i>

<b>high</b>	haɪ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>vysoký</b>	great in amount, size, or level	<i>The fees are really high and I can't afford to go.</i>
<b>kid</b>	kɪd	<i>noun</i>	<b>dieťa</b>	a child or young person	<i>Rich parents will always send their kids to university.</i>
<b>loan</b>	ləʊn	<i>noun</i>	<b>pôžička</b>	money that someone has borrowed	<i>a student loan</i>
<b>rich</b>	rɪtʃ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>bohatý</b>	having much more money than most people, or owning things that could be sold for a lot of money	<i>Rich parents will always send their kids to university.</i>
<b>tax</b>	tæks	<i>noun</i>	<b>daň</b>	money that you have to pay to the government from what you earn or when you buy things	<i>That's why we pay taxes.</i>

## Lesson 5A

<b>cause</b>	kɔːz	<i>verb</i>	<b>spôsobit'</b>	to make something happen	<i>This causes global warming.</i>
<b>climate change</b>	'klaɪ.mət tʃeɪndʒ	<i>noun</i>	<b>klimatická zmena</b>	the way the Earth's weather is changing	<i>Rainforests help to stop climate change.</i>
<b>crowded</b>	'kraʊdɪd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>preľudnený</b>	very full of people	<i>Our planet will be very crowded.</i>
<b>depressing</b>	dɪ'presɪŋ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>depresívny</b>	making you feel unhappy and without any hope for the future	<i>It sounds a very depressing picture.</i>
<b>energy</b>	'en.ə.dʒi	<i>noun</i>	<b>energia</b>	the power that comes from electricity, gas, etc.	<i>All these people will need food, water, energy and a place to live.</i>
<b>flood</b>	flood	<i>noun</i>	<b>potopa</b>	when a lot of water covers an area that is usually dry, especially when a river becomes too full	<i>There are more floods than there were 10 years ago.</i>
<b>fluently</b>	'fluː.əntli	<i>adverb</i>	<b>plynule</b>	using a language naturally without stopping or making mistakes	<i>I speak English fluently.</i>
<b>food</b>	fuːd	<i>noun</i>	<b>jedlo</b>	something that people and animals eat, or plants absorb, to keep them alive	<i>It won't be easy to produce food for everybody.</i>
<b>gas</b>	gæs	<i>noun</i>	<b>plyn</b>	a substance in a form like air used as a fuel for heating and cooking	<i>We need to use less gas.</i>
<b>global warming</b>	ˌgləʊ.bəl 'wɔːmɪŋ	<i>noun</i>	<b>globálne otepľovanie</b>	when the air around the world becomes warmer because of pollution	<i>Global warming is already changing our climate.</i>
<b>green (energy)</b>	ɡriːn 'en.ə.dʒi	<i>adjective</i>	<b>zelený, ekologický (energia)</b>	relating to nature and protecting the environment	<i>Green energy is very important.</i>
<b>increase</b>	ɪn'kriːs	<i>verb</i>	<b>zvýšiť</b>	to get bigger or to make something bigger in size or amount	<i>The cost of living is increasing.</i>
<b>join</b>	dʒɔɪn	<i>verb</i>	<b>pridať sa, zapojiť sa</b>	to do something or go somewhere with someone	<i>Thank you for joining us.</i>
<b>oil</b>	ɔɪl	<i>noun</i>	<b>ropa; olej</b>	a thick liquid that comes from under the Earth's surface that is used as a fuel and for making parts of machines move smoothly	<i>In 2030, water might be more expensive than oil.</i>
<b>picture</b>	'pɪk.tʃə	<i>noun</i>	<b>obraz</b>	an idea of what something is like	<i>It sounds a very depressing picture.</i>
<b>place</b>	pleɪs	<i>noun</i>	<b>miesto</b>	a position, building, town, area, etc.	<i>All these people will need food, water, energy and a place to live.</i>
<b>planet</b>	'plæn.ɪt	<i>noun</i>	<b>planéta</b>	a large, round object in space that moves around the sun or another star	<i>Our planet will be very crowded.</i>
<b>pollution</b>	pə'ljuːʃən	<i>noun</i>	<b>znečistenie</b>	damage caused to water, air, etc. by harmful substances or waste	<i>There is more pollution than there was 10 years ago.</i>
<b>produce</b>	prə'djuːs	<i>verb</i>	<b>produkovať, vyrábať</b>	to make or grow something	<i>It won't be easy to produce food for everybody.</i>
<b>protect</b>	prə'tekt	<i>verb</i>	<b>(o)chrániť</b>	to keep someone or something safe from something dangerous or bad	<i>Most people want to protect the environment.</i>

<b>rainforest</b>	'reɪn,fɔːr.ɪst	noun	<b>dažd'ový prales</b>	a forest with a lot of tall trees where it rains a lot	<i>We need to protect the rainforest.</i>
<b>sound</b>	saʊnd	verb	<b>zniet'</b>	sound good/interesting/strange, etc. to seem good/interesting/strange, etc., from what you have heard or read	<i>Your job sounds really interesting.</i>
<b>the cost of living</b>	ðə kɒst əv 'lɪv.ɪŋ	noun	<b>životné náklady</b>	the cost of food, clothes, etc.	<i>The cost of living is increasing.</i>
<b>the Earth</b>	ði: ɜ:θ	noun	<b>Zem (naša planéta)</b>	the planet that we live on	<i>The Earth will be very crowded.</i>
<b>the environment</b>	ði: ɪn'vaɪə.rən.mənt	noun	<b>životné prostredie</b>	the air, land, and water where people, animals, and plants live	<i>Most people want to protect the environment.</i>
<b>the world population</b>	ðə wɜ:ld ,pɒp.jə'leɪ.fən	noun	<b>svetová populácia</b>	all the people living in the world	<i>The world population is increasing.</i>
<b>wildlife</b>	'waɪld.laɪf	noun	<b>divoká príroda, zvieratá a rastliny</b>	animals, birds, and plants living in their natural environment	<i>Most people want to protect wildlife.</i>

## Lesson 5B

<b>abroad</b>	ə'brɔ:d	adverb	<b>v zahraničí/do zahraničia, v cudzine</b>	in or to a foreign country	<i>He's going to live abroad.</i>
<b>blog</b>	blɒg	noun	<b>blog</b>	a record of your thoughts that you put on the Internet for other people to read	<i>I'm going to write a blog.</i>
<b>camper van</b>	'kæm.pə ,væn	noun	<b>karavan</b>	a motorhome	<i>We're going to buy a camper van.</i>
<b>fantastic</b>	fæn'tæs.tɪk	adjective	<b>fantastický</b>	very good	<i>They're going to have a fantastic time.</i>
<b>learn</b>	lɜ:n	verb	<b>(na)učit' sa</b>	to get knowledge or skill in a new subject or activity	<i>learn how to do something</i>
<b>move (house)</b>	mu:v (haʊs)	noun	<b>(od)st'ahovat' sa</b>	when you go to live or work in a different place	<i>Are you planning to move house this year?</i>
<b>photo</b>	'fəʊ.təʊ	noun	<b>fotografia</b>	a picture produced with a camera	<i>I like taking photos of animals in the wild.</i>
<b>retire</b>	rɪ'taɪ.ə	verb	<b>(od)ist' do dôchodku</b>	to leave your job and stop working, usually because you are old	<i>She's going to retire next year.</i>
<b>spend (time)</b>	spend (taɪm)	verb	<b>(s)trávit' (čas)</b>	to use time doing something or being somewhere	<i>How do they spend their time?</i>
<b>time</b>	taɪm	noun	<b>čas, doba</b>	Time is what we measure in minutes, hours, days, etc.	<i>They're going to have a fantastic time.</i>
<b>wherever</b>	weə'rev.ə	conjunction	<b>kdekoľvek</b>	in or to any place or every place	<i>We can live wherever we want.</i>

## Lesson 5C

<b>animal</b>	'æn.ɪ.məl	noun	<b>zvierá</b>	something that lives and moves but is not a person, bird, fish, or insect	<i>100 species of plants, insects and animals become extinct every day.</i>
<b>area</b>	'eə.ri.ə	noun	<b>oblasť</b>	a part of a building or piece of land used for a particular purpose	<i>The World Land Trust protects the areas of land where the elephants walk.</i>
<b>corridor</b>	'kɒr.ɪ.dɔ:	noun	<b>chodba</b>	a passage in a building or train with rooms on one or both sides	<i>There aren't any villages in an 'elephant corridor'.</i>
<b>cut something down</b>	'kʌt ,sʌmp.θɪŋ 'daʊn	phrasal verb	<b>zoťat'</b>	to make a tree or other plant fall to the ground by cutting it near the bottom	<i>1 km<sup>2</sup> of rainforest is cut down every day.</i>
<b>destroy</b>	dɪ'strɔɪ	verb	<b>zničit'</b>	to damage something so badly that it does not exist or cannot be used	<i>They sometimes destroy people's homes.</i>
<b>disappear</b>	ˌdɪs.ə'piə	verb	<b>(z)miznúť</b>	to stop existing	<i>The gorillas' mountain home was disappearing fast.</i>

<b>DNA</b>	,di:.en'eɪ	<i>noun</i>	<b>DNA</b>	abbreviation for deoxyribonucleic acid; a chemical in the cells of living things which contains genetic information	<i>We share 98.4% of our DNA with gorillas.</i>
<b>extinct</b>	ɪk'stɪŋkt	<i>adjective</i>	<b>vyhynutý</b>	If a type of animal is extinct, it does not now exist.	<i>100 species of plants, insects and animals become extinct every day.</i>
<b>face</b>	feɪs	<i>verb</i>	<b>čelit'</b>	If you face a problem, or a problem faces you, you have to deal with it.	<i>What are the main problems facing elephants in Asia?</i>
<b>face-to-face</b>	,feɪs.tə'feɪs	<i>adverb</i>	<b>tvárou v tvár, osobný kontakt</b>	directly, meeting someone in the same place	<i>I was face-to-face with a gorilla.</i>
<b>fly</b>	flaɪ	<i>verb</i>	<b>letieť, lietat'</b>	to travel through the air in an aircraft	<i>I flew to Uganda.</i>
<b>go back</b>	,gəʊ'bæk	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>vrátiť sa, vracat' sa</b>	to return to a place where you were or where you have been before	<i>We went back to our camp.</i>
<b>hear (about)</b>	hɪə (ə'baʊt)	<i>verb</i>	<b>počuť (o niečom)</b>	to be told some information	<i>We hear stories about it all the time.</i>
<b>humid</b>	'hju:.mɪd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>dušný, vlhký (vzduch, počasie)</b>	Humid air or weather is hot and slightly wet.	<i>It was hot, humid and very hard work.</i>
<b>insect</b>	'ɪn.sekt	<i>noun</i>	<b>hmyz</b>	a small creature with six legs, for example a bee or a fly	<i>100 species of plants, insects and animals become extinct every day.</i>
<b>land</b>	lænd	<i>noun</i>	<b>zem, pôda</b>	an area of ground	<i>The World Land Trust protects the areas of land where the elephants walk.</i>
<b>look (for)</b>	lʊk (fər)	<i>verb</i>	<b>hl'adat'</b>	to try to find someone or something	<i>We looked for gorillas for two hours.</i>
<b>memory</b>	'mem.ər.i	<i>noun</i>	<b>pamäť</b>	the part of your mind that stores what you remember	<i>Elephants have very good memories.</i>
<b>mountain</b>	'maʊn.tɪn	<i>noun</i>	<b>hora</b>	a very high hill	<i>The gorillas' mountain home was disappearing fast.</i>
<b>national park</b>	'næʃ.ən.əl pɑ:k	<i>noun</i>	<b>národný park</b>	a large area of park for use by the public, usually an area of special beauty	<i>We went on a trip to the National Park.</i>
<b>path</b>	pɑ:θ	<i>noun</i>	<b>chodník, cesta</b>	a long, narrow area of ground for people to walk along	<i>Elephants walk along the same paths as their grandparents.</i>
<b>positive</b>	'pɒz.ətɪv	<i>adjective</i>	<b>pozitívny</b>	Something that is positive makes you feel better about a situation.	<i>It's good to hear a positive story about wildlife.</i>
<b>problem</b>	'prɒb.ləm	<i>noun</i>	<b>problém</b>	a situation that causes difficulties and that needs to be dealt with	<i>solve a problem</i>
<b>similar</b>	'sɪm.ɪ.lə	<i>adjective</i>	<b>podobný</b>	Something which is similar to something else has many things the same, although it is not exactly the same.	<i>It was incredible how similar they were to us.</i>
<b>solve</b>	sɒlv	<i>verb</i>	<b>(vy)riešiť</b>	to find the answer to something	<i>solve a problem</i>
<b>species</b>	'spi:.ʃi:z	<i>noun</i>	<b>druh (živočíšny, rastlinný)</b>	a group of plants or animals which share similar characteristics	<i>100 species of plants, insects and animals become extinct every day.</i>
<b>talk</b>	tɔ:k	<i>verb</i>	<b>hovoriť</b>	to say things to someone	<i>We talked about the day.</i>
<b>topic</b>	'tɒp.ɪk	<i>noun</i>	<b>téma</b>	a subject that you talk or write about	<i>talk about a topic</i>
<b>tourism</b>	'tʊə.rɪ.zəm	<i>noun</i>	<b>turistika, cestovný ruch</b>	the business of providing services for tourists, including organizing their travel, hotels, entertainment, etc.	<i>Tourism is one reason why gorillas haven't become extinct.</i>
<b>tourist</b>	'tʊə.rɪst	<i>noun</i>	<b>turista/turistka</b>	someone who visits a place for pleasure and does not live there	<i>Every year tourists spend \$3 million on visiting national parks.</i>
<b>trip</b>	trɪp	<i>noun</i>	<b>výlet</b>	a journey in which you visit a place for a short time and come back again	<i>We went on a trip to the National Park.</i>
<b>village</b>	'vɪl.ɪdʒ	<i>noun</i>	<b>dedina</b>	a place where people live in the countryside that includes buildings such as shops and a school but which is smaller than a town	<i>We build them new villages.</i>

villager	'vɪl.ɪ.dʒə	noun	dedinčan/ka	someone who lives in a village	<i>The World Land Trust works with the villagers to protect the land.</i>
young	jʌŋ	adjective	mladý	having lived or existed for only a short time and not old	<i>We took photos of them as they played with their young.</i>

## Lesson 5D

(give someone a) hand	(gɪv ,sʌm.wʌn ə) hænd	noun	pomôct' (niekomu)	help with doing something that needs a lot of effort	<i>Could you give me a hand with that?</i>
(not) mind	(nɒt) maɪnd	verb	(ne)vadit'	something you say when politely asking someone to do something	<i>Yes, if you don't mind.</i>
event	ɪ'vent	noun	udalost'	a race, party, competition, etc. that has been organized for a particular time	<i>a charity event</i>
hire	haɪə	verb	prenajat', prenajímat'	to pay money in order to use something for a short time	<i>hire a karaoke machine</i>
karaoke (machine)	,kæ.rɪ'əʊ.ki mə'fɪ:n	noun	karaoke	a form of entertainment, originally from Japan, in which recordings of the music but not the words of popular songs are played, so that people can sing the words themselves	<i>hire a karaoke machine</i>
organise	'ɔ:ɡən.aɪz	verb	(z)organizovat'	to plan or arrange something	<i>Who's going to organise the tickets?</i>
poster	'pəʊ.stə	noun	plagát	a large, printed picture or notice that you put on a wall, in order to decorate a place or to advertise something	<i>Shall I make some posters?</i>
project	'prɒdʒ.ekt	noun	projekt	a carefully planned piece of work that has a particular purpose	<i>a gorilla conservation project</i>
quiz	kwɪz	noun	kvíz	a game in which you answer questions	<i>I love doing quizzes.</i>
raise (money)	reɪz ('mʌn.i)	verb	získat', získavat' (peniaze)	to collect money from other people	<i>This year we're raising money for the World Wide Fund for Nature.</i>

## Lesson 6A

age	eɪdʒ	noun	vek	the number of years that someone has lived, or that something has existed	<i>It isn't only their age, it's the type of people they are.</i>
age group	'eɪdʒ ,ɡru:p	noun	veková skupina	people of a particular age	<i>Is living with teenagers is worse than living with any other age group?</i>
ambitious	æm'bɪʃ.əs	adjective	ambiciózný	wanting to be successful or powerful	<i>She's very ambitious.</i>
bright	braɪt	adjective	bystrý, inteligentný	intelligent	<i>Carl's a bit brighter than Bobby.</i>
confident	'kɒn.fɪ.dənt	adjective	sebavedomý	certain about your ability to do things well	<i>Milly's as confident as Debbie.</i>
considerate	kən'sɪd.ər.ət	adjective	ohľaduplný, taktný	kind and helpful	<i>Milly's much more considerate.</i>
easy-going	,i:zɪ'ɡəʊ.ɪŋ	adjective	pohodový	relaxed and not easily upset or worried	<i>She's very easy going.</i>
helpful	'help.fəl	adjective	ochotný	willing to help	<i>Bobby's very helpful.</i>
honest	'ɒn.ɪst	adjective	úprimný	not likely to lie, cheat, or steal	<i>She's very honest.</i>
leave	li:v	verb	odísť, opustiť, odchádzať	to go away from a place or a situation, either permanently or for a temporary period	<i>I'll miss them when they leave home.</i>
mature	mə'tʃʊə	adjective	zrelý, dospelý	Mature people behave like adults in a way which shows they are well developed emotionally.	<i>She's a bit more mature.</i>



<b>miss</b>	mis	verb	<b>chýbať, cnieť za niekým</b>	to feel sad about someone that you do not see now or something that you do not have or do now	<i>I'll miss them when they leave home.</i>
<b>moody</b>	'mu:di	adjective	<b>náladový</b>	If someone is moody, they are often unfriendly because they feel angry or unhappy.	<i>Debbie's a typical moody fourteen-year-old.</i>
<b>organised</b>	'ɔ:ɡən.aɪzd	adjective	<b>organizačne schopný</b>	An organised person plans things well and does not waste time or effort.	<i>I'm not as organised as she is.</i>
<b>patient</b>	'peɪ.fənt	adjective	<b>trpezlivý</b>	having patience	<i>I have to be much more patient with her.</i>
<b>point</b>	pɔɪnt	noun	<b>stránka, vlastnosť</b>	a quality which someone has	<i>Debbie's got her good points too.</i>
<b>polite</b>	pə'laɪt	adjective	<b>slušný</b>	behaving in a way that is not rude and shows that you do not only think about yourself	<i>He isn't very polite.</i>
<b>reliable</b>	rɪ'laɪ.ə.bəl	adjective	<b>spoľahlivý</b>	able to be trusted or believed	<i>She's very reliable.</i>
<b>report</b>	rɪ'pɔ:t	noun	<b>správa</b>	when teachers write about a child's progress at school for their parents	<i>His school reports are much better than his brother's.</i>
<b>rude</b>	ru:d	adjective	<b>drzý</b>	behaving in a way which is not polite and upsets other people	<i>Sometimes they're rude.</i>
<b>selfish</b>	'sel.fɪʃ	adjective	<b>sebecký</b>	caring only about yourself and not other people	<i>Debbie's more selfish than Milly.</i>
<b>sensible</b>	'sens.ɪ.b(ə)l	adjective	<b>rozumný</b>	showing good judgment	<i>He's more sensible than his brother.</i>
<b>talented</b>	'tæl.ən.trɪd	adjective	<b>talentovaný, nadaný</b>	showing natural ability in a particular area	<i>She's very talented.</i>
<b>tidy</b>	'taɪ.di	adjective	<b>uprataný, poriadkumilovný, zorganizovaný</b>	liking to keep things in the correct place and arranged in a good order	<i>She's very tidy.</i>
<b>type</b>	taɪp	noun	<b>typ, druh</b>	someone who has particular qualities or interests	<i>It isn't only their age, it's the type of people they are.</i>

## Lesson 6B

<b>apparently</b>	ə'pær.ənt.li	adverb	<b>zrejme , zjavne, očividne</b>	used to say that you have read or been told something although you are not certain it is true	<i>Apparently it's the most popular bar in town at the moment.</i>
<b>aunt</b>	ɑ:nt	noun	<b>teta</b>	the sister of your mother or father, or the wife of your uncle	<i>I like being an aunt.</i>
<b>close</b>	kləʊs	adjective	<b>blízky</b>	If people are close, they know each other very well and like each other a lot.	<i>He's a close friend of Jake's.</i>
<b>cousin</b>	'kʌz.ən	noun	<b>bratranec/sesternica</b>	the child of your aunt or uncle	<i>She's a cousin of Jake's.</i>
<b>director</b>	dɪ'rekt.ə	noun	<b>riaditeľ/ka</b>	an important manager in an organization or company	<i>Diana's on of the youngest company directors in the UK.</i>
<b>employee</b>	ɪm'plɔɪ.i:	noun	<b>zamestnanec</b>	someone who is paid to work for a person or company	<i>I don't like being an employee.</i>
<b>employer</b>	ɪm'plɔɪ.ə	noun	<b>zamestnávateľ</b>	a person or company that pays people to work for them	<i>I don't like being an employer.</i>
<b>ex-girlfriend</b>	eks 'gɜ:l.frend	prefix	<b>bývalá priateľka</b>	a person who used to be someone's girlfriend	<i>She's an ex-girlfriend of Jake's</i>
<b>flatmate</b>	'flæt.meɪt	noun	<b>spolubývajúci</b>	someone who you share a flat with	<i>She's a flatmate of Jake's.</i>
<b>gorgeous</b>	'ɡɔ:dʒəs	adjective	<b>prekrásny</b>	very beautiful or pleasant	<i>She's gorgeous.</i>
<b>grandfather</b>	'grænd,fɑ:ðə	noun	<b>starý otec</b>	the father of your mother or father	<i>I really like being a grandfather.</i>

<b>grandmother</b>	'grænd,mʌð.ə	noun	<b>stará mama</b>	the mother of your mother or father	<i>I really like being a grandmother.</i>
<b>haircut</b>	'heə.kʌt	noun	<b>účes, strih</b>	the style in which your hair has been cut	<i>He's got the worst haircut ever.</i>
<b>introduce</b>	,ɪn.trə'dju:s	verb	<b>predstaviť</b>	to tell someone another person's name the first time that they meet	<i>I'll introduce you to Naomi's sister.</i>
<b>neighbour</b>	'nei.bə	noun	<b>sused/ka</b>	someone who lives very near you, especially in the next house	<i>She's a neighbour of Jake's.</i>
<b>nephew</b>	'nef.ju:	noun	<b>synovec</b>	the son of your brother or sister, or the son of your husband's or wife's brother or sister	<i>He's a nephew of Jake's.</i>
<b>niece</b>	ni:s	noun	<b>neter</b>	the daughter of your brother or sister, or the daughter of your husband's or wife's brother or sister	<i>She's a niece of Jake's.</i>
<b>queue</b>	kju:	verb	<b>zaradiť sa, stát' v rade</b>	to stand in a row in order to wait for something	<i>You have to queue to get in.</i>
<b>relative</b>	'rel.ə.tɪv	noun	<b>príbuzný/príbuzná</b>	a member of your family	<i>Patrick is Dom's least favourite relative.</i>
<b>sister-in-law</b>	'sɪs.tər.ɪn.lɔ:	noun	<b>švagriná</b>	the woman married to your brother, or the sister of your husband or wife	<i>She's a sister-in-law of Jake's.</i>
<b>stepfather</b>	'step.fɑ:ðə	noun	<b>nevlastný otec, otčim</b>	the man who has married your mother but is not your father	<i>I really like being a stepfather.</i>
<b>twin</b>	twɪn	noun	<b>dvojča</b>	one of two children who are born to the same mother at the same time	<i>I like being a twin.</i>
<b>uncle</b>	'ʌŋ.k(ə)l	noun	<b>strýko</b>	the brother of your mother or father, or the husband of your aunt	<i>I like being an uncle.</i>
<b>wave</b>	weɪv	verb	<b>(za)mávať</b>	to raise your hand and move it from side to side in order to attract someone's attention or to say goodbye	<i>Someone's waving at you.</i>

## Lesson 6C

<b>a past</b>	ə 'pɑ:st	noun	<b>minulosť</b>	a part of someone's life in which they did unacceptable or dishonest things	<i>Does she have a secret past?</i>
<b>arrest</b>	ə'rest	verb	<b>zatknúť, zatýkať</b>	If the police arrest someone, they take them away to ask them about a crime which they might have committed.	<i>I think Lydia will be arrested.</i>
<b>criminal</b>	'krɪm.ɪ.nəl	noun	<b>zločinec</b>	someone who has committed a crime	<i>Which of their children is a criminal?</i>
<b>dishonest</b>	dɪ'sɒn.ɪst	adjective	<b>nepoctivý, nečestný</b>	not honest and likely to lie or do something illegal	<i>He's the most dishonest member of the family.</i>
<b>disorganised</b>	dɪ'sɔ:ɡə.naɪzɪd	adjective	<b>roztržitý</b>	not organised	<i>He's the most disorganised member of the family.</i>
<b>divorce</b>	dɪ'vɔ:s	noun	<b>rozvod</b>	when two people officially stop being married	<i>He would like to ask her for a divorce.</i>
<b>house wine</b>	haus waɪn	noun	<b>stolové víno</b>	A house wine is the least expensive wine on the wine list in a restaurant.	<i>a bottle of house red (wine)</i>
<b>hurry up</b>	'hʌr.ɪ ʌp	phrasal verb	<b>poponáhľajte sa, ponáhľaj sa</b>	to start moving or doing something more quickly	<i>Come on, hurry up!</i>
<b>immature</b>	,ɪm.ə'tʃʊə	adjective	<b>nezrelý, správajúci sa ako dieťa</b>	not behaving in a way which is as wise and calm as people expect from someone your age	<i>She's immature.</i>
<b>impatient</b>	ɪm'peɪ.ʃənt	adjective	<b>netrpezlivý</b>	easily annoyed by someone's mistakes or because you have to wait	<i>She's impatient.</i>
<b>impolite</b>	,ɪm.pəl'aɪt	adjective	<b>neslušný</b>	not polite	<i>She's impolite.</i>
<b>impossible</b>	ɪm'pɒs.ɪ.bəl	adjective	<b>nemožný</b>	If an action or event is impossible, it cannot happen or be done.	<i>It's impossible.</i>

<b>inconsiderate</b>	ˌɪn.kən'sɪd.ər.ət	adjective	<b>bezohľadný, netaktný</b>	not caring about other people's situations or the way they feel	<i>She's inconsiderate.</i>
<b>incorrect</b>	ˌɪn.kər'ekt	adjective	<b>nesprávny, zlý</b>	not correct	<i>She's incorrect.</i>
<b>stay out</b>	steɪ aʊt	phrasal verb	<b>ostať von, spať mimo domu</b>	to not go home at night, or to go home late	<i>He stays out all night.</i>
<b>unambitious</b>	ˌʌn.æm'bɪʃ.əs	adjective	<b>neambiciózny</b>	not ambitious	<i>She's unambitious.</i>
<b>unattractive</b>	ˌʌn.ə'træktɪv	adjective	<b>neatraktívny</b>	not beautiful or nice to look at	<i>He's unattractive.</i>
<b>unfriendly</b>	ʌn'frend.li	adjective	<b>neprívetivý, neprijemný</b>	not friendly	<i>She's unfriendly.</i>
<b>unhappy</b>	ʌn'hæp.i	adjective	<b>nešťastný, nespokojný</b>	sad	<i>She's unhappy.</i>
<b>unhealthy</b>	ʌn'hel.θi	adjective	<b>nezdravý</b>	not strong, and likely to become ill	<i>She's unhealthy.</i>
<b>unhelpful</b>	ʌn'help.fʊl	adjective	<b>neochotný</b>	not wanting to help someone, in a way that seems unfriendly	<i>She's unhelpful.</i>
<b>unintelligent</b>	ˌʌn.ɪn'tel.ɪ.dʒənt	adjective	<b>neinteligentný</b>	not intelligent	<i>She's unintelligent.</i>
<b>unreliable</b>	ˌʌn.rɪ'laɪ.ə.bəl	adjective	<b>nespoľahlivý</b>	not able to be trusted or depended on	<i>He's the most unreliable member of the family.</i>
<b>unselfish</b>	ʌn'sel.fɪʃ	adjective	<b>nesebecký</b>	Someone who is unselfish thinks about what is good for other people, not just about their own advantage.	<i>Kathy is unselfish.</i>
<b>unsure</b>	ʌn'ʃʊər	adjective	<b>neistý</b>	not certain or having doubts	<i>I'm unsure.</i>
<b>waiter</b>	'weɪ.tə	noun	<b>čaušník</b>	a man who works in a restaurant, bringing food to customers	<i>Darren works as a waiter in his parents' restaurant.</i>

## Lesson 6D

<b>beat</b>	bi:t	verb	<b>poraziť (niekoho)</b>	to defeat someone in a competition	<i>I'm going to beat you this time.</i>
<b>borrow</b>	'bɒr.əʊ	verb	<b>(vy)požičať si</b>	to take money from a bank or financial organization and pay it back over a period of time	<i>She wants to borrow some money from the bank.</i>
<b>close</b>	kləʊz	verb	<b>zavrieť, ukončiť činnosť</b>	If a business or organization closes, or if someone or something closes it, it stops operating.	<i>The restaurant might have to close.</i>
<b>golf</b>	gɒlf	noun	<b>golf</b>	a game on grass where players try to hit a small ball into a series of holes using a long, thin stick	<i>I was playing golf.</i>
<b>golf course</b>	'gɒlf ˌkɔ:s	noun	<b>golfové ihrisko</b>	an area of land used for playing golf	<i>How long is the journey to the golf course?</i>
<b>hold</b>	həʊld	verb	<b>nezavesiť, ostať na telefóne</b>	to wait on the telephone until someone can speak to you	<i>Hold the line please, I'll put you through.</i>
<b>landline</b>	'lænd.laɪn	noun	<b>pevná linka</b>	a telephone that is not a mobile phone	<i>How often do you use your mobile or landline every day?</i>
<b>leave</b>	li:v	verb	<b>nechať, nechávať</b>	to not take something with you when you go away from a place, either intentionally or by accident	<i>Would you like to leave a message?</i>
<b>line</b>	laɪn	noun	<b>spojenie, linka</b>	the connection between two telephones	<i>Hold the line please, I'll put you through.</i>
<b>mobile</b>	'məʊ.baɪl	noun	<b>mobil</b>	a mobile phone	<i>How often do you use your mobile or landline every day?</i>
<b>put someone through</b>	pʊt 'sʌm.wʌn θru:	phrasal verb	<b>prepojiť (niekoho)</b>	to connect someone using a telephone to the person they want to speak to	<i>Hold the line please, I'll put you through.</i>

<b>steal</b>	sti:l	verb	<b>(u)kradnúť</b>	to secretly take something that does not belong to you, without intending to return it	<i>steal cars</i>
<b>text</b>	tekst	verb	<b>poslať textovú správu</b>	to send a text message written message from a mobile phone	<i>Which three people do you text the most?</i>

## Lesson 7A

<b>blogger</b>	blɒgə	noun	<b>blogger</b>	a person who writes a blog	<i>How many places has the blogger been to?</i>
<b>book</b>	bʊk	verb	<b>rezervovať</b>	to arrange to use or do something at a particular time in the future	<i>We booked it last month.</i>
<b>comment</b>	'kɒm.ənt	noun	<b>komentár, poznámka</b>	something that you say or write that shows what you think about something	<i>Add your comments here.</i>
<b>experience</b>	ɪk'spiəri.əns	noun	<b>skúsenosť</b>	something that happens to you that affects how you feel	<i>Tell me about your experiences.</i>
<b>package tour</b>	'pæk.ɪdʒ tuə	noun	<b>zájazd s cestovnou kanceláriou</b>	a holiday at a fixed price in which the travel company arranges your travel, hotels and sometimes meals for you	<i>Have you ever been on a package tour?</i>
<b>particularly</b>	pə'tɪkjə.lə.li	adverb	<b>obzvlášť, najmä</b>	especially	<i>I've loved every one of them, particularly the top five.</i>
<b>plan</b>	plæn	noun	<b>plán</b>	an arrangement for what you intend to do or how you intend to do something	<i>Have you got any holiday plans?</i>
<b>stay (with someone)</b>	steɪ	verb	<b>bývať (s niekym, u niekoho)</b>	to spend a short period of time in a place	<i>We're staying with friends.</i>
<b>tour</b>	tuə	noun	<b>prehliadka, výlet</b>	a visit to and around a place, area, or country	<i>Have you ever been on a bus tour of a famous city?</i>

## Lesson 7B

<b>(swimming) trunks</b>	('swɪm.ɪŋ) trʌŋks	noun	<b>pánske plavky</b>	a piece of clothing that boys and men wear when they swim	<i>Are these your swimming trunks?</i>
<b>bar (of something)</b>	bɑ: (əv 'sʌm.θɪŋ)	noun	<b>tyč/tyčinka, kocka (mydla)</b>	a small block of something solid	<i>I'm taking a bar of soap.</i>
<b>boot</b>	bu:t	noun	<b>čizma</b>	a strong shoe that covers your foot and part of your leg	<i>Are these your walking boots?</i>
<b>bottle</b>	'bɒt.(ə)l	noun	<b>flaša</b>	a container for liquids, usually made of glass or plastic, with a narrow top	<i>We usually take a bottle of wine.</i>
<b>chewing gum</b>	'tʃu:.ɪŋ ,ɡʌm	noun	<b>žuvačka</b>	a sweet substance that you chew but do not swallow	<i>There isn't much chewing gum.</i>
<b>gel</b>	dʒel	noun	<b>gél</b>	a thick, clear, liquid substance, especially one used on the hair or body	<i>There isn't much shaving gel.</i>
<b>insect repellent</b>	'ɪn.sekt rɪ'pel.ənt	noun	<b>repelent proti hmyzu</b>	a substance that you use to keep insects away	<i>I'm taking lots of insect repellent.</i>
<b>jacket</b>	'dʒæk.ɪt	noun	<b>sako</b>	a short coat	<i>There aren't any jackets.</i>
<b>make-up</b>	'meɪk.ʌp	noun	<b>líčidlá</b>	coloured substances that a woman puts on her face in order to make herself more attractive	<i>Do you need all that make-up?</i>
<b>packet</b>	'pæk.ɪt	noun	<b>balenie, balíček</b>	a small container that contains several of the same thing	<i>I'm taking a packet of tea.</i>
<b>pair (of)</b>	peə əv	noun	<b>pár, dva (množstvo)</b>	two things that look the same and that are used together	<i>I suppose you're taking lots of pairs of shoes.</i>
<b>perfume</b>	pɜ:'fju:m	noun	<b>parfém</b>	a liquid with a pleasant smell that women put on their skin	<i>Is that your perfume?</i>
<b>piece (of)</b>	pi:s (əv)	noun	<b>kus, kúsok (množstvo)</b>	an amount of something, or a part of something	<i>a piece of chewing gum</i>

razor	'reɪ.zə	noun	holiaci strojček (ručný)	a piece of equipment with a sharp blade used for removing hair from the face, legs, etc.	Is that your razor?
room	ru:m	noun	izba, miestnosť, priestor, miesto	space for things to fit into	Have you got any room in your suitcase?
sandal	'sæn.dəl	noun	sandále	a light shoe with straps that you wear in warm weather	Are these your sandals?
shampoo	ʃæm'pu:	noun	šampón	a liquid substance that you use to wash your hair	There isn't much shampoo.
shave	ʃeɪv	verb	(o)holiť sa	to cut hair off your face or body	There isn't much shaving gel.
shorts	ʃɔ:ts	noun	šortky	a very short pair of trousers that stop above the knees	Are these your shorts?
soap	səʊp	noun	mydlo	a substance that you use for washing	There isn't much soap.
sun cream	sʌn kri:m	noun	opal'ovací krém	a soft substance that you rub into your skin to protect it from the sun	Is there any sun cream?
sun hat	sʌn hæʔ	noun	klobúk, čiapka proti slnku	a hat to protect your head from the sun	Is that your sun hat?
sunglasses	'sʌn,glɑ:slz	noun	slnčné okuliare	dark glasses that you wear to protect your eyes from the sun	Are these your sunglasses?
swimming costume	'swɪm.ɪŋ kɒs.tju:m	noun	dámske plavky	a piece of clothing that you wear to go swimming	Is that your swimming costume?
tea	ti:	noun	čaj	a hot drink that you make by pouring water onto dried leaves, or the leaves that you use to make this drink	There's some tea.
toothbrush	'tu:θ.brʌʃ	noun	zubná kefka	a small brush that you use to clean your teeth	Is that your toothbrush?
toothpaste	'tu:θ.peɪst	noun	zubná pasta	a substance that you use to clean your teeth	There isn't much toothpaste.
towel	taʊəl	noun	uterák	a soft piece of cloth or paper that you use for drying yourself or for drying something	Is that your towel?
T-shirt	'ti:ʃɜ:t	noun	tričko	a piece of cotton clothing for the top part of the body with short sleeves and no collar	There are a few T-shirts.
tube (of)	tju:b (əv)	noun	tuba	a long, thin container for a soft substance, that you press to get the substance out	I'm taking a tube of toothpaste.

## Lesson 7C

(hot) spring	(hɒt) sprɪŋ	noun	(horúci) prameň	a place where water comes out of the ground	You can relax in the hot springs.
botanic garden	bə'tæn.ɪk 'gɑ:dn	noun	botanická záhrada	a garden, which is usually open to the public, where a wide range of plants are grown for scientific study and educational purposes	You can visit the botanic gardens.
castle	'kɑ:s(ə)l	noun	hrad	a large, strong building with towers and high walls, that was built in the past to protect the people inside from being attacked	You can go to the castle.
hostel	'hɒs.təl	noun	hostel	a place like a cheap hotel, where you can live when you are away from home or have no home	We spent a night in hostel.
massage	'mæs.ɑ:dʒ	noun	masáž	the activity of rubbing or pressing parts of someone's body in order to make them relax or to stop their muscles hurting	I went there for a massage.
prison cell	'prɪz.ən sel	noun	väzenská cela	a small room in a prison where a prisoner is kept	It felt like sleeping in a prison cell.
rafting	'rɑ:ft.ɪŋ	noun	rafting	the activity of travelling across water on a small rubber or plastic boat	Have you ever been rafting?
sauna	'sɔ:nə	noun	sauna	a room that is hot and filled with steam where people sit to relax or feel healthy	I went there for a swim and a sauna.

<b>snowboarding</b>	'snəʊ.bɔːdɪŋ	noun	<b>snowboarding</b>	a sport in which you stand on a large board and move over snow	<i>Have you ever been snowboarding?</i>
<b>volcano</b>	vɒl'keɪ.nəʊ	noun	<b>vulkán</b>	a mountain with a large hole at the top which sometimes explodes and produces hot, melted rock and smoke	<i>It looks like a volcano.</i>
<b>waterfall</b>	'wɔː.tə.fɔːl	noun	<b>vodopád</b>	a stream of water that flows from a high place, often to a pool below	<i>We visited a waterfall.</i>
<b>Lesson 7D</b>					
<b>activity</b>	æk'tɪv.ə.ti	noun	<b>aktivita, činnosť</b>	something which you do for enjoyment, especially an organized event	<i>outdoor activities</i>
<b>anywhere</b>	'en.i.weə	adverb	<b>kdekoľvek</b>	in or to any place	<i>It's a long way from anywhere.</i>
<b>available</b>	ə'veɪ.lə.bəl	adjective	<b>dostupný</b>	If something is available, you can use it or get it.	<i>There isn't another room available today.</i>
<b>basic</b>	'beɪ.sɪk	adjective	<b>základný</b>	very simple, with nothing special added	<i>All the rooms are basic but comfortable.</i>
<b>check-out</b>	'tʃek.aʊt	noun	<b>odhlásenie sa</b>	when you leave a hotel after paying your bill	<i>Check-out is at 12 o'clock.</i>
<b>comfortable</b>	'kʌmf.tə.b(ə)l	adjective	<b>pohodlný</b>	Comfortable furniture, clothes, rooms, etc make you feel relaxed and do not cause any pain.	<i>All the rooms are basic but comfortable.</i>
<b>complaint</b>	kəm'pleɪnt	noun	<b>sťažnosť</b>	when someone says that something is wrong or not satisfactory	<i>I've got a complaint.</i>
<b>double room</b>	'dʌb.əl ru:m	noun	<b>dvojlôžková izba</b>	a room in a hotel for two people	<i>A double room costs about \$180 a night.</i>
<b>enough</b>	ɪ'naʃ	adverb	<b>dost'</b>	as much as is necessary	<i>It isn't hot enough.</i>
<b>fix</b>	fɪks	verb	<b>opraviť, opravovať</b>	to repair something	<i>Could you ask someone to fix it?</i>
<b>fully</b>	'fʊ.li	adverb	<b>úplne</b>	completely	<i>We're fully booked.</i>
<b>guide</b>	gaɪd	noun	<b>sprievodca</b>	someone whose job is to show interesting places to visitors, or to help people get somewhere	<i>I went with an excellent guide.</i>
<b>I'm afraid</b>	aɪm ə'freɪd	phrase	<b>obávam sa</b>	used to politely tell someone bad news or to politely disagree with someone	<i>I'm afraid I've got a complaint.</i>
<b>late</b>	leɪt	adjective	<b>neskorý</b>	after the usual time or the time that was arranged	<i>Sorry we're late.</i>
<b>lift</b>	lɪft	noun	<b>výtah</b>	a machine that carries people up and down in tall buildings	<i>It's right next to the lift.</i>
<b>look at something</b>	lʊk ət 'sʌm.θɪŋ	phrasal verb	<b>pozrieť sa na niečo</b>	If an expert looks at something, they examine it.	<i>Would you mind sending someone to look at it?</i>
<b>magnificent</b>	mæg'nɪf.ɪ.sənt	adjective	<b>veľkolepý</b>	very good or very beautiful	<i>Don't leave without visiting the magnificent Huilo Huilo waterfall.</i>
<b>noisy</b>	'nɔɪ.zi	adjective	<b>hlučný</b>	Noisy people or things make a lot of noise.	<i>It's much too noisy.</i>
<b>outdoor</b>	ˌaʊt'dɔː	adjective	<b>vonkajší, dejúci sa vonku</b>	happening, used, or in a place that is outside and not inside a building	<i>outdoor activities</i>
<b>plant</b>	plɑːnt	noun	<b>rastlina</b>	a living thing that grows in the soil or water and has leaves and roots, especially one that is smaller than a tree	<i>I learned all about the trees, plants, animals and birds on the reserve.</i>
<b>recommend</b>	ˌrek.ə'mend	verb	<b>odporučiť</b>	to say that someone or something is good or suitable for a particular purpose	<i>I can personally recommend cell 107.</i>
<b>reserve</b>	rɪ'zɜːv	noun	<b>prírodná rezervácia</b>	an area of land where animals and plants are protected	<i>I learned all about the trees, plants, animals and birds on the reserve.</i>

<b>room</b>	ru:m	noun	<b>miestnosť, izba</b>	a part of the inside of a building, which is separated from other parts by walls, floors, and ceilings	<i>There isn't another room available today.</i>
<b>room service</b>	ru:m 'sɜ:vis	noun	<b>izbová služba</b>	in a hotel, room service is when someone serves you food and drink in your room	<i>I'll ask room service to get you some more.</i>
<b>send</b>	send	verb	<b>poslať, posielat'</b>	to make someone go somewhere	<i>Would you mind sending someone to look at it?</i>
<b>shower</b>	'ʃaʊ.ə	noun	<b>sprcha</b>	a piece of bathroom equipment that you stand under to wash your whole body	<i>I think there's something wrong with the shower.</i>
<b>sightseeing</b>	'saɪ.sɪ:ɪŋ	noun	<b>prezeranie pamätihodností</b>	the activity of visiting places which are interesting because they are historical, famous, etc	<i>go sightseeing</i>
<b>unusual</b>	ʌn'ju:zʊ.əl	adjective	<b>neobvyklý, nezvyčajný</b>	different and not ordinary, often in a way that is interesting or exciting	<i>What is unusual about the hostel?</i>
<b>wonder (if)</b>	'wʌn.də (if)	verb	<b>zaujímat' sa</b>	used to politely ask someone for something or to suggest something	<i>I wonder if I could have more towels please.</i>
<b>wrong</b>	rɒŋ	adjective	<b>nesprávny</b>	If something is wrong, there is a problem.	<i>I think there's something wrong with the shower.</i>

## Lesson 8A

<b>ages</b>	'eɪdʒ.ɪz	noun	<b>veky, roky, večnosť</b>	a very long time	<i>for ages</i>
<b>air conditioning</b>	'eə ,kən'dɪʃ.ən.ɪŋ	noun	<b>klimatizácia</b>	a system that keeps the air cool in a building or car	<i>We've got air conditioning.</i>
<b>balcony</b>	'bæl.kə.ni	noun	<b>balkón</b>	a small area joined to the wall outside a room on a high level where you can stand or sit	<i>It's got a balcony.</i>
<b>both</b>	bəʊθ	quantifier	<b>obidvaja, obidva</b>	used to talk about two people or things	<i>We both lost our jobs at the same time.</i>
<b>busy</b>	'bɪz.i	adjective	<b>rušný</b>	A busy place is full of activity or people.	<i>It's on a busy road.</i>
<b>central heating</b>	'sen.trəl hi:tɪŋ	noun	<b>ústredné kúrenie</b>	a system of heating a building by warming air or water in one place and carrying it to different rooms in pipes	<i>We've got gas central heating.</i>
<b>close (to)</b>	kləʊs (tə)	adjective	<b>blízko (k, ku...)</b>	near in distance	<i>It's close to a park.</i>
<b>direction</b>	dɪ'rekʃən	noun	<b>smer</b>	the way that someone or something is going or facing	<i>You can see for miles in every direction.</i>
<b>fashionable</b>	'fæʃ.ən.ə.bəl	adjective	<b>módny, moderný, obl'úbený, populárny</b>	popular at a particular time	<i>It's in a fashionable part of town.</i>
<b>floor</b>	flɔ:	noun	<b>podlaha</b>	a particular level of a building	<i>It's on the top floor.</i>
<b>garden</b>	'gɑ:.dən	noun	<b>záhrada</b>	an area of ground belonging to a house, often containing grass, flowers, or trees	<i>It's got a garden.</i>
<b>ground floor</b>	'graʊnd ,flɔ:	noun	<b>prízemie</b>	the level of a building which is on the ground	<i>It's on the ground floor.</i>
<b>large</b>	lɑ:dʒ	adjective	<b>veľký, rozľahlý</b>	big in size or amount	<i>My house is quite large.</i>
<b>lighthouse</b>	'laɪt.haʊs	noun	<b>maják</b>	a tall building on the coast containing a large light which warns ships that there are rocks	<i>I live in a lighthouse on the west coast of Scotland.</i>
<b>long (way from)</b>	lɒŋ (weɪ frəm)	adjective	<b>ďaleko od</b>	having a large distance from one end to the other	<i>It's a long way from a park.</i>
<b>miles</b>	maɪlz	noun (plural)	<b>míle</b>	a very long distance	<i>You can see for miles in every direction.</i>
<b>motorhome</b>	'məʊ.tə.həʊm	noun	<b>karavan</b>	a large motor vehicle that is designed to be lived in while travelling. It contains cooking equipment, one or more beds, and sometimes a toilet.	<i>I live in a motorhome with my husband.</i>

<b>on your own</b>	ɒn jɔː əʊn	<i>pronoun</i>	<b>sám/sama</b>	alone	<i>I enjoy being on my own.</i>
<b>perfect</b>	'pɜː.fekt	<i>adjective</i>	<b>perfektný</b>	exactly right for someone or something	<i>This place is perfect for me.</i>
<b>quiet</b>	'kwaɪ.ət	<i>adjective</i>	<b>tichý, pokojný</b>	without much noise or activity	<i>It's on a quiet road.</i>
<b>spacious</b>	'speɪ.ʃəs	<i>adjective</i>	<b>priestranný</b>	large and with a lot of space	<i>My house is quite spacious.</i>
<b>stairs</b>	steəz	<i>noun</i>	<b>schody</b>	a set of steps from one level in a building to another	<i>I have to walk up and down stairs a lot.</i>
<b>sunset</b>	'sʌn.set	<i>noun</i>	<b>západ slnka</b>	when the sun disappears in the evening and the sky becomes dark	<i>The sunsets are fantastic.</i>
<b>top (floor)</b>	tɒp (flɔːr)	<i>adjective</i>	<b>najvyššie poschodie</b>	at the highest part of something	<i>It's on the top floor.</i>
<b>view</b>	vjuː	<i>noun</i>	<b>výhľad</b>	the things that you can see from a place	<i>It's got a great view.</i>
<b>waitress</b>	'weɪ.trəs	<i>noun</i>	<b>časníčka</b>	a woman who works in a restaurant, bringing food to customers	<i>I was a waitress.</i>
<b>windy</b>	'wɪn.di	<i>adjective</i>	<b>veterný</b>	with a lot of wind	<i>It can get very cold and windy in winter.</i>

## Lesson 8B

<b>accept (an invitation)</b>	ək'sept (ən ,ɪnvi'teɪʃən)	<i>verb</i>	<b>prijat' (pozvanie)</b>	to agree to take something that is offered to you	<i>accept an invitation</i>
<b>arrive</b>	ə'raɪv	<i>verb</i>	<b>prít', doraziť</b>	to get to a place	<i>You shouldn't arrive late.</i>
<b>bow</b>	baʊ	<i>verb</i>	<b>ukloniť, pokloniť sa</b>	to bend your head or body forward in order to show respect or to thank an audience	<i>It's polite to bow to people you don't know.</i>
<b>cheek</b>	tʃi:k	<i>noun</i>	<b>líce</b>	the soft part of your face below your eye	<i>It's OK to kiss people you don't know on the cheek.</i>
<b>delicious</b>	dɪ'lɪʃəs	<i>adjective</i>	<b>vynikajúci, veľmi chutný</b>	If food or drink is delicious, it smells or tastes extremely good.	<i>Mmm, this is delicious!</i>
<b>early</b>	'ɜː.li	<i>adjective</i>	<b>skoro</b>	before the usual time or the time that was arranged	<i>You shouldn't arrive early.</i>
<b>greet</b>	grɪt	<i>verb</i>	<b>pozdraviť</b>	to welcome someone	<i>How did you greet them?</i>
<b>guest</b>	gest	<i>noun</i>	<b>host'</b>	someone who comes to visit you in your home, at a party, etc.	<i>How many guests were there?</i>
<b>host</b>	həʊst	<i>noun</i>	<b>hostitel'</b>	someone who organizes a party and invites the guests	<i>Who was the host?</i>
<b>hostess</b>	'həʊ.stes	<i>noun</i>	<b>hostitel'ka</b>	a woman who organizes a party and invites the guests	<i>Who was the hostess?</i>
<b>immediately</b>	ɪ'miːdi.ət.li	<i>adverb</i>	<b>ihneď, okamžite</b>	now or without waiting or thinking about something	<i>You shouldn't leave immediately after the meal.</i>
<b>invitation</b>	,ɪn.vɪ'teɪ.ʃən	<i>noun</i>	<b>pozvánka</b>	when someone invites you to do something or go somewhere	<i>accept an invitation</i>
<b>kiss (someone on the cheek)</b>	kɪs ('sʌm.wʌn ɒn ðə tʃi:k)	<i>verb</i>	<b>pobozkat' (niekoho na líce)</b>	to press your lips against another person's lips or skin to show love or affection	<i>It's OK to kiss people you don't know on the cheek.</i>
<b>OK</b>	,əʊ'keɪ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>dobre</b>	agreed or acceptable	<i>It's OK to smoke without asking.</i>
<b>on time</b>	ɒn taɪm	<i>phrase</i>	<b>načas</b>	not early or late	<i>You should arrive on time.</i>



<b>present</b>	'prez.ənt	noun	<b>darček</b>	something that you give to someone, usually for a particular occasion	<i>I need to buy some presents for my family.</i>
<b>refuse (an invitation)</b>	rɪ'fju:z (ən ,ɪn.vɪ'teɪ.ʃən)	verb	<b>odmietnuť (pozvanie)</b>	to say that you will not do or accept something	<i>refuse an invitation</i>
<b>shake hands</b>	ʃeɪk hændz	verb	<b>potriast' rukami, podať si ruky</b>	to hold someone's hand and move it up and down when you meet them for the first time, or when you make an agreement with them	<i>It's polite to shake hands with people you don't know.</i>
<b>smoke</b>	sməʊk	verb	<b>fajčiť</b>	to breathe smoke into your mouth from a cigarette	<i>It's OK to smoke without asking.</i>
<b>the sights</b>	ðə saɪts	noun	<b>pamätihodnosti</b>	the beautiful or interesting places in a city or country, that a lot of people visit	<i>Sam should take you to London to see the sights.</i>
<b>wear</b>	weə	verb	<b>nosiť, mať na sebe</b>	to have a piece of clothing, jewellery, etc. on your body	<i>What are you going to wear?</i>

## Lesson 8C

<b>admire</b>	əd'maɪə	verb	<b>obdivovať</b>	to respect or approve of someone or something	<i>In an Arab family's home don't admire anything valuable.</i>
<b>avoid</b>	ə'vɔɪd	verb	<b>vyhnúť sa</b>	to prevent something from happening	<i>Avoid leaving empty bottles on the dinner table.</i>
<b>bad luck</b>	bæd lʌk	noun	<b>smola</b>	bad things caused by chance and not by your own actions	<i>That's bad luck.</i>
<b>body language</b>	'bɒd.i ,læŋ.gwɪdʒ	noun	<b>reč tela</b>	the way you move your body, that shows people what you are feeling	<i>Write tips about body language in your country.</i>
<b>carefully</b>	'keə.fə.li	adverb	<b>opatrne</b>	in a careful manner	<i>Read the card carefully.</i>
<b>death</b>	deθ	noun	<b>smrť, úmrtie</b>	the end of life	<i>Knives and scissors are a symbol of death in Japan.</i>
<b>doorway</b>	'dɔ:weɪ	noun	<b>vchod, prechod</b>	an entrance to a building or room through a door	<i>Never shake hands in a doorway.</i>
<b>dos and don'ts</b>	ˌdu:z ə 'dəʊntz	phrase	<b>radý ako na to, čo robiť a čo nerobiť</b>	rules about what you must do and must not do in a particular situation	<i>Write tips about dos and don'ts in your country.</i>
<b>empty</b>	'emp.ti	adjective	<b>prázdný</b>	If something is empty, it does not contain any things or people.	<i>empty bottles</i>
<b>even (number)</b>	ˌi:vən 'nʌm.bər	adjective	<b>párne (číslo)</b>	An even number is a number which can be exactly divided by two, for example four, six, or eight.	<i>An even number is unlucky.</i>
<b>expect</b>	ɪk'spekt	verb	<b>očakávať</b>	to think that someone should behave in a particular way or do a particular thing	<i>People in the Middle East expect a lot of eye contact.</i>
<b>eye contact</b>	'aɪ ,kɒn.tækt	noun	<b>očný kontakt</b>	If two people make eye contact, they look at each other at the same time.	<i>In Asian countries a lot of eye contact seems aggressive.</i>
<b>finish</b>	'fɪn.ɪʃ	verb	<b>skončiť</b>	to complete something, or come to the end of an activity	<i>You must wait until they finish.</i>
<b>funeral</b>	'fju:.nərə:l	noun	<b>pohreb</b>	a ceremony for burying or burning the body of a dead person	<i>In Turkey, people give white flowers at funerals.</i>
<b>greedy</b>	'gri:di	adjective	<b>chamtivý, nenásytný</b>	wanting a lot more food, money, etc. than you need	<i>If you accept it immediately, people might think you're greedy.</i>
<b>interrupt</b>	ˌɪn.tə'rʌpt	verb	<b>prerušit', prerušovať</b>	to stop someone while they are talking or doing something, by saying or doing something yourself	<i>It's rude to interrupt people while they are talking.</i>
<b>keep</b>	ki:p	verb	<b>nechať, ponechať si</b>	to have something permanently or for the whole of a period of time	<i>You should keep the present and open it when you get home.</i>
<b>knife</b>	naɪf	noun	<b>nôž</b>	a sharp tool or weapon for cutting, usually with a metal blade and a handle	<i>Knives are a bad present to give in Japan.</i>
<b>leave</b>	li:v	verb	<b>nechať, zanechať</b>	to not use all of something	<i>You should try to leave a bit of food on your plate.</i>

<b>odd (number)</b>	ɒd 'nʌm.bə	<i>adjective</i>	<b>nepárne (číslo)</b>	An odd number does not produce a whole number when it is divided by two.	<i>You must give an odd number of flowers.</i>
<b>plate</b>	pleɪt	<i>noun</i>	<b>tanier</b>	a flat, round object which is used for putting food on	<i>You should try to leave a bit of food on your plate.</i>
<b>pocket</b>	'pɒk.ɪt	<i>noun</i>	<b>vrecko</b>	a small bag that is sewn or fixed onto or into a piece of clothing, a bag, the back of a seat, etc.	<i>Don't just put it in your pocket.</i>
<b>point (at)</b>	pɔɪnt (ət)	<i>verb</i>	<b>ukázať (na niečo/niekohto), ukazovať určitým smerom</b>	to hold something so that it faces towards something else	<i>In Thailand it's rude to point your feet at people.</i>
<b>public transport</b>	'pʌb.lɪk 'træn.spɔ:t	<i>noun</i>	<b>verejná doprava</b>	a system of vehicles such as buses and trains which operate at regular times and that the public use	<i>What's the public transport like?</i>
<b>seem</b>	si:m	<i>verb</i>	<b>zdať sa</b>	to give the effect of being; to be judged to be	<i>In Asian countries a lot of eye contact seems aggressive.</i>
<b>space</b>	speɪs	<i>noun</i>	<b>preiester</b>	an empty area which is available to be used	<i>You need to give people more personal space.</i>
<b>stand</b>	stænd	<i>verb</i>	<b>stáť, postaviť sa (niekam)</b>	to be in a vertical position on your feet	<i>It's OK to stand quite close to people in South America.</i>
<b>touch</b>	tʌtʃ	<i>verb</i>	<b>dotknúť sa, dotýkať sa</b>	to put your hand on something	<i>In Thailand it's rude to touch people's heads.</i>
<b>try</b>	traɪ	<i>verb</i>	<b>skúsiť, skúšať</b>	to attempt to do something	<i>You should try to leave a bit of food on your plate.</i>
<b>valuable</b>	'væl.ju.bəl	<i>adjective</i>	<b>hodnotný, cenný</b>	Valuable objects could be sold for a lot of money.	<i>Don't admire anything valuable.</i>
<b>wait</b>	wert	<i>verb</i>	<b>počkať, čakať</b>	to not do something until something else happens	<i>You must wait until they finish.</i>

## Lesson 8D

<b>accent</b>	'æksənt	<i>noun</i>	<b>prízvuk</b>	the way in which someone pronounces words, influenced by the country or area they come from, or their social class	<i>Sometimes the accent can be a bit hard to understand.</i>
<b>basically</b>	'beɪ.sɪkli	<i>adverb</i>	<b>v podstate, vlastne</b>	used to introduce a short explanation about something	<i>Basically, it's one long party for three days and nights.</i>
<b>bland</b>	blænd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>bez chuti</b>	If food is bland, it does not have much taste.	<i>It's quite bland.</i>
<b>capital</b>	'kæp.ɪ.təl	<i>noun</i>	<b>hlavné mesto</b>	the most important city in a country or state, where the government is based	<i>a capital city</i>
<b>changeable</b>	'tʃeɪn.dʒə.bəl	<i>adjective</i>	<b>premenlivý</b>	often changing, or likely to change	<i>It's quite changeable.</i>
<b>cosmopolitan</b>	ˌkɒz.mə'pɒl.ɪ.tən	<i>adjective</i>	<b>kozmpolitný</b>	consisting of people and things from many different countries	<i>It's quite cosmopolitan.</i>
<b>dish</b>	dɪʃ	<i>noun</i>	<b>pokrm</b>	food that is prepared in a particular way as part of a meal	<i>We have some very tasty Irish dishes.</i>
<b>dry</b>	draɪ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>suchý</b>	with no or not much rain	<i>It's often dry.</i>
<b>freezing</b>	'fri:z.ɪŋ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>mrazivý</b>	very cold	<i>It's freezing in winter.</i>
<b>hard</b>	hɑ:d	<i>adjective</i>	<b>ťažký, zložitý</b>	difficult to do or understand	<i>Sometimes the accent can be a bit hard to understand.</i>
<b>healthy</b>	'hel.θi	<i>adjective</i>	<b>zdravý</b>	good for your health	<i>It's quite healthy.</i>
<b>industrial</b>	ɪn'dʌs.tri.əl	<i>adjective</i>	<b>priemyselný</b>	with a lot of factories	<i>Parts of it are very industrial.</i>
<b>long</b>	lɒŋ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>dlhý</b>	continuing for a large amount of time	<i>Basically, it's one long party for three days and nights.</i>

<b>modern</b>	'mɒd.ən	<i>adjective</i>	<b>moderný</b>	using the newest ideas, design, technology, etc and not traditional	<i>Parts of Dublin are very modern.</i>
<b>party</b>	'pa:ti	<i>noun</i>	<b>párty, večierok</b>	an event where people enjoy themselves by talking, eating, drinking, and dancing	<i>Basically, it's one long party for three days and nights.</i>
<b>polluted</b>	pə'lu:tɪd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>znečistený</b>	dirty or harmful to people, animals and plants	<i>It's very polluted.</i>
<b>quite</b>	kwaɪt	<i>adverb</i>	<b>celkom</b>	a little or a lot but not completely	<i>It's often quite wet and windy.</i>
<b>reserved</b>	rɪ'zɜ:vɪd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>zdržanlivý</b>	not wanting to show what you are thinking or feeling	<i>The people are very reserved.</i>
<b>sociable</b>	'səʊ.fə.bəl	<i>adjective</i>	<b>spoločenský</b>	Someone who is sociable enjoys being with people and meeting new people.	<i>Dubliners are very sociable.</i>
<b>spicy</b>	'spaɪ.sɪ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>korenistý, pikantný</b>	containing strong flavours from spice	<i>We have some very spicy dishes.</i>
<b>tasty</b>	'teɪ.stɪ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>chutný</b>	Food which is tasty has a good flavour and is nice to eat.	<i>We have some very tasty Irish dishes.</i>
<b>touristy</b>	'tuə.rɪ.stɪ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>turistický</b>	describes a place which is not attractive because a lot of tourists visit it and it is full of things for them to buy and do	<i>The city centre's a bit touristy.</i>
<b>understand</b>	ˌʌn.də'stænd	<i>verb</i>	<b>(po)rozumieť</b>	to know the meaning of something that someone says	<i>Sometimes the accent can be a bit hard to understand.</i>
<b>welcoming</b>	'wel.kəm.ɪŋ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>vítudny, príjemný</b>	friendly or making you feel welcome	<i>The people are very welcoming.</i>
<b>wet</b>	wet	<i>adjective</i>	<b>mokrý, daždivý</b>	raining	<i>It's often quite wet.</i>
<b>What is someone/something like?</b>	wɒt ɪz 'sʌm.wʌn / 'sʌm.θɪŋ laɪk	<i>phrase</i>	<b>Aký je/Aké to je?</b>	something you say when you want someone to describe someone or something	<i>What's Dublin like?</i>

## Lesson 9A

<b>(get) lost</b>	(get) lɒst	<i>verb</i>	<b>ztratiť sa</b>	not knowing where you are or where you should go	<i>I often get lost in new cities.</i>
<b>after</b>	'ɑ:f.tə	<i>conjunction</i>	<b>potom, po</b>	at a later time than something else happens	<i>I'll phone the hotel after I talk to him.</i>
<b>as soon as</b>	əz 'su:n əz	<i>phrase</i>	<b>čo najskôr, hneď ako</b>	at the same time or a very short time after	<i>As soon as I finish the report, I'll go to the bank.</i>
<b>by</b>	baɪ	<i>preposition</i>	<b>do (časový údaj)</b>	not later than a particular time or date	<i>If we don't get there by five, we'll miss the plane.</i>
<b>flight</b>	flaɪt	<i>noun</i>	<b>let</b>	a journey in an aircraft	<i>We'll have to get the next flight.</i>
<b>forget</b>	fə'get	<i>verb</i>	<b>zabudnúť, zabúdať</b>	to be unable to remember a fact, something that happened, or how to do something	<i>I often forget birthdays.</i>
<b>in time</b>	ɪn taɪm	<i>phrase</i>	<b>včas</b>	early or at the right time	<i>We won't get there in time.</i>
<b>last</b>	lɑ:st	<i>adverb</i>	<b>naposledy</b>	used to talk about the most recent time you did something	<i>Where did you put them last?</i>
<b>lose (your keys/mobile)</b>	lu:z (jə ki:z / 'məʊ.baɪl)	<i>verb</i>	<b>ztratiť</b>	to not be able to find someone or something	<i>I often lose my keys.</i>
<b>miss (a plane/train)</b>	mɪs (ə pleɪn / treɪn)	<i>verb</i>	<b>zmeškat'</b>	to arrive too late to get on a bus, train, or aircraft	<i>If we don't get there by five, we'll miss the plane.</i>
<b>number</b>	'nʌm.bə	<i>noun</i>	<b>číslo (telefónne)</b>	a group of numbers that represents something	<i>Have you got the number of a taxi company?</i>
<b>oversleep</b>	ˌəʊ.və'sli:p	<i>verb</i>	<b>zaspať</b>	to sleep longer than you had intended	<i>I often oversleep on Monday mornings.</i>

<b>pack</b>	pæk	verb	<b>(za)balit'</b>	to put your things into bags or boxes when you are going on holiday or leaving the place where you live	<i>I'll pack before I go to bed.</i>
<b>run out</b>	rʌn aʊt	phrasal verb	<b>minút', vyčerpat'</b>	to use all of something so that there is none left	<i>We've run out of time</i>
<b>satnav</b>	'sæt.næv	noun	<b>satelitná navigácia</b>	abbreviation for satellite navigation: a system of computers and satellites equipment that is sent into space around the Earth to receive and send signals, used in cars and other places to tell a user where they are or where something is	<i>Why have you turned off the satnav?</i>
<b>stuck</b>	stʌk	adjective	<b>uviaznutý, zaseknutý</b>	not able to move anywhere	<i>We're stuck in traffic.</i>
<b>traffic</b>	'træf.ɪk	noun	<b>premávka, doprava</b>	the cars, trucks, etc. using a road	<i>We're stuck in traffic.</i>
<b>wallet</b>	'wɒl.ɪt	noun	<b>peněženka</b>	a small, flat container for paper money and credit cards plastic cards used for paying with, usually used by a man	<i>I left my wallet at home.</i>

## Lesson 9B

<b>depressed</b>	dɪ'prest	adjective	<b>skl'účený, deprimovaný</b>	very unhappy, often for a long time	<i>I was quite depressed for a few weeks.</i>
<b>embarrassed</b>	ɪm'bær.əst	adjective	<b>v rozpakoch, cítiť sa trápne</b>	feeling ashamed or shy	<i>I was quite embarrassed for a few weeks.</i>
<b>energy</b>	'en.ədʒi	noun	<b>energia</b>	the power and ability to be very active without becoming tired	<i>I don't have enough energy to do anything.</i>
<b>fed up</b>	,fed 'ʌp	adjective	<b>otrávený, znechutený, mať niečoho po krk, plné zuby</b>	annoyed or bored by something that you have experienced for too long	<i>All this is making me very fed up.</i>
<b>guilty</b>	'gɪl.ti	adjective	<b>previnilý, vinný</b>	ashamed because you have done something wrong	<i>I feel a bit guilty.</i>
<b>lonely</b>	'ləʊn.li	adjective	<b>osamelý</b>	unhappy because you are not with other people	<i>It can be quite lonely.</i>
<b>make faces</b>	meɪk 'feɪs.ɪz	phrase	<b>robiť grimasy</b>	to make silly expressions with your face in order to try and make people laugh	<i>He makes some funny faces.</i>
<b>pleased</b>	plɪ:zd	adjective	<b>potešený, byť rád/rada (že...)</b>	happy or satisfied	<i>I'm just pleased that he's a healthy baby.</i>
<b>stressed</b>	strest	adjective	<b>vystresovaný</b>	worried and not able to relax	<i>I'm less stressed now</i>
<b>too</b>	tu:	adverb	<b>príliš</b>	used before adjectives and adverbs to mean 'more than is allowed, necessary, possible, etc.	<i>I get upset when he says he's got too much work.</i>
<b>upset</b>	ʌp'set	adjective	<b>rozčúlený, znepokojený</b>	unhappy or worried because something unpleasant has happened	<i>I get upset when he says he's got too much work.</i>

## Lesson 9C

<b>(the) public</b>	(ðə) 'pʌb.lɪk	noun	<b>verejnost'</b>	relating to or involving people in general, rather than being limited to a particular group of people	<i>We sent our reporter to find out what the public think.</i>
<b>bar</b>	bɑ:	noun	<b>bar</b>	a place where alcoholic drinks are sold and drunk, or the area behind the person serving the drinks	<i>late-night bars</i>
<b>drive someone crazy</b>	draɪv 'sʌm.wʌn 'kreɪ.zi	phrase	<b>privádzať niekoho do zúfalstva, zúrivosti</b>	to annoy somebody a lot	<i>It drives us crazy.</i>
<b>evening class</b>	'i:vn.ɪŋ (kla:s)	noun	<b>večerný kurz</b>	a class intended for adults rather than children which happens in the evening	<i>I was doing evening classes twice a week.</i>
<b>fault</b>	fɔ:lt	noun	<b>vina</b>	something that is wrong with something or with someone's character	<i>It's not really their fault.</i>
<b>get on</b>	get ɒn	phrasal verb	<b>vychádzať s niekým</b>	If two or more people get on, they like each other and are friendly to each other.	<i>I get on well with all my neighbours.</i>

<b>give up</b>	,gɪv 'ʌp	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>vzdať sa (niečoho), prestať</b>	to stop doing something before you have completed it, usually because it is too difficult	<i>I've had to give up evening classes.</i>
<b>go away</b>	gəʊ ə'weɪ	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>odísť</b>	to leave a place	<i>They just tell me to go away.</i>
<b>go on</b>	,gəʊ 'ɒn	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>trvať, pokračovať</b>	to last for a particular period of time	<i>They have parties that go on all night.</i>
<b>move in</b>	mu:v ɪn	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>nasťahovať sa</b>	to begin living in a new home	<i>A new couple have moved in next door.</i>
<b>nightmare</b>	'naɪt.meə	<i>noun</i>	<b>nočná mora, zlý sen</b>	a very unpleasant experience	<i>These people are a nightmare.</i>
<b>park</b>	pɑ:k	<i>verb</i>	<b>parkovať</b>	to leave a vehicle in a particular place for a period of time	<i>There aren't enough places to park.</i>
<b>put up with someone / something</b>	put ʌp wɪð 'sʌm.wʌn / 'sʌm.θɪŋ	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>tolerovať, znášať niekoho/niečo</b>	to accept unpleasant behaviour or an unpleasant situation, although you do not like it	<i>I just can't put up with the noise any longer.</i>
<b>reader</b>	'ri:.də	<i>noun</i>	<b>čitateľ/ka</b>	someone who reads	<i>Do your readers have any advice for me?</i>
<b>rented</b>	'ren.tɪd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>prenajatý</b>	describes something that you rent	<i>a rented flat</i>
<b>reporter</b>	rɪ'pɔ:..tə	<i>noun</i>	<b>reportér/ka</b>	someone whose job is to discover information about news events and describe them on television, radio, or in a newspaper	<i>We sent our reporter to find out what the public think.</i>
<b>sit down</b>	'sɪt daʊn	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>posadiť sa</b>	to move your body so that the lower part of it is resting on a seat or on the ground	<i>When I get home, sit down in front of the TV and fall asleep.</i>
<b>turn up</b>	'tɜ:n ʌp	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>dorazit, prísť, ukázať sa</b>	to arrive	<i>Sometimes their friends turn up at their flat at two in the morning.</i>

## Lesson 9D

<b>(would) love</b>	wʊd lʌv / wəd lʌv	<i>verb</i>	<b>veľmi rád (by som ...)</b>	to enjoy something very much or have a strong interest in something	<i>Yes, I'd love to.</i>
<b>come round</b>	,kʌm 'raʊnd	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>zastaviť sa, navštíviť</b>	to visit someone at their house	<i>Would you like to come round for a meal on Saturday?</i>
<b>free</b>	fri:	<i>adjective</i>	<b>voľný</b>	not busy doing anything	<i>Are you free on Tuesday evening?</i>
<b>great</b>	greɪt	<i>adjective</i>	<b>skvelý</b>	very good	<i>Yes, that'd be great.</i>
<b>lucky</b>	'lʌki	<i>adjective</i>	<b>šťastný (majúci šťastie)</b>	having good things happen to you	<i>Wow, lucky him.</i>
<b>part-time</b>	,pɑ:t'taɪm	<i>adjective</i>	<b>čiastočný (úväzok), dialkové štúdium</b>	working or studying only for part of the day or the week	<i>I'm a receptionist there, but it's only part-time.</i>
<b>shame</b>	ʃeɪm	<i>noun</i>	<b>škoda, smola</b>	an unlucky situation	<i>That's a shame.</i>
<b>wow</b>	wəʊ	<i>exclamation</i>	<b>vau</b>	something that you say to show surprise, excitement, admiration, etc.	<i>Wow, lucky him.</i>

## Lesson 10A

<b>(make a) living</b>	(meɪk ə) lɪvɪŋ	<i>noun</i>	<b>(zarobiť si, zarábať si na) živobytie</b>	the money that you earn from your job	<i>About 500,000 people make their living by selling things on the website.</i>
<b>apartment</b>	ə'pɑ:t.mənt	<i>noun</i>	<b>byt</b>	a set of rooms for someone to live in on one level of a building or house	<i>He started eBay in his apartment.</i>
<b>autograph</b>	'ɔ:..tə.grɑ:f	<i>noun</i>	<b>autogram</b>	a famous person's name, written by that person	<i>You can buy autographs of famous footballers.</i>
<b>build</b>	bɪld	<i>verb</i>	<b>stavať, budovať</b>	to make something by putting materials and parts together	<i>My house was built about 100 years ago.</i>

<b>change</b>	tʃeɪndʒ	verb	<b>zmeniť</b>	to become different, or to make someone or something become different	<i>He changed the name to ebay in 1997.</i>
<b>comic</b>	'kɒm.ɪk	noun	<b>komiks</b>	a magazine with stories told in pictures	<i>The previous record for a comic was £631,871.</i>
<b>design</b>	dɪ'zaɪn	verb	<b>dizajn, návrh</b>	to draw or plan something before making it	<i>This poster was designed for the classic 1933 film King Kong.</i>
<b>direct</b>	dɪ'rekt	verb	<b>režirovať</b>	to tell the actors in a film or play what to do	<i>My favourite film was directed by Steven Spielberg.</i>
<b>even</b>	'iː.vən	adverb	<b>dokonca</b>	used to emphasize something that is surprising	<i>You can even get David Beckham's autograph for as little as £5.</i>
<b>grow</b>	grəʊ	verb	<b>pestovať (rást')</b>	If a plant grows, or you grow it, it develops from a seed to a full plant.	<i>Rice isn't grown in the UK.</i>
<b>invent</b>	ɪn'vent	verb	<b>vynájsť</b>	to design or create something that has never existed before	<i>The telephone was invented over 100 years ago.</i>
<b>item</b>	'aɪ.təm	noun	<b>príspevok, článok, správa, položka</b>	an object	<i>Do people always pay a lot for items of memorabilia?</i>
<b>lyrics</b>	'lɪr.ɪks	noun	<b>text piesne</b>	the words of a song	<i>The handwritten lyrics of a Beatle song were bought for £810,000.</i>
<b>manufacture</b>	ˌmæn.ju'fækt.tʃə	verb	<b>vyrábať</b>	to produce something, usually in large numbers in a factory	<i>My mobile phone was manufactured in Asia.</i>
<b>memorabilia</b>	ˌmem.ə.r.ə'brɪ.lɪ.ə	noun	<b>suveníř</b>	objects relating to famous people or events that people collect	<i>Do people always pay a lot for memorabilia?</i>
<b>paint</b>	peɪnt	verb	<b>(na)malovať</b>	to produce a picture of something or someone using paint	<i>It was painted about 100 years ago.</i>
<b>postage</b>	'pəʊ.stɪdʒ	noun	<b>poštovné</b>	money that you pay to send a letter or parcel	<i>Don't forget to pay the postage!</i>
<b>previous</b>	'priː.vi.əs	adjective	<b>predchádzajúci</b>	existing or happening before something or someone else	<i>The previous record for a comic was £631,871.</i>
<b>publish</b>	'pʌb.lɪʃ	verb	<b>publikovať</b>	to prepare and print a book, newspaper, magazine, article, etc. so that people can buy it	<i>This book was published by Cambridge University Press.</i>
<b>record</b>	're.kɔ:d	noun	<b>rekord</b>	the best, biggest, longest, tallest, etc	<i>The previous record for a comic was £631,871.</i>
<b>write</b>	raɪt	verb	<b>písať</b>	to create a book, story, article, etc or a piece of music	<i>My favourite book was written by Charles Dickens.</i>

## Lesson 10B

<b>anybody</b>	'en.i.bɒd.i	pronoun	<b>ktokoľvek, hocikto</b>	another word for anyone	<i>Did anyone buy their clothes for them?</i>
<b>anything</b>	'en.i.θɪŋ	pronoun	<b>čokoľvek, hocičo</b>	any object, event, or situation	<i>Men didn't use to have anything like that.</i>
<b>attitude</b>	'ætɪ.tʃu:d	noun	<b>postoj, stanovisko</b>	how you think or feel about something and how this makes you behave	<i>Attitudes to shopping have changed over the years.</i>
<b>credit card</b>	'kred.ɪt ,kɑ:d	noun	<b>kreditná karta</b>	a small plastic card that allows you to buy something and pay for it later	<i>People didn't used to have credit cards.</i>
<b>department store</b>	dɪ'pɑ:t.mənt ,stɔ:	noun	<b>obchodný dom</b>	a large shop divided into several different parts which sell different types of things	<i>London's first department store</i>
<b>everybody</b>	'ev.rɪ.bɒd.i	pronoun	<b>každý, všetci</b>	another word for everyone	<i>Everybody used to use the same currency as they do now.</i>
<b>everything</b>	'ev.rɪ.θɪŋ	pronoun	<b>všetko</b>	all things or each thing	<i>Everything used to cost less than it does now.</i>
<b>everywhere</b>	'ev.rɪ.weə	adverb	<b>všade</b>	in or to every place	<i>Now you can buy them everywhere.</i>

<b>frozen</b>	'frəʊ.zən	<i>adjective</i>	<b>mrazený</b>	Frozen food has been made so that it will last a long time by freezing.	<i>Shops didn't use to sell frozen food.</i>
<b>nobody</b>	'nəʊ.bə.di	<i>pronoun</i>	<b>nikto</b>	no person	<i>Nobody's surprised anymore.</i>
<b>nothing</b>	'nʌθ.ɪŋ	<i>pronoun</i>	<b>nič</b>	not anything	<i>There used to be nothing to do at the weekends.</i>
<b>nowhere</b>	'nəʊ.weə	<i>adverb</i>	<b>nikde</b>	not anywhere	<i>There's nowhere you can buy them now.</i>
<b>over</b>	'əʊ.və	<i>preposition</i>	<b>behom, počas</b>	during a particular period of time	<i>Attitudes to shopping have changed over the years.</i>
<b>plastic</b>	'plæs.tɪk	<i>noun</i>	<b>plast, umelá hmota</b>	a light, artificial substance that can be made into different shapes when it is soft and is used in a lot of different ways	<i>Shops didn't use to give you plastic bags.</i>
<b>postcard</b>	'pəʊst.kɑːd	<i>noun</i>	<b>pohľadnica</b>	a card with a picture on one side that you send without an envelope	<i>They used to sell postcards.</i>
<b>somebody</b>	'sʌm.bə.di	<i>pronoun</i>	<b>niekto</b>	another word for someone	<i>Somebody bought their clothes for them.</i>
<b>something</b>	'sʌm.θɪŋ	<i>pronoun</i>	<b>niečo</b>	used to refer to a thing when you do not know what it is or when it is not important what it is	<i>Men used to have something like that.</i>
<b>somewhere</b>	'sʌm.weə	<i>adverb</i>	<b>niekde</b>	used to refer to a place when you do not know exactly where it is or when it is not important exactly where it is	<i>You can buy them somewhere.</i>
<b>supermarket</b>	'suː.pə.mɑː.kɪt	<i>noun</i>	<b>supermarket, obchodný dom</b>	a large shop that sells food, drink, products for the home, etc	<i>Now you see men doing the weekly shopping in the supermarket.</i>
<b>used to</b>	'juːst tuː	<i>phrase</i>	<b>používané na vyjadrenie opakovaného deja v minulosti, niečo sa dialo pravidelne v minulosti a už sa nedeje</b>	used to show that a particular thing always happened or was true in the past, especially if it no longer happens or is no longer true	<i>It used to have a special room only for the men.</i>
<b>weekly</b>	'wiː.kli	<i>adjective</i>	<b>týždenný</b>	happening once a week or every week	<i>Now you see men doing the weekly shopping in the supermarket.</i>

## Lesson 10C

<b>(fashion) house</b>	('fæ.ʃən) haʊz	<i>noun</i>	<b>módny salón</b>	a company that designs and sells new styles of clothes, shoes, bags, etc., especially expensive ones	<i>Gucci is one of the most famous fashion houses in the world.</i>
<b>designer</b>	dɪ'zaɪ.nə	<i>adjective</i>	<b>značkový</b>	made by a famous or fashionable designer	<i>How many designer clothes have you got?</i>
<b>designer</b>	dɪ'zaɪ.nə	<i>noun</i>	<b>návrhár, dizajnér</b>	someone who draws and plans how something will be made	<i>He decided to go to Milan to become a fashion designer.</i>
<b>discover</b>	dɪ'skʌv.ə	<i>verb</i>	<b>objaviť, zistiť</b>	to get information about something for the first time	<i>When Aldo discovered this, he sacked Paolo.</i>
<b>fashion</b>	'fæʃ.ən	<i>noun</i>	<b>móda</b>	making and selling clothes	<i>Gucci is one of the most famous fashion houses in the world.</i>
<b>fashion victim</b>	'fæʃ.ən 'vɪk.tɪm	<i>noun</i>	<b>obet' módy</b>	someone who always wears very fashionable clothes even if the clothes sometimes make them look silly	<i>Are you a fashion victim?</i>
<b>gunman</b>	'ɡʌn.mən	<i>noun</i>	<b>ozbrojený zločinec, muž so (strelnou) zbraňou</b>	a criminal with a gun	<i>She hired a gunman to murder her ex-husband.</i>
<b>head</b>	hed	<i>noun</i>	<b>hlava, vedúci, riaditeľ</b>	the person who is in charge of an organization	<i>His eldest son became head of Gucci.</i>
<b>label</b>	'leɪ.bəl	<i>noun</i>	<b>značka</b>	a company which produces goods for sale, the goods themselves, or the company's name or symbol	<i>a designer label</i>
<b>leather</b>	'leð.ə	<i>noun</i>	<b>koža (materiál)</b>	the skin of animals that is used to make things such as shoes and bags	<i>He made leather bags and suitcases.</i>
<b>member</b>	'mem.bə	<i>noun</i>	<b>člen</b>	a person who belongs to a group or an organization	<i>There are no members of the Gucci family in the company.</i>

<b>murder</b>	'mɜ:.də	<i>verb</i>	<b>(za)vraždiť</b>	to kill someone intentionally and illegally	<i>Versace was murdered in 1997.</i>
<b>patient</b>	'peɪ.fənt	<i>noun</i>	<b>pacient</b>	someone who is being treated by a doctor, nurse, etc.	<i>AIDS patients</i>
<b>sack</b>	sæk	<i>verb</i>	<b>vyhodit' z práce, vyrazit'</b>	to tell someone to leave their job, usually because they have done something wrong	<i>When Aldo discovered this, he sacked Paolo.</i>
<b>side</b>	sɑɪd	<i>noun</i>	<b>strana, časť</b>	part of a situation that can be considered or dealt with separately	<i>Rudolfo managed the Italian side of the business.</i>
<b>suitcase</b>	'su:t.keɪs	<i>noun</i>	<b>kufor</b>	a rectangular case with a handle that you use for carrying clothes when you are travelling	<i>He made leather bags and suitcases.</i>

## Lesson 10D

<b>bring something back</b>	'brɪŋ ,sʌmp.θɪŋ 'bæk	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>vrátiť, priniesť niečo späť</b>	to return from somewhere with something	<i>You have 28 days to bring it back.</i>
<b>cash</b>	kæʃ	<i>noun</i>	<b>hotovosť</b>	money in the form of coins or notes paper money	<i>I'll pay by cash.</i>
<b>extra</b>	'ek.strə	<i>adjective</i>	<b>naviac</b>	more, or more than usual	<i>Damon wants an extra large.</i>
<b>fitting room</b>	'fɪt.ɪŋ ru:m	<i>noun</i>	<b>kabínka na skúšanie vecí v obchode</b>	a room in a shop where you can put on clothes to check that they fit before you buy them	<i>The fitting room is over there.</i>
<b>medium</b>	'mi:di.əm	<i>adjective</i>	<b>stredný</b>	in the middle of a group of different amounts or sizes	<i>Damon wants a medium.</i>
<b>PIN</b>	pɪn	<i>noun</i>	<b>PIN</b>	abbreviation for Personal Identification Number: the secret number that allows you to use a bank card in a machine	<i>Your pin number, please.</i>
<b>receipt</b>	rɪ'si:t	<i>noun</i>	<b>účtenka, blok</b>	a piece of paper that proves that you have received goods or money	<i>Here's your receipt.</i>
<b>refund</b>	,rɪ:'fʌnd	<i>noun</i>	<b>vrátenie peňazí</b>	an amount of money that is given back to you, especially because you are not happy with something you have bought	<i>We don't give refunds on sale items.</i>
<b>sale</b>	seɪl	<i>noun</i>	<b>výpredaj</b>	a time when a shop sells goods at a lower price than usual	<i>The shirt isn't in the sale.</i>
<b>size</b>	saɪz	<i>noun</i>	<b>veľkosť</b>	one of the different measurements in which things, for example clothes, food containers, etc. are made	<i>Let me know if you need a different size.</i>
<b>suit</b>	su:t	<i>verb</i>	<b>hodiť sa, pristať (niekomu niečo)</b>	to make someone look more attractive	<i>It suits you.</i>
<b>try something on</b>	traɪ 'sʌm.θɪŋ ɒn	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>vyskúšať si (oblečenie)</b>	to put on a piece of clothing to discover if it fits you or if you like it	<i>Would you like to try it on?</i>

## Lesson 11A

<b>(give someone a) call</b>	(gɪv ,sʌm.wʌn ə) kɔ:l	<i>noun</i>	<b>zavolať, zatelefonovať</b>	when you use the telephone	<i>I'll give you a call</i>
<b>account</b>	ə'kaʊnt	<i>noun</i>	<b>(bankový) účet</b>	an arrangement with a bank to keep your money there and to allow you to take it out when you need to	<i>He checked his bank account.</i>
<b>check</b>	tʃek	<i>verb</i>	<b>skontrolovať</b>	to examine something in order to make sure that it is correct or the way it should be	<i>He checked his bank account.</i>
<b>details</b>	'di:teɪlz	<i>noun</i>	<b>dataily, údaje</b>	information about someone or something	<i>I haven't heard all the details yet.</i>
<b>message</b>	'mes.ɪdʒ	<i>noun</i>	<b>odkaz, správa</b>	a piece of written or spoken information which one person gives to another	<i>She got a message.</i>
<b>operation</b>	,ɒp.ər'eɪ.ʃən	<i>noun</i>	<b>operácia</b>	when a doctor cuts someone's body to remove or repair part of it	<i>He's already had an operation.</i>
<b>transfer (money)</b>	trænt'sfɜ:	<i>verb</i>	<b>previesť (peniaze)</b>	to move someone or something from one place to another	<i>Have you transferred the money to his account?</i>



## Lesson 11B

<b>in connection with</b>	ɪn kə'nekʃən wɪð	<i>phrase</i>	<b>v spojení s (niekým/niečím)</b>	used to say what something is about	<i>The police have arrested two suspects in connection with the murder.</i>
<b>break into</b>	breɪk 'ɪn.tə	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>vlámať sa (do)</b>	to get into a building or car using force, usually to steal something	<i>Last night my car was broken into.</i>
<b>bullet</b>	'bʊl.ɪt	<i>noun</i>	<b>guľka, strela, náboj, projektíl</b>	a small, metal object that is fired from a gun	<i>This is the gun that fired the bullet.</i>
<b>burglar</b>	'bɜːglə	<i>noun</i>	<b>zlodej, lupič, vlamač</b>	someone who gets into buildings illegally and steals things	<i>How did the police catch the burglar?</i>
<b>burglary</b>	'bɜːgləri	<i>noun</i>	<b>vlámanie</b>	when someone gets into a building illegally and steals things	<i>She was found guilty of the burglary.</i>
<b>burgle</b>	'bɜːg(ə)l	<i>verb</i>	<b>vylúpiť, vykradnúť</b>	to get into a building illegally and steal things	<i>My brother's flat was burgled last week.</i>
<b>button</b>	'bʌt.ən	<i>noun</i>	<b>gombík</b>	a small, round object that you push through a hole to fasten clothing	<i>She noticed a button was missing on her coat.</i>
<b>garden centre</b>	'gɑːd.ən ,sen.tər	<i>noun</i>	<b>záhradné centrum</b>	a place that sells things for gardens such as plants and tools	<i>The flower shop was losing business to the new garden centre.</i>
<b>instantly</b>	'ɪnt.stənt.li	<i>adverb</i>	<b>ihneď, okamžite</b>	immediately	<i>She shot him once in the heart, killing him instantly.</i>
<b>laptop</b>	'læp.tɒp	<i>noun</i>	<b>laptop</b>	a computer that is small enough to be carried around and used where you are sitting	<i>His laptop was stolen.</i>
<b>local</b>	'ləʊ.kəl	<i>adjective</i>	<b>miestny</b>	relating to an area near you	<i>He robbed the local post office.</i>
<b>missing</b>	'mɪs.ɪŋ	<i>adjective</i>	<b>chýbajúci, nezvestný</b>	If someone or something is missing, you cannot find them because they are not in their usual place.	<i>She noticed a button was missing on her coat.</i>
<b>murder</b>	'mɜː.də	<i>noun</i>	<b>vražda</b>	the crime of intentionally killing someone	<i>She was found guilty of the murder.</i>
<b>murderer</b>	'mɜː.dər.ə	<i>noun</i>	<b>vrah</b>	someone who has committed murder	<i>How did the police catch the murderer?</i>
<b>post office</b>	pəʊst 'ɒf.ɪs	<i>noun</i>	<b>pošta (poštový úrad)</b>	a place where you can buy stamps and send letters and parcels	<i>He robbed the local post office.</i>
<b>rob</b>	rɒb	<i>verb</i>	<b>okradnúť, olúpiť</b>	to steal from someone or somewhere, often using violence	<i>Three men robbed a bank in London.</i>
<b>robber</b>	'rɒb.ə	<i>noun</i>	<b>lupič, zlodej</b>	someone who steals	<i>How did the police catch the robber?</i>
<b>robbery</b>	'rɒb.ər.i	<i>noun</i>	<b>lúpež</b>	the crime of stealing from someone or somewhere	<i>It was the third bank robbery in the city this month.</i>
<b>rose</b>	rəʊz	<i>noun</i>	<b>ruža</b>	a flower with a pleasant smell and thorns sharp points on the stem, that grows on a bush	<i>She left a single red rose on his body.</i>
<b>send (to prison)</b>	send (tə 'prɪz.ən)	<i>verb</i>	<b>poslať (do väzenia)</b>	to make someone go somewhere	<i>Their son was sent to prison.</i>
<b>shoot</b>	ʃuːt	<i>verb</i>	<b>strielať, streliť</b>	to fire a bullet from a gun	<i>They said on the radio he was shot.</i>
<b>shoot (someone)</b>	ʃuːt ('sʌm.wʌn)	<i>verb</i>	<b>(za)streliť</b>	to injure or kill a person or animal by firing a bullet from a gun at them	<i>They said on the radio he was shot.</i>
<b>single</b>	'sɪŋ.g(ə)l	<i>adjective</i>	<b>jeden, jediný</b>	only one	<i>She left a single red rose on his body.</i>
<b>sleepy</b>	'sliː.pi	<i>adjective</i>	<b>ospalý</b>	quiet and with little activity	<i>a sleepy village</i>
<b>suspect</b>	'sʌs.pekt	<i>noun</i>	<b>podozrivý</b>	someone who may have committed a crime	<i>The police have arrested two suspects.</i>

<b>theft</b>	θeft	noun	<b>krádež</b>	the action or crime of stealing something	<i>She was found guilty of the theft.</i>
<b>thief</b>	θi:f	noun	<b>zlodej</b>	someone who steals things	<i>How did the police catch the thief?</i>
<b>trial</b>	'traɪ.əl	noun	<b>súdny proces</b>	a legal process to decide if someone is guilty of a crime	<i>The Miller murder trial has just ended.</i>
<b>victim</b>	'vɪktɪm	noun	<b>obet'</b>	someone who has suffered the effects of violence, illness, or bad luck	<i>How was the victim killed?</i>

## Lesson 11C

<b>access</b>	'æks.es	verb	<b>získat' prístup</b>	to find or see information, especially using a computer	<i>She could access the camera in her laptop using remote technology.</i>
<b>army</b>	'ɑ:mi	noun	<b>armáda</b>	a military force that fights wars on the ground	<i>The army are trying to get medical supplies to the victims of last week's floods.</i>
<b>back (seat)</b>	bæk (si:t)	adjective	<b>zadné sedadlo</b>	at or near the back of something	<i>He lost his wallet behind the back seat of his car.</i>
<b>classic (car)</b>	'klæs.ɪk (kɑ:)	adjective	<b>klasický, tradičný</b>	A classic book, film, etc. is one that has been popular for a long time and is considered to be of a high quality.	<i>The two men collect classic cars</i>
<b>contact</b>	'kɒn.tækt	verb	<b>kontaktovať</b>	to telephone, email or write to someone	<i>She immediately contacted the police.</i>
<b>crop</b>	krɒp	noun	<b>úroda</b>	a plant such as a grain, fruit, or vegetable that is grown in large amounts by farmers	<i>last week's floods destroyed crops</i>
<b>delay</b>	dɪ'leɪ	verb	<b>zdržať (sa)</b>	to cause someone or something to be slow or late	<i>Heavy rain has delayed relief efforts.</i>
<b>demonstration</b>	ˌdem.ən'streɪ.ʃən	noun	<b>demonštrácia</b>	when a group of people march or stand together to show that they disagree with or support someone or something	<i>There have been demonstrations in London against spending cuts.</i>
<b>describe</b>	dɪ'skraɪb	verb	<b>popísať</b>	to say what someone or something is like	<i>The government described the situation as a national disaster.</i>
<b>disaster</b>	dɪ'zɑ:stə	noun	<b>pohroma, nešťastie</b>	something that causes a lot of harm or damage	<i>The government described the situation as a national disaster.</i>
<b>driving licence</b>	'draɪvɪŋ ˌlaɪs.əns	noun	<b>vodičský preukaz</b>	an official document that allows you to drive a car	<i>The wallet contained his military ID and his driving licence.</i>
<b>effort</b>	'ef.ət	noun	<b>snaha, úsilie</b>	an attempt to do something	<i>Heavy rain has delayed relief efforts.</i>
<b>fan</b>	fæn	noun	<b>fanúšik, faninka</b>	someone who admires and supports a famous person, sport, type of music, etc.	<i>Music fans in the UK illegally downloaded 1.2 billion tracks last year.</i>
<b>goods</b>	gudz	noun	<b>tovar</b>	items which are made to be sold	<i>They stole \$5,000 worth of electronic goods.</i>
<b>heavy</b>	'hev.i	adjective	<b>ťažký</b>	large in amount or degree	<i>Heavy rain has delayed relief efforts.</i>
<b>homeless</b>	'həʊm.ləs	adjective	<b>bez domova</b>	without a place to live	<i>Over three hundred thousand people are now homeless.</i>
<b>ID</b>	ˌaɪ'di:	noun	<b>preukaz totožnosti</b>	abbreviation for identification: an official document that shows or proves who you are	<i>The wallet contained his military ID and his driving licence.</i>
<b>illegally</b>	ɪ'li:gə.li	adverb	<b>nelegálne</b>	in a way that is not allowed by law	<i>Music fans in the UK illegally downloaded 1.2 billion tracks last year.</i>
<b>logged onto</b>	lɒgd 'ɒn.tu:	phrase	<b>prihlásený (do systému)</b>	connected to a system of computers, especially the Internet	<i>The computer showed that she was logged onto the Internet.</i>
<b>march</b>	mɑ:tʃ	verb	<b>demonštrovať, pochodovať</b>	to walk somewhere as a group to show that you disagree with something	<i>Thirty thousand people marched from Hyde Park to Trafalgar Square.</i>
<b>medical</b>	'med.ɪ.kəl	adjective	<b>zdravotný, zdravotnícky, lekársky</b>	relating to medicine and different ways of curing illness	<i>The army are trying to get medical supplies to the victims of last week's floods.</i>

<b>property</b>	'prɒp.ə.ti	<i>noun</i>	<b>majetok, vlastníctvo</b>	objects that belong to someone	<i>The police found nearly all of the stolen property.</i>
<b>protestor</b>	prə'tes.tə	<i>noun</i>	<b>protestujúci, odporca</b>	someone who shows that they disagree with something by standing somewhere, shouting, carrying signs, etc.	<i>Twelve protestors were injured.</i>
<b>recognise</b>	'rek.əg.naɪz	<i>verb</i>	<b>spoznať</b>	to know someone or something because you have seen or experienced them before	<i>Her roommate recognised the men as friends of friends.</i>
<b>relief</b>	rɪ'li:f	<i>noun</i>	<b>pomoc, podpora</b>	money, food, or clothes that are given to people because they need help	<i>Heavy rain has delayed relief efforts.</i>
<b>remote</b>	rɪ'məʊt	<i>adjective</i>	<b>vzdialený</b>	far away	<i>She could access the camera in her laptop using remote technology.</i>
<b>situation</b>	,sɪ.tju'eɪ.ʃən	<i>noun</i>	<b>situácia</b>	the set of things that are happening and the conditions that exist at a particular time and place	<i>The government described the situation as a national disaster.</i>
<b>smart</b>	sma:t	<i>adjective</i>	<b>chytrý, bystrý</b>	intelligent	<i>It was smart use of the technology.</i>
<b>supplies</b>	sə'plaɪz	<i>noun</i>	<b>zásoby</b>	the food, equipment, etc. that is needed for a particular activity, holiday, etc.	<i>The army are trying to get medical supplies to the victims of last week's floods.</i>
<b>track</b>	træk	<i>noun</i>	<b>stopa (zvuková), nahrávka, skladba</b>	one song or piece of music on a CD, record, etc.	<i>Music fans in the UK illegally downloaded 1.2 billion tracks last year.</i>

## Lesson 11D

<b>give (someone your love)</b>	gɪv ,sʌm.wʌn jə 'lʌv	<i>verb</i>	<b>pozdravovať</b>	to tell someone something	<i>Next time you see her, give her my love.</i>
<b>reply</b>	rɪ'plɑɪ	<i>verb</i>	<b>odpovedať</b>	to answer	<i>My boss hasn't replied to my email yet.</i>

## Lesson 12A

<b>(the) future</b>	(ðə) 'fju:ʃə	<i>noun</i>	<b>budúcnosť</b>	what will happen to someone or something in the time which is to come	<i>He wants to do environmental law in the future.</i>
<b>brilliant</b>	'brɪl.i.ənt	<i>adjective</i>	<b>geniálny</b>	extremely clever	<i>I'm going to work with some brilliant environmental lawyers.</i>
<b>calm down</b>	kɑ:m daʊn	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>ukľudniť (sa)</b>	to stop feeling upset, angry, or excited, or to make someone stop feeling this way	<i>Calm down, it's not the end of the world.</i>
<b>cost</b>	kɒst	<i>noun</i>	<b>náklady, cena</b>	the amount of money that you need to buy, do or make something	<i>In most families, two salaries are essential to cover the cost of (= pay for) raising a family.</i>
<b>environmental</b>	ɪn,vaiə.rən'men.təl	<i>adjective</i>	<b>environmentálny, ekologický</b>	relating to the environment	<i>He wants to do environmental law in the future.</i>
<b>get (money out of the bank)</b>	,get 'mʌn.i aʊt əv ðə ,bæŋk	<i>verb</i>	<b>získať, vybrať (peniaze z banky)</b>	to obtain or buy something	<i>I need to get some money out of the bank.</i>
<b>law</b>	lɔ:	<i>noun</i>	<b>právo, zákon</b>	the subject or job of understanding and dealing with the official laws of a country	<i>He wants to do environmental law in the future.</i>
<b>lend (money to someone)</b>	lend ('mʌn.i tə 'sʌm.wʌn)	<i>verb</i>	<b>požičať (niekomu peniaze)</b>	to give something to someone for a period of time, expecting that they will then give it back to you	<i>I lent some money to a friend last week.</i>
<b>lose</b>	lu:z	<i>verb</i>	<b>stratiť, strácať</b>	to have less of something than you had before	<i>I lost some money last week.</i>
<b>not be the end of the world</b>	'nɒt bi ði: ,end əv ðə 'wɜ:lɪd	<i>idiom</i>	<b>nieje to koniec sveta</b>	If something is not the end of the world, it will not cause very serious problems.	<i>Calm down, it's not the end of the world.</i>
<b>owe (someone money)</b>	əʊ ('sʌm.wʌn 'mʌn.i )	<i>verb</i>	<b>dlžiť (niekomu peniaze)</b>	to have to pay money back to someone	<i>I owe someone money.</i>
<b>pay back</b>	peɪ 'bæk	<i>verb</i>	<b>zaplatiť niekomu, vrátiť niekomu peniaze (dlh)</b>	to pay someone the money that you owe them	<i>I'm going to pay it back soon.</i>
<b>possession</b>	pə'zeʃ.ən	<i>noun</i>	<b>majetok, vlastníctvo</b>	a thing that you own	<i>My favourite possession cost a lot of money.</i>

<b>possible</b>	'pɒs.ə.b(ə)l	<i>adjective</i>	<b>možný</b>	If something is possible, it can happen or be done.	<i>I don't think that's possible.</i>
<b>qualified</b>	'kwɒl.ɪ.faɪd	<i>adjective</i>	<b>kvalifikovaný</b>	having passed exams or courses	<i>He's a qualified lawyer.</i>
<b>save (money for something)</b>	seɪv ('mʌn.ɪ fə 'sʌmp.θɪŋ)	<i>verb</i>	<b>(u)šetriť (na niečo peniaze)</b>	to keep money so that you can buy something with it in the future	<i>I'm trying to save some money for my next holiday.</i>
<b>voluntary</b>	'vɒl.ən.tər.i	<i>adjective</i>	<b>dobrovoľný</b>	Voluntary work is done without being paid and usually involves helping people.	<i>I'm going to do voluntary work.</i>
<b>waste (money on something)</b>	weɪst ('mʌn.ɪ ɒn 'sʌmp.θɪŋ)	<i>verb</i>	<b>plytváť (na niečo peniazmi)</b>	to use too much of something or use something badly when there is a limited amount of it	<i>I sometimes waste money on things I don't need.</i>
<b>What's the matter?</b>	wɒts ðə 'mæt.ə	<i>phrase</i>	<b>Čo sa deje?</b>	used to ask or talk about the reason for a problem	<i>What's the matter now?</i>
<b>win</b>	wɪn	<i>verb</i>	<b>vyhrať</b>	to get a prize in a game or competition	<i>I've never won any money in my life.</i>
<b>wonderful</b>	'wʌn.də.fəl	<i>adjective</i>	<b>úžasný, skvelý</b>	very good	<i>I think it's wonderful.</i>

## Lesson 12B

<b>advice</b>	əd'vaɪs	<i>noun</i>	<b>rada, odporúčanie</b>	suggestions about what you think someone should do or how they should do something	<i>I'd talk to my friends and take their advice.</i>
<b>bungee jump</b>	'bʌn.dʒɪ ,dʒʌmp	<i>noun</i>	<b>bungee jump/skok na gumenom lane</b>	when you jump off a very high bridge or similar structure, with a long elastic rope tied to your legs, so that the rope pulls you back before you hit the ground	<i>If I won a bungee jump in a competition, I'd do it.</i>
<b>cheat</b>	tʃi:t	<i>noun</i>	<b>podvodník, podvodníčka</b>	someone who cheats	<i>I'm not a cheat.</i>
<b>cold</b>	kəʊld	<i>noun</i>	<b>nachladnutie, nádcha</b>	a common illness which makes you sneeze and makes your nose produce liquid	<i>Do you often get colds in winter?</i>
<b>competition</b>	ˌkɒm.pə'tɪʃ.ən	<i>noun</i>	<b>súťaž</b>	an organized event in which people try to win a prize by being the best, fastest, etc.	<i>If I won a bungee jump in a competition, I'd do it.</i>
<b>flu</b>	flu:	<i>noun</i>	<b>chrípka</b>	an illness like a very bad cold, that makes you feel hot and weak	<i>Do you ever get flu in winter?</i>
<b>hard</b>	hɑ:d	<i>adverb</i>	<b>ťažký, zložitý</b>	with a lot of effort	<i>If he worked a bit harder, he wouldn't do so badly at school.</i>
<b>headache</b>	'hed.eɪk	<i>noun</i>	<b>bolesť hlavy</b>	pain inside your head	<i>Do you often get headaches?</i>
<b>hypnotise</b>	'hɪp.nə.taɪz	<i>verb</i>	<b>(z)hypnotizovať</b>	to place someone in a mental state like sleep, in which their thoughts can be easily influenced	<i>If someone offered to hypnotise me, I would say no.</i>
<b>in public</b>	ɪn 'pʌb.lɪk	<i>phrase</i>	<b>na verejnosti</b>	where everyone can see you	<i>If someone asked me to sing in public, I'd definitely do it.</i>
<b>jump</b>	dʒʌmp	<i>verb</i>	<b>skočiť, skákať</b>	to push your body up and away from the ground using your feet and legs	<i>I'd say yes if my friend jumped first.</i>
<b>ready</b>	'red.i	<i>adjective</i>	<b>pripravený</b>	prepared for doing something	<i>Do you take a long time to get ready?</i>
<b>sing</b>	sɪŋ	<i>verb</i>	<b>(za)spievať</b>	to make musical sounds with your voice	<i>If someone asked me to sing in public, I'd definitely do it.</i>
<b>snake</b>	sneɪk	<i>noun</i>	<b>had</b>	a long, thin creature with no legs that slides along the ground	<i>If someone asked me to hold a snake, I wouldn't do it.</i>
<b>sugar</b>	'ʃʊg.ə	<i>noun</i>	<b>cukor</b>	a very sweet substance used to give flavour to food and drinks	<i>Do you take sugar in coffee?</i>
<b>take a risk</b>	teɪk ə rɪsk	<i>phrase</i>	<b>(za)riskovať</b>	to do something although something bad might happen because of it	<i>Do you ever take risks?</i>

<b>take it easy</b>	teɪk ɪt 'iːzi	phrase	<b>zvolniť, nebrať to tak vážne</b>	to relax and not use too much energy	<i>Do you always take it easy on holiday?</i>
<b>tattoo</b>	tə'tuː	noun	<b>tetovanie</b>	a design on someone's skin that is put on using ink and a needle	<i>If someone offered \$1,000 to get a tattoo, I wouldn't do it.</i>
<b>Lesson 12C</b>					
<b>(bank) note</b>	(bæŋk) nəʊt	noun	<b>bankovka</b>	a piece of paper money	<i>Hundreds of these bank notes were thrown into the crowd at a music festival.</i>
<b>cave</b>	keɪv	noun	<b>jaskyňa</b>	a large hole in the side of a cliff straight, high rock next to the sea, mountain, or under the ground	<i>Banksy put his primitive cave painting in the British Museum</i>
<b>CCTV</b>	ˌsiː.siː.tiː'viː	noun	<b>CCTV, bezpečnostná kamera</b>	abbreviation for closed circuit television: a system of television cameras filming in shops and public places so that people can watch and protect those places	<i>Why does he hate CCTV cameras?</i>
<b>closing</b>	'kləʊz.ɪŋ	adjective	<b>záverečný</b>	The closing part of an event or period of time is the final part of it.	<i>He created the opening and closing sequence in an episode of The Simpsons.</i>
<b>create</b>	kri'eɪt	verb	<b>(vy)tvoriť, (vy)tvárať</b>	to make something happen or exist	<i>He created the opening and closing sequence in an episode of The Simpsons.</i>
<b>crowd</b>	kraʊd	noun	<b>dav</b>	a large group of people who are together in one place	<i>Hundreds of these bank notes were thrown into the crowd at a music festival.</i>
<b>episode</b>	'ep.ɪ.səʊd	noun	<b>epizóda, časť, diel</b>	one programme of a series shown on television	<i>He created the opening and closing sequence in an episode of The Simpsons.</i>
<b>finally</b>	'faɪ.nə.li	adverb	<b>konečne</b>	after a long time or some difficulty	<i>Finally I pack up everything and leave.</i>
<b>first</b>	'fɜːst	adverb	<b>najprv</b>	before everything or everyone else	<i>First he climbed in with the penguins at London Zoo.</i>
<b>hang</b>	hæŋ	verb	<b>zavesiť, visieť</b>	to fasten something so that the top part is fixed but the lower part is free to move, or to be fastened in this way	<i>It was hanging on the wall.</i>
<b>identity</b>	aɪ'den.tə.ti	noun	<b>identita, totožnosť</b>	who someone is	<i>He has always tried to keep his identity a secret.</i>
<b>keep a secret</b>	ki:p ə 'siː.krət	phrase	<b>(u)držať tajomstvo</b>	to not tell anyone a secret	<i>He has always tried to keep his identity a secret.</i>
<b>light</b>	laɪt	noun	<b>svetlo</b>	the brightness that shines from the sun, from fire, or from electrical equipment, allowing you to see things	<i>I pack up and leave before it gets light.</i>
<b>next</b>	nekst	adverb	<b>ďalší, potom</b>	immediately after	<i>Next I collect all the things I need to take.</i>
<b>opening</b>	'əʊp.ən.ɪŋ	noun	<b>úvodný</b>	the beginning of something	<i>He created the opening and closing sequence in an episode of The Simpsons.</i>
<b>pack up</b>	pæk ʌp	phrasal verb	<b>(z)balit' sa</b>	to collect all your things together when you have finished doing something	<i>I pack up and leave before it gets light.</i>
<b>painting</b>	'peɪnt.ɪŋ	noun	<b>maľba, obraz</b>	a picture that someone has painted	<i>Banksy put his primitive cave painting in the British Museum</i>
<b>penguin</b>	'peɪŋ.gwɪn	noun	<b>tučniak</b>	a large, black and white sea bird that swims and cannot fly	<i>First he climbed in with the penguins at London Zoo.</i>
<b>permanent</b>	'pɜː.mə.nənt	adjective	<b>trvalý, stály, permanentný</b>	continuing forever or for a long time	<i>The painting is now in the British Museum's permanent collection.</i>
<b>primitive</b>	'prɪm.ɪ.tɪv	adjective	<b>primitívny, jednoduchý</b>	relating to human society at a very early stage of development, with people living in a simple way without machines or a writing system	<i>Banksy put his primitive cave painting in the British Museum</i>
<b>sequence</b>	'siː.kwəns	noun	<b>sled udalostí</b>	a series of related events or things that have a particular order	<i>He created the opening and closing sequence in an episode of The Simpsons.</i>
<b>spray paint</b>	spreɪ peɪnt	noun	<b>farba v spreji</b>	paint in a container which forces it out in small drops	<i>When Banksy started doing graffiti in the 1990s he used spray paints.</i>

<b>stencil</b>	'stent.səl	<i>noun</i>	<b>šablóna</b>	a piece of paper or plastic with patterns cut into it, that you use to paint patterns onto a surface	<i>He started to use stencils, which was quicker.</i>
<b>take something down</b>	teɪk 'sʌm.θɪŋ daʊn	<i>phrasal verb</i>	<b>dať niečo dole, zvesiť</b>	to remove something that is on a wall or something that is temporary	<i>Staff took the painting down.</i>
<b>then</b>	ðen	<i>adverb</i>	<b>potom</b>	next, or after something has happened	<i>Then I wait until it gets dark</i>
<b>throw</b>	θrəʊ	<i>verb</i>	<b>hodiť, hádzat'</b>	to make light or shadows dark shapes appear on something	<i>Hundreds of these bank notes were thrown into the crowd at a music festival.</i>
<b>well-known</b>	ˌwel'nəʊn	<i>adjective</i>	<b>známy</b>	famous	<i>His work soon became well-known.</i>
<b>work</b>	wɜ:k	<i>noun</i>	<b>práca</b>	when you use physical or mental effort to do something	<i>His work soon became well-known.</i>

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