

anglicko-slovenský slovník

Page NO.	ENGLISH	PoS	Pronunciation (UK)	SLOVAK	Definition	Example				
	Unit 1									
13	why	adverb	wai	prečo	used to ask about the reason for something	Why is he your favourite singer?				
13	because	conjunction	bı'kəz	pretože	used to give a reason for something	Because she's awesome!				
13	athlete	noun	'æθ.liːt	atlét, atlétka	a person who is very good at sports or physical exercise, especially one who competes in organised events	Who's your favourite athlete?				
14	Brazil	noun	brə'zıl	Brazília	a country in South America	Pedro is from Brazil.				
14	Mexico	noun	'mek.sı.kəv	Mexiko	a country in North America	They are from Mexico.				
14	the USA	noun	,ju:.es'eı	USA	abbreviation for 'United States of America'	Jacob is from the USA.				
14	Japan	noun	dʒə'pæn	Japonsko	a country consisting of a group of islands near the east coast of Asia	I'm from Japan.				
14	Turkey	noun	'tɜː.ki	Turecko	a country in southeastern Europe and western Asia	She is from Turkey.				
14	Spain	noun	spein	Španielsko	a country in western Europe	I'm from Spain.				
14	the UK	noun	,ju:'keı	Spojené kráľovstvo Veľkej Británie	abbreviation for 'United Kingdom'	She's from the UK.				
14	Portugal	noun	ˈpɔː.tʃə.gəl	Portugalsko	a country in western Europe	You are from Portugal.				
14	Russia	noun	'r∧.∫ə	Rusko	a country in eastern Europe and North Asia	Moscow is a city in Russia.				
14	South Africa	noun	ˌsaυθ ˈæfrɪkə	Južná Afrika	a country in southern Africa	Cape Town is a city in South Africa.				
14	Russian	adjective	'rʌʃ.ən	rus, ruska, ruský	coming from or relating to Russia	Is it the Russian flag?				
14	Turkish	adjective	ˈtɜː.kɪ∫	turek, turkyňa, turecký	coming from or relating to Turkey	She's Turkish.				
14	Mexican	adjective	'mek.sı.kən	mexičan, mexičanka, mexický	coming from or relating to Mexico	They are Mexican.				
14	Japanese	adjective	ˌdzæp.əˈniːz	japonec, japonka, japonský	coming from or relating to Japan	I'm Japanese.				
14	American	adjective	ə'mer.ı.kən	američan, američanka, americký	coming from or relating to the United States of America	Jacob is American.				
14	Brazilian	adjective	brəˈzɪl.i.ən	brazílčan, brazílčanka, brazílsky	coming from or relating to Brazil	Pedro is Brazilian.				
14	Portuguese	adjective	ˌpɔː.tʃəˈgiːz	portugalčan, portugalčanka, portugalský	coming from or relating to Portugal	You are Portuguese.				
14	South African	adjective	ˌsaυθ ˈæfrɪkən	obyvateľ/obyvateľka Južnej Afriky, juhoafrický	coming from or relating to South Africa	It's South African.				
14	Spanish	adjective	'spæn.ı∫	španiel, španielka, španielsky	coming from or relating to Spain	I'm Spanish.				
14	British	adjective	'brɪt.ɪ∫	brit, britka, britský	coming from or relating to the United Kingdom	She's British.				
14	how	adverb	hav	ako	used to ask or talk about quantity, size, or age	How old are you?				
14	who	pronoun	huː	kto	used to ask about someone's name or which person or group someone is talking about	Who's your favourite athlete?				
14	where	adverb	weə	kde	used to ask about the place or position of someone or something	Where are you from?				

14	what	pronoun	wɒt	čo, aký	used to ask for information about something	What is your name?
15	be	verb	bi:	byť (sloveso)	used to say something about a person, thing, or state, to show a permanent or temporary quality, state, job, etc.	I'm Andy.
15	is	verb	IZ	(on, ona, ono) je	the present simple he/she/it form of 'be'	He's a singer.
15	are	verb	a:	(oni, ony) sú	the present simple you/we/they form of 'be'	They are Brazilian.
16	country	noun	'kʌn.tri	krajina	an area of land that has its own government, army, etc.	Spain is a beautiful country.
16	player	noun	'ple1.ə	hráč, súťažiaci	someone who takes part in a game or sport	He's a football player.
16	fan	noun	fæn	fanúšik	someone who admires and supports a person, sport, sports team, etc.	I'm a Barcelona fan.
17	big	adjective	bıg	veľký	large in size or amount	He's a big man.
17	small	adjective	smɔ:l	malý	little in size or amount	They live in a small apartment near Times Square.
17	new	adjective	nju:	nový	recently made or having started to exist recently	a new car
17	old	adjective	əʊld	starý	having lived or existed for many years	an old man
17	cheap	adjective	tʃi:p	lacný	costing little money or less than is usual or expected	cheap tickets
17	expensive	adjective	ık'spen.sıv	drahý	costing a lot of money	expensive jewellery
17	fast	adjective	fa:st	rýchly	moving or happening quickly, or able to move or happen quickly	fast cars
17	slow	adjective	sləu	pomalý	moving, happening, or doing something without much speed	a slow runner
17	dirty	adjective	'dɜː.ti	špinavý	not clean	a dirty football
17	clean	adjective	kli:n	čistý	not dirty	a clean white shirt
19	How's it going?	phrase	ˌhaʊz ɪt ˈgəʊ.ɪŋ	Ako sa máš? Ako to ide?	used for saying hello to someone and asking about their life	Hi, Ruby. How's it going?
19	See you later.	phrase	ˌsiː juː ˈleɪ.tə	Maj sa!, Uvidíme sa neskôr.	used for saying goodbye to someone you are going to meet again soon, especially during the same day	OK, Dan. See you later.
19	awesome	adjective	'ɔː.səm	skvelý	extremely good	That is so awesome!
19	I know	phrase	aı 'nəʊ	(ja) viem	used when you agree with something someone has just said	Yeah, I know!
					Unit 2	
21	beach	noun	bi:t∫	pláž	an area of sand or small stones next to the sea	I'm on the beach.
21	stadium	noun	'steɪ.di.əm	štadión	a large, open area with seats around it, used for playing and watching sports	I'm at the stadium.
21	bus	noun	bas	autobus	a large vehicle in which people are driven from one place to another	I'm on the bus to school.
21	school	noun	sku:l	škola	a place where children go to be educated	I'm at school.
22	hot	adjective	hɒt	horúci	having a high temperature	a hot sunny day
22	cold	adjective	kəuld	studený	having a low temperature	cold weather

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22	hungry	adjective	'hʌŋ.gri	hladný	wanting or needing food	I'm not hungry.
22	thirsty	adjective	'θɜː.sti	smädný	needing to drink	Are you thirsty?
22	sad	adjective	sæd	smutný	unhappy or making you feel unhappy	I'm sad.
22	worried	adjective	'wʌr.id	utrápený, ustarostený	anxious because you are thinking about problems or unpleasant things that might happen	I'm a little worried.
22	excited	adjective	ık'saı.tıd	vzrušený, nabudený	feeling very happy and enthusiastic	I feel excited!
22	bored	adjective	bɔːd	znudený	feeling tired and unhappy because something is not interesting or because you have nothing to do	Are they tired or bored?
22	angry	adjective	ˈæŋ.gri	nahnevaný	having a strong feeling against someone who has behaved badly, making you want to shout at them or hurt them	Your mum is angry with you.
22	tired	adjective	taɪəd	unavený	feeling that you want to rest or sleep	Are they tired or bored?
24	race	noun	reis	preteky	a competition in which people run, ride, drive, etc. against each other in order to see who is the fastest	Well, there's a Formula One race at five.
24	film	noun	fılm	film	a story shown in moving pictures, shown at the cinema or on television	There's a new film on at the cinema.
24	song	noun	spŋ	pieseň	a usually short piece of music with words which are sung	Listen to this song.
24	club	noun	klʌb	klub	an organisation for people who want to take part in a sport or social activity together, or the building they use for this	The new club for teenagers.
25	bad	adjective	bæd	zlý	unpleasant; causing difficulties or harm	a bad film
25	exciting	adjective	ık'saı.tıŋ	vzrušujúci	making you feel very happy and enthusiastic	an exciting computer game
25	funny	adjective	ˈfʌn.i	zábavný	making you smile or laugh	a funny film
25	good	adjective	gud	dobrý	enjoyable, pleasant, or interesting	a good book
25	great	adjective	greit	skvelý, veľkolepý	very good or very important	a great country
25	terrible	adjective	'ter.ə.bl	hrozný, strašný	very bad, of low quality, or unpleasant	a terrible singer
25	excellent	adjective	'ek.səl.ənt	vynikajúci, znamenitý	extremely good	an excellent actor
25	awful	adjective	'ɔː.fəl	strašný, hrozný, príšerný	very bad, of low quality, or unpleasant	an awful actor
25	me	pronoun	mi:	mňa	used after a verb or preposition to refer to the person who is speaking or writing	Do you like me?
25	you	pronoun	juː	teba	used to refer to the person or people you are speaking or writing to	Yes, I like you.
25	him	pronoun	hım	jeho	used to refer to a man or boy that has just been mentioned	Do you like him?
25	her	pronoun	hз:	ju	used to refer to a woman or girl that has just been mentioned	Yes, I like her.
25	it	pronoun	ıt	to, ono	used to refer to something that has just been mentioned	No, I don't like it.
25	us	pronoun	ΛS	nás	used to refer to the person who is speaking or writing and one or more other people	He isn't very happy with us.
25	them	pronoun	ðem	nich	used to refer to a group of people, animals, or things that have just been mentioned	No, I don't like them.
26	mask	noun	ma:sk	maska	a covering for the face which protects, hides, or decorates the person wearing it	This is a lion mask from China.

26	lion	noun	'laı.ən	lev	a large, wild animal of the cat family, with light brown fur	This is a lion mask from China.				
26	dancer	noun	'da:n.sə	tanečník, tanečníčka	someone who dances either as a job or for pleasure	The mask is on the head of one dancer.				
26	tourist	noun	'tʊə.rɪst	turista	someone who visits a place for pleasure and does not live there	Tourists love them.				
26	theatre	noun	'θıə.tə	divadlo	a building with a stage where people go to watch plays	They are masks for actors in the Greek theatre.				
26	house	noun	haus	dom	a building where people, usually one family or group, live	They go from house to house and say 'Trick or treat'.				
26	sweets	plural noun	swi:ts	sladkosti	small pieces of sweet food, usually made of sugar or chocolate	People give them sweets.				
26	carnival	noun	ˈkɑː.nɪ.vəl	karneval	a public celebration where people wear special clothes and dance and play music in the streets	Masks are an important part of the carnival in Venice, Italy.				
26	beautiful	adjective	'bjuː.tɪ.fəl	nádherný, prekrásny	very attractive	The lion dances are very beautiful.				
	Unit 3									
31	husband	noun	'hʌz.bənd	manžel	the man that someone is married to	William is Kate's husband.				
31	home	noun	həum	domov	the place where you live or feel you belong	Kate and William's home is an apartment in Kensington Palace.				
31	apartment	noun	ə'pa:t.mənt	byt, apartmán	a set of rooms for living in, especially on one floor of a building	Kate and William's home is an apartment in Kensington Palace.				
32	family	noun	ˈfæm.əl.i	rodina	a group of people who are related to each other, such as a mother, a father, and their children	Kate's family is from Berkshire in England.				
32	son	noun	san	syn	a male child	George is Kate's son.				
32	father	noun	'fɑː.ðə	otec	a male parent	William is George's father.				
32	brother	noun	'brʌð.ə	brat	a man or boy with the same parents as another person	James is Kate and Pippa's brother.				
32	grandfather	noun	'græn.fa:.ðə	starý otec	the father of a person's mother or father	Prince Charles is George's grandfather.				
32	wife	noun	waif	manželka	the woman that someone is married to	Kate is William's wife.				
32	grandmother	noun	ˈgræn.mʌð.ə	stará mama	the mother of a person's father or mother	His grandmother is Queen Elizabeth.				
32	aunt	noun	a:nt	teta	the sister of someone's father or mother, or the wife of someone's uncle	She's my aunt Mary.				
32	uncle	noun	'ʌŋ.kl	strýko	the brother of your mother or father, or the husband of your aunt	He's my uncle Richard.				
32	sister	noun	'sɪs.tə	sestra	a girl or woman who has the same parents as another person	She has a sister called Pippa.				
32	cousin	noun	ˈkʌz.ən	bratranec, sesternica	a child of a person's aunt or uncle	She's my cousin.				
32	mother	noun	'mʌð.ə	matka	a female parent	Kate is George's mother.				
32	daughter	noun	'dɔː.tə	dcéra	a female child	Charlotte is Kate's daughter.				
33	my	determiner	mai	môj, moja, moje	belonging to or relating to the person who is speaking or writing	My name's Steve.				
33	your	determiner	jɔː	tvoj, tvoja, tvoje	belonging or relating to the person or people you are speaking or writing to	What's your name?				
33	his	determiner	hız	jeho	belonging to or relating to a man or boy that has just been mentioned	His favourite team is Flamengo.				
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33	her	determiner	һз:	jej	belonging to or relating to a woman or girl that has just been mentioned	She's here on holiday with her mother and father.
33	its	determiner	ıts	jeho (privlastňovanie v strednom rode)	belonging to or relating to something that has just been mentioned	The dog hurt its paws.
33	our	determiner	аиә	náš	belonging to or relating to the person who is speaking or writing and one or more other people	It's our first language.
33	their	determiner	ðeə	ich	belonging to or relating to a group of people, animals, or things that have just been mentioned	Their names are Alex and Ricky.
34	this	pronoun	ðis	tento, toto	used to refer to something or someone that can be seen or pointed to	This is my sister.
34	that	pronoun	ðæt	ten, tamto	used to refer to something that can be seen or pointed to	That's my brother.
34	these	pronoun	ðiːz	tieto	the plural of 'this'	These are my pens.
34	those	pronoun	ðəuz	tamtie	the plural of 'that'	Those are my friends.
35	bathroom	noun	'ba:θ.rum	kúpeľňa	a room with a bath and/or shower and often a toilet	an ensuite bathroom
35	bedroom	noun	'bed.rum	spálňa	a room used for sleeping in	There is a great poster on your friend's bedroom wall.
35	kitchen	noun	'kɪtʃ.ən	kuchyňa	a room where food is kept, prepared and cooked and where the dishes are washed	Their apartment is really big, with twenty bedrooms and three kitchens.
35	living room	noun	ˈlɪv.ɪŋ ˌrʊm	obývačka	the room in a house where people sit to relax and, for example, watch television	They listen to music in the living room.
35	hall	noun	hɔ:l	hala, chodba	a room or passage near the main door of a building, which leads to other rooms	The telephone is in the hall.
35	garage	noun	ˈgær.ɑːʒ	garáž	a small building, often next to a house, that you can put a car in	The car is in the garage.
35	garden	noun	ˈgɑː.dən	záhrada	a piece of land belonging to a house, where flowers and other plants are grown	The garden in Tom's house isn't very big.
35	bed	noun	bed	posteľ	a piece of furniture that you sleep on	I like your bed.
35	fridge	noun	fridʒ	chladnička	a large container that uses electricity to keep food cold	The fridge is in the kitchen.
35	sofa	noun	'səʊ.fə	pohovka	a large, comfortable seat for more than one person	Take a seat on the sofa.
35	cooker	noun	'kʊk.ə	varič, sporák	a large box-shaped device which is used to cook and heat food either by putting the food inside or by putting it on the top	an electric cooker
35	shower	noun	∫avə	sprcha	a piece of bathroom equipment that you stand under to wash your whole body	He likes to sing in the shower.
35	bath	noun	ba:θ	vaňa	the container that you sit or lie in to wash your body	The bath is in the bathroom.
35	armchair	noun	'a:m.t∫eə	kreslo	a comfortable chair with sides that support your arms	Sit down in the armchair.
35	toilet	noun	'tɔɪ.lət	wc, záchod	a bowl that you sit on or stand near when you get rid of waste substances from your body	The toilet is in the bathroom.
37	Let's go.	phrase	lets 'gəu	Poďme!	used to say that it is time to go somewhere	OK, guys, let's go.
37	Oh, right.	phrase	əu 'raıt	Správne!	used to say that you now understand something	Oh, right. She looks like your sister!
37	Really?	adverb	ˈrɪə.li	Naozaj?	used to express interest or surprise	Ruby? Really?
37	Just a minute.	phrase	,dʒʌst ə ˈmɪn.ɪt	(Počkajte) minútu!	used to ask someone to wait for a short time	Just a minute. Where's my guitar?

					Unit 4	
38	square	noun	skweə	námestie	an open area with buildings around it, often in the centre of a town	a famous square
38	tower	noun	tauə	veža	a very tall, narrow building, or part of a building	a famous tower
38	palace	noun	'pæl.ıs	palác	a very large building where a king, queen, or president lives	a famous palace
38	statue	noun	'stæt∫.uː	socha	a model that looks like a person or animal, usually made from stone or metal	a famous statue
38	famous	adjective	'feɪ.məs	slávny, známy	known and recognised by many people	a famous statue
40	park	noun	pa:k	park	a large area of grass and trees in a city or town, where people can walk and enjoy themselves	You play football in a park.
40	post office	noun	'pəust ˌɒf.ɪs	pošta (budova)	a place where stamps are sold and from where letters and parcels are sent	You send letters in a post office.
40	train station	noun	'treɪn ˌsteɪ.∫ən	vlaková stanica	a building and the surrounding area where trains stop for people to get on and off	You get on a train at a train station.
40	bank	noun	bæŋk	banka	an organisation or place where you can borrow money, save money, etc.	The chemist's is next to the bank.
40	chemist's	noun	'kem.ɪsts	lekáreň, drogéria	a shop where you can buy medicines, make-up, and products used for washing yourself	You buy medicine in a chemist's.
40	museum	noun	mjuːˈziː.əm	múzeum	a building where you can look at important objects connected with art, history, or science	You look at interesting things in a museum.
40	supermarket	noun	'suː.pəˌmɑː.kɪt	supermarket	a large shop that sells food, drink, products for the home, etc.	You buy milk in a supermarket.
40	library	noun	ˈlaɪ.brər.i	knižnica	a room or building that contains a collection of books and other written material that you can read or borrow	You read books in a library.
40	restaurant	noun	'res.trɒnt	reštaurácia	a place where you can buy and eat a meal	You eat lunch or dinner in a restaurant.
40	some	determiner	sam	niektorý, nejaký	used to refer to an amount of something without saying exactly how much or how many	There are some restaurants and cafés in the park.
40	any	determiner	'en.i	niektorý, nejaký (v otázke a zápore)	used in questions and negatives to mean 'some'	Are there any fun activities?
41	in front of	preposition	ın 'frʌnt əv	pred	close to the front part of something	The museum is in front of the library.
41	behind	preposition	bɪ'haɪnd	za	at or to the back of someone or something	The chemist's is behind the bank.
41	next to	preposition	'nekst tu:	vedľa	used when describing two people or things that are very close to each other with nothing between them	The restaurant is next to the park.
41	on the corner (of)	preposition	pn ðə ˈkɔː.nər (pv)	na rohu	at a point where two lines, surfaces, roads etc. meet	The post office is on the corner of Green Street and High Street.
41	opposite	preposition	'pp.ə.zıt	oproti	in a position facing something or someone but on the other side	The bank is opposite the post office.
41	between	preposition	bɪˈtwiːn	medzi	in the space that separates two people, places, or things	The restaurant is between the post office and the park.
41	listen	verb	'lıs.ən	počúvať	to give attention to someone or something in order to hear them	Listen to me.
41	sit	verb	sit	sadnúť si, sedieť	to move your body into a sitting position after you have been standing	Sit down, please.
41	open	verb	ˈəʊ.pən	otvoriť	to move something to a position that is not closed, or to make something change to a position that is not closed	Don't open the door.
41	look	verb	luk	pozrieť (sa)	to turn your eyes in the direction of something or someone so that you can see them	Don't look at the answers.
41	turn	verb	t3:n	otočiť sa	to change the direction in which you are moving, or to make a car do this	Turn right.

41 go 42 bo	0	verb	ae	L .		
42 boo		VCID	gəu	ísť	to move or travel somewhere	Go down the street.
	ookshop	noun	ˈbʊk.ʃɒp	knihkupectvo, obchod s knihami	a shop where books are sold	There are so many bookshops in town.
42 sho	hoe shop	noun	ˈʃuː ʃɒp	obchod s obuvou	a shop where shoes are sold	Where is the shoe shop?
42 cor	omfortable	adjective	ˈkʌm.fə.tə.bl	komfortný	describes furniture, clothes, etc. that provide a pleasant feeling and that do not give you any pain	And they're very comfortable.
42 a h	hundred and thirty	number	ə ˌhʌn.drəd ənd ˈθɜː.ti	stotridsať	the number 130	
42 a h	hundred and fifty	number	ə ˌhʌn.drəd ənd ˈfɪf.ti	stopäťdesiat	the number 150	
42 a h	hundred and seventy-five	number	ə ˌhʌn.drəd ənd sev.ən.ti 'faıv	stosedemdesiatpäť	the number 175	
42 two	wo hundred	number	,tu: 'hʌn.drəd	dvesto	the number 200	
42 five	ve hundred and sixty	number	յfaɪv hʌn.drəd ənd ˈsɪk.sti	päťstošesťdesiat	the number 560	
42 a tl	thousand	number	ə 'θaʊ.zənd	tícíc	the number 1,000	
42 one	ne thousand two hundred	number	ˌwʌn θaʊ.zənd tu: ˈhʌn.drəd	tisícdvesto	the number 1,200	
42 tw	wo thousand	number	ˌtuː ˈθaʊ.zənd	dvetisíc	the number 2,000	
43 dol	ollar	noun	'dɒl.ə	dolár	the unit of money used in the US, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and some other countries	It's twenty-five dollars.
43 po i	ound	noun	paund	libra	the unit of money in the UK	It's fifteen pounds.
43 eu i	uro	noun	'juə.rəu	euro	the unit of money used in most European Union countries	It's seventy-two euros.
43 fift	fteen pounds	phrase	ˌfɪf.tiːn ˈpaʊndz	pätnásť libier	the sum of £15.00	It's fifteen pounds.
43 tw	wenty-five dollars	phrase	,twen.ti.faɪv 'dɒl.əz	dvadsaťpäť dolárov	the sum of \$25.00	It's twenty-five dollars.
4.3	wo hundred and thirty uros	phrase	ˌtuː hʌn.drəd ænd ˌθɜː.ti ˈjʊə.rəʊz	dvestodridsať eur	the sum of €230.00	It's two hundred and thirty euros.
43 nin	ine pounds ninety-nine	phrase	naın paundz naın.ti'naın	deväť libier a deväť desiatdeväť centov	the sum of £9.99	It's nine pounds ninety-nine.
71.73	wenty-one dollars ninety- ve cents	phrase		dvadsať jedna dolárov a deväť desiatpäť centov	the sum of \$21.95	It's twenty-one dollars ninety-five cents.
43 sev	eventy-two euro fifty	phrase	ˌsev.ən.ti.tuː ˌjʊə.rəʊz ˈfɪf.ti	sedemdesiatdva eur päťdesiat cenotov	the sum of €72.50	It's seventy-two euros fifty.
44 sea	ea	noun	si:	more	a large area of salt water	Vancouver is a city near the sea and mountains.
44 mo	nountain	noun	'maun.tın	hora, kopec (ako súčasť pohoria)	a raised part of the Earth's surface, much larger than a hill, the top of which might be covered in snow	Vancouver is a city near the sea and mountains.
44 pat	ath	noun	ρα:θ	chodník	a long, narrow track between one place and another	There are paths for people on bicycles.
44 dra	ragon	noun	'dræg.ən	drak	a big, imaginary creature which breathes out fire	There are also things like a colourful dragon.
44 hui	undreds of	phrase	ˈhʌn.drədz əv	stovky	used to show that there is a large number of something	There are hundreds of beautiful cherry trees.
44 igu	guana	noun	ı'gwa:.nə	leguán	a large greyish-green lizard from tropical America	The iguanas are very friendly.
44 frie	riendly	adjective	'frend.li	priateľský	behaving in a pleasant, kind way towards someone	The iguanas are very friendly.

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44	feed	verb	fi:d	kŕmiť	to give food to a person, group, or animal	People in the city go there and feed them.			
44	lake	noun	leık	jazero	a large area of water which has land all around it	It has a lake and many museums.			
	Unit 5								
48	watch TV	phrase	,wɒt∫ tiː'viː	pozerať TV	to look at programmes on the television	I'm happy when I watch TV.			
48	play sport	phrase	,pleı 'spɔ:t	hrať nejaký šport	to take part in games or activities such as football or swimming that need physical activity and skill	I like to play sport.			
48	sing	verb	sıŋ	spievať	to make musical sounds with your voice	She chooses the songs and helps us to sing them.			
48	listen to music	phrase	,lıs.ən tə 'mju:.zık	počúvať hudbu	to use your ears to hear music	I usually listen to music on my own.			
49	perform	verb	pəˈfɔːm	hrať (v divadle)	to entertain people by acting, dancing, singing, playing music, etc.	Three times a year we perform our songs in front of the rest of the school in a special concert.			
49	concert	noun	'kɒn.sət	koncert	a performance of music by one or more musicians or singers	Three times a year we perform our songs in front of the rest of the school in a special concert.			
49	feel	verb	fi:l	cítiť	to experience something physical or emotional	I feel so happy when I'm on stage.			
50	play	verb	plei	hrať	to make music with a musical instrument	She plays the piano, too.			
50	cheer	verb	tʃɪə	povzbudzovať	to give a loud shout of approval or encouragement	The teachers and the other students always cheer when we finish.			
50	love	verb	lav	mať niečo rád, milovať niečo	to like something very much	It's a club for singing and I love singing.			
50	meet	verb	mi:t	stretnúť sa, stretávať sa	to come to the same place as someone else by arrangement or by chance	We meet in the school hall every Tuesday.			
50	make	verb	meık	robiť	to produce or create something	You make so many friends at Glee club.			
50	help	verb	help	pomoc	to provide advice, money, support, etc. to make it possible or easier for someone to do something	She chooses the songs and helps us to sing them.			
50	get	verb	get	dostať sa do stavu (sloveso zmeny stavu)	to become	She never gets angry with us.			
50	teach	verb	tiːt∫	učiť	to give lessons in a particular subject at a school, university, etc.	She teaches Maths, but she just loves singing.			
50	watch	verb	wɒt∫	pozerať (sa)	to look at something for a period of time	I'm happy when I watch TV.			
50	go	verb	gəu	ísť	to move or travel somewhere	We go swimming on Sundays.			
50	finish	verb	ˈfɪn.ɪ∫	skončiť, ukončiť	to complete something, or come to the end of an activity	I always finish my homework before bed.			
50	study	verb	'stʌd.i	študovať	to learn about a subject, especially on an educational course or by reading books	I study English.			
50	carry	verb	'kær.i	nosiť, niesť	to hold something or someone with your hands, arms, or on your back and take them from one place to another	She carries the books.			
50	fly	verb	flar	lietať, letieť	When a bird, insect, or aircraft flies, it moves through the air.	He flies a plane.			
50	always	adverb	'ɔːl.weɪz	vždy	every time, or at all times	He always does his homework after school.			
50	often	adverb	'ɒf.ən	často	many times or regularly	We often hang out with friends in the park.			
50	sometimes	adverb	'sʌm.taɪmz	niekedy	on some occasions but not always or often	She sometimes goes shopping with her mum.			
50	never	adverb	'nev.ə	nikdy	not ever, not one time	I never play computer games in the morning.			

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50	play computer games	phrase	pleı kəm'pju:.tə geımz	hrať počítačové hry	to play games designed to be used on a computer	I never play computer games in the morning.
50	go shopping	phrase	ˈgəʊ ˈʃɒp.ɪŋ	ísť nakupovať	to visit shops in order to buy things	She sometimes goes shopping with her mum.
50	dance	verb	da:ns	tancovať	to move your feet and body to the rhythm of music	I often dance in the living room.
50	do homework	phrase	ˌdu: ˈhəʊm.wɜːk	robiť si domácu úlohu	to do work your teacher has given you to do at home	I never do homework in the morning.
50	hang out with friends	phrase	hæŋ ˌaut wɪð ˈfrendz	stretávať sa (neformálne sa rozprrávať) s priateľmi	to spend time with friends	We often hang out with friends in the park.
50	chat to friends online	phrase	ˌtʃæt tə ˌfrendz ɒnˈlaɪn	chatovať s priateľmi online	to use the internet to talk to friends	I always chat to friends online after school.
53	smartphone	noun	'smaːt.fəun	smartfón	a mobile phone that can be used as a small computer and that connects to the internet	I use my smartphone to talk to my friends.
53	tablet	noun	'tæb.lət	tablet	a small, flat computer that is controlled by touching the screen	I use my tablet to shop.
53	laptop	noun	ˈlæp.tɒp	laptop	a computer that is small enough to be carried around and used where you are sitting	I use my laptop to do homework.
53	games console	noun	'geɪmz ˌkɒnsəʊl	herná konzola	a piece of equipment for playing computer games	I use my games console to play computer games.
53	e-reader	noun	'iː.riː.də	elektronická čítačka	a small electronic device which allows you to read books on a screen	I use my e-reader to read books.
53	GPS	noun	,dʒiː.piː'es	GPS navigácia	abbreviation for Global Positioning System: a system that can show the position of a person or thing by using signals from satellites	I use my GPS to find out which way to go.
53	MP3 player	noun	em.piːˈθriː ˌpleɪ.ə	MP3 prehrávač	a piece of electronic equipment for playing music that has been stored as MP3 files	I use my MP3 player to listen to music.
53	headphones	plural noun	'hed.fəʊnz	slúchadlá	a device with a part to cover each ear through which you can listen to music	I use my headphones to listen to music.
53	Monday	noun	'mʌn.deɪ	pondelok	the day of the week after Sunday and before Tuesday	I start my new job on Monday.
53	Tuesday	noun	'tju:z.deı	utorok	the day of the week after Monday and before Wednesday	We meet in the school hall every Tuesday.
53	Wednesday	noun	'wenz.dei	streda	the day of the week after Tuesday and before Thursday	Did you say the meeting is on Wednesday?
53	Thursday	noun	'θ3:z.deı	štvrtok	the day of the week after Wednesday and before Friday	I play football every Thursday.
53	Friday	noun	'frai.dei	piatok	the day of the week after Thursday and before Saturday	We meet in the school hall at lunchtime and every Friday.
53	Saturday	noun	'sæt.ə.deı	sobota	the day of the week after Friday and before Sunday	My favourite day is Saturday.
53	Sunday	noun	'sʌn.deɪ	nedel'a	the day of the week after Saturday and before Monday	I like Sunday because I always play football and I don't go to school.
55	What's wrong?	phrase	,wots 'roŋ	Čo sa deje?/S čím je problém?	used to ask about a problem	Hi, guys. What's wrong?
55	I've got an idea.	phrase	'aıv gɒt ən aıˌdıə	mám nápad	used to say that you have a suggestion or plan	I've got an idea. Ruby, do you want to be in the play?
55	No way!	phrase	'nən ,meı	v žiadnom prípade	used to say that you think something is impossible	Me! No way!
55	come on	phrase	kam 'vn	ale no tak , ale choď	used to encourage someone to do something	Oh, come on, Ruby. Please.
55	come on	phrase	kʌm ˈɒn	ale no tak , ale chod'	used to encourage someone to do something	Oh, come on, Ruby. Please.

					Unit 6	
56	shaved	adjective	∫eɪvd	oholený, vyholený	with all the hair cut off	a shaved head
56	doctor	noun	'dɒk.tə	doktor	a person whose job is to treat people who are ill or hurt	a doctor and a nurse
56	nurse	noun	nais	zdravotná sestra, ošetrovateľka, ošetrovateľ	someone whose job is looking after people who are ill or hurt	a doctor and a nurse
56	hair	noun	heə	vlasy	the thin, thread-like parts that grow on your head	long curly hair
58	body	noun	'bɒd.i	telo	the whole physical structure that forms a person or animal	Where on your body is your head?
58	arm	noun	a:m	ruka, rameno	the long part at each side of the human body, ending in a hand	It's an arm.
58	ear	noun	IĐ	ucho	one of the two organs on your head that you hear with	She's got an earring in her right ear.
58	eye	noun	aı	oko	one of the two organs in your face that you use to see with	My eyes aren't very good.
58	foot	noun	fut	noha, chodidlo	one of the two flat parts on the ends of your legs that you stand on	I hurt my left foot playing football.
58	hand	noun	hænd	ruka, rameno	one of the two parts on the ends of your arms that have fingers and a thumb	Put your hands up.
58	face	noun	feis	tvár	the front part of the head, where the eyes, nose, and mouth are	She's got a long, thin face.
58	leg	noun	leg	noha, chodidlo	one of the parts of the body of a human or animal that is used for standing and walking	The dog has got short legs.
58	mouth	noun	таυθ	ústa	the part of the face that is used for eating and speaking	Open your mouth.
58	nose	noun	nəuz	nosiť, niesť	the part of your face through which you breathe and smell	He's got a big nose.
60	curly	adjective	ˈkɜː.li	kučeravý	describes hair that has a lot of small, curved shapes	It's short and it's curly.
60	grey	adjective	grei	sivý, šedivý	the colour that is a mixture of black and white	The waiter has got grey hair.
60	short	adjective	∫ɔːt	krátky	small in length	It's short and it's curly.
60	blonde	adjective	blɒnd	blonďavý	describes hair which is a pale yellow colour	long, blonde hair
60	red	adjective	red	červený	describes hair which is an orange-brown colour	red hair
60	long	adjective	lɒŋ	dlhý	having a large distance from one end to the other	She's tall and she's got long black hair.
60	brown	adjective	braun	hnedý	being the colour of chocolate or soil	My eyes are brown.
60	wavy	adjective	'weɪ.vi	vlnitý	with slight curves	wavy, red hair
60	straight	adjective	streit	rovný	not curved or bent	straight, brown hair
60	black	adjective	blæk	čierny	the colour of the sky on a dark night	She's tall and she's got long black hair.
60	green	adjective	gri:n	zelený	the colour of grass	green eyes
61	smile	noun	smail	úsmev	a happy or friendly expression in which the corners of your mouth curve up	He's got a very nice smile.
61	glasses	plural noun	'gla:sız	okuliare	a piece of equipment with two transparent parts that you wear in front of your eyes to help you see better	She wears glasses.

61	moustache	noun	mu'sta:∫	fúzy	a line of hair that some men grow above their mouths	He's got a moustache.
61	beard	noun	bıəd	brada	the hair that grows on a man's chin	He's got a beard.
61	earring	noun	່າອ.rıŋ	náušnice	a piece of jewellery that you wear on your ear	She's got an earring in her right ear.
61	tall	adjective	tɔ:l	vysoký	having a greater than average height	She quite tall, she is not short.
61	short	adjective	ſɔːt	nízky	small in height	She quite tall, she is not short.
60	good-looking	adjective	"gʊdˈlʊk.ɪŋ	dobre vyzerajúci	If someone is good-looking, they have an attractive face.	He's quite tall and good-looking.
60	wear	verb	weə	nosiť, mať oblečené	to have clothing, jewellery, etc. on your body	He's got short curly black hair and he wears glasses.
57	surprise	noun	sə'praız	prekvapenie	an event that you did not expect to happen	But there is a terrible surprise for Kamryn the next day at school.
62	touch	verb	t∧t∫	dotknúť (sa)	to put your hand on something	Do you touch the other person?
62	put [your] hands together	phrase	put jo: 'hændz təˌgeð.ə	dať ruky spolu	to put your hands in a position where the palms and fingers touch each other	In Thailand, people put their hands together and bow.
62	stick out [your] tongue	phrase	stık aut jo: 'tʌŋ	vyplaziť jazyk	to move your tongue so that it comes out of your mouth	When people in Tibet greet each other, they stick out their tongue.
62	bow [your] head	phrase	,baʊ jɔː 'hed	pokloniť sa, urobiť úklon	to move your head down so that your chin is close to your neck	In many countries in the East, people bow their heads when they greet each other.
62	kiss somebody's cheek	phrase	,kıs s∧m.w∧nz 't∫i:k	pobozkať niekoho (na) líce	to put your lips on the side of someone's face	In many countries around the world, friends greet by kissing on the cheek.
62	piece of silk	phrase	pi:s əv 'sılk,	kúsok hodvábu	a piece of a smooth, often expensive, cloth	This is a piece of silk.
62	rub noses	phrase	"rʌb ˈnəʊ.zɪz	trieť/šúchať si nosy (vzájomne)	to press your nose against someone else's nose and move it from side to side	The Maori people in New Zealand rub noses together when they meet.
					Unit 7	
66	skateboarding	noun	ˈskeɪtˌbɔː.dɪŋ	skateboarding	the activity of moving using a board with small wheels	Skateboarding is a popular hobby with teenagers everywhere.
66	gymnastics	noun	dʒɪmˈnæs.tɪks	gymnastika	a sport in which you do physical exercises on the floor and on different pieces of equipment, often in competitions	The Firecrackers are a group of young girls who do gymnastics.
66	football	noun	ˈfʊt.bɔːl	futbal	a large ball made of leather or plastic and filled with air, used in games of football	Nikolai Kutsenko can do amazing things with a football.
66	golf	noun	gɒlf	golf	a game on grass where players try to hit a small ball into a series of holes, using a long, thin stick	He can hit a golf ball.
66	kick	verb	kık	kopať, kopnúť	to hit someone or something with your foot	He can kick a ball well.
66	hit	verb	hīt	udrieť, buchnúť, odpáliť (pri športe)	to touch someone or something quickly and with force using your hand or an object in your hand	He can hit a golf ball.
66	push	verb	քս∫	potlačiť	to move someone or something by pressing them with your hands or body	He jumps on the skateboard and pushes it with his feet.
66	jump	verb	dʒʌmp	skočiť	to push your body up and away from the ground using your feet and legs	He jumps on the skateboard and pushes it with his feet.
66	spin	verb	spin	otáčať, otočiť (sa)	If something or someone spins, they turn around and around quickly.	They can jump and spin and do somersaults.
66	somersault	noun	'sʌm.ə.sɔːlt	salto, premet	when you roll your body forwards or backwards so that your feet go over your head and come back down to the ground again	They can jump and spin and do somersaults.
67	skipping rope	noun	'skıp.ıŋ ˌrəup	švihadlo	a rope that you move over your head and then jump over as you move it under your feet	The Firecrackers use a skipping rope at the same time.
67	routine	noun	ru:'ti:n	rutina, bežný posup	a regular series of movements used in a performance	But some gymnastics routines use music, too.

68	can	verb	kæn	môcť, vedieť	to be able to	They can jump.
68	can't	verb	ka:nt	nemôcť, nebyť schopný	the negative of the verb 'can'	He can't read or write.
68	ice-skate	verb	'ars.skert	korčuľovať sa (na ľade)	to move across ice using boots with a thin metal part on the bottom	I can ice-skate but I can't play volleyball.
68	ride a bike	phrase	raid ə 'baik,	jazdiť na bicykli	to travel using a bicycle	He can't ride a bike.
68	play volleyball	phrase	pleı 'vɒl.i.bɔ:l	hrať volejbal	to play a game in which two teams use their hands to hit a ball over a net	I can ice-skate but I can't play volleyball.
68	do tae kwon do	phrase	du: ˌtaɪ ˈkwɒn dəʊ	robiť tae kwon do (typ bojového športu)	to do a sport that is originally from Korea, in which people fight with their hands and feet	Can you do tae kwon do?
68	surf	verb	sз:f	surfovať	to ride on a wave as it comes towards land, while standing or lying on a special board	She can surf.
68	play basketball	phrase	,pleı 'ba:.skıt.bɔ:l	hrať basketbal	to play a game in which two teams try to win points by throwing a ball through a high net	I like playing basketball.
68	snowboard	verb	ˈsnəʊ.bɔːd	jazdiť na snowboarde, snowboardovať sa	to stand on a large board and move across snow	We snowboard in winter.
68	play tennis	phrase	pleı 'ten.ıs,	hrať tenis	to play a sport in which two or four people hit a small ball to each other over a net	Do you want to play tennis?
69	quarter past	phrase	'kwɔː.tə ˌpɑːst	štvrť (po)	used to say that it is fifteen minutes after the hour	It's quarter past four.
69	half past	phrase	'ha:f 'pa:st	pol	used to say that it is thirty minutes after the hour	It's half past eight.
69	o' clock	phrase	ə'klɒk	hodín (pri určovaní času - celá hodina)	used after the numbers one to twelve to mean exactly that hour when you tell the time	It's three o'clock.
69	quarter to	phrase	'kwɔː.tə tuː	štvrť do	used to say that it is fifteen minutes before the hour	It's quarter to one.
70	winner	noun	'wɪn.ə	výherca, víťaz	someone who wins a game or competition	Bhutan win 4–0, but everyone decides that football is the real winner.
70	win	verb	win	vyhrať	to get the most points in a competition or game	Bhutan win 4–0, but everyone decides that football is the real winner.
70	final	noun	ˈfaɪ.nəl	finále	the last in a series of games, races, or competitions, usually the one in which the winner is chosen	Two great teams, Brazil and Germany, are ready to play in the World Cup final.
70	organise	verb	ˈɔː.gən.aɪz	organizovať	to make arrangements for something to happen	He organises 'the other final'.
71	January	noun	'dʒæn.jʊ.ri	január	the first month of the year, after December and before February	the 1st January
71	February	noun	'feb.ru.ər.i	február	the second month of the year, after January and before March	the 27th February
71	March	noun	ma:t∫	marec	the third month of the year, after February and before April	the 26th March
71	April	noun	'eɪ.prəl	apríl	the fourth month of the year, after March and before May	the 20th April
71	May	noun	mei	máj	the fifth month of the year, after April and before June	the 30th May
71	June	noun	dʒu:n	jún	the sixth month of the year, after May and before July	the 24th June
71	July	noun	dʒʊ'laɪ	júl	the seventh month of the year, after June and before August	the 22nd July
71	August	noun	'ɔː.gəst	august	the eighth month of the year, after July and before September	the 13th of August
71	September	noun	sep'tem.bə	september	the ninth month of the year, after August and before October	the 23rd September
71	October	noun	pk'təu.bə	október	the tenth month of the year, after September and before November	the 22nd October

71	November	noun	ทอบ'vem.bə	november	the eleventh month of the year, after October and before December	the 5th November
71	December	noun	dı'sem.bə	december	the twelfth and last month of the year	the 23rd December
71	winter	noun	'wɪn.tə	zima	the coldest season of the year, between autumn and spring	Winter is from December to February.
71	spring	noun	spriŋ	jar	the season of the year between winter and summer, when the weather becomes warmer and plants start to grow again	Spring is from March to May.
71	summer	noun	'sʌm.ə	leto	the season of the year between spring and autumn, when the weather is warmest	Summer is from June to August.
71	autumn	noun	'ɔː.təm	jeseň	the season of the year between summer and winter, when leaves fall from the trees	Autumn is from September to November.
71	first	ordinal	'fɜːst	prvý	1st written as a word	I live on the first floor.
71	second	ordinal	'sek.ənd	druhý	2nd written as a word	Her birthday is on the second of May.
71	third	ordinal	θз:d	tretí	3rd written as a word	the third road on the right
71	fourth	ordinal	θ:cì	štvrtý	4th written as a word	My birthday is on the fourth of December.
71	fifth	ordinal	fιfθ	piaty	5th written as a word	the fifth floor of the building
71	sixth	ordinal	sīksθ	šiesty	6th written as a word	I have to return my library books on the sixth (of July).
71	seventh	ordinal	'sev.ənθ	siedmy	7th written as a word	It's the seventh (of May) today.
71	eighth	ordinal	eɪtθ	ôsmy	8th written as a word	He finished eighth in the race.
71	ninth	ordinal	naınθ	deviaty	9th written as a word	The ninth letter of the alphabet is I.
71	tenth	ordinal	tenθ	desiaty	10th written as a word	My sister's birthday is on the tenth of July.
71	eleventh	ordinal	ı'lev.ənθ	jedenásty	11th written as a word	Our holiday is on the eleventh of October this year.
71	twelfth	ordinal	twelfθ	dvanásty	12th written as a word	Today is the twelfth of September.
71	thirteenth	ordinal	θs:'ti:nθ	trinásty	13th written as a word	She lives on the thirteenth floor.
71	twentieth	ordinal	'twen.ti.əθ	dvadsiaty	20th written as a word	Our school's Sports Day is on the twentieth of June.
71	thirtieth	ordinal	'θ3:.ti.əθ	tridsiaty	30th written as a word	Today is my aunt's thirtieth birthday.
71	thirty first	ordinal	ˌθɜː.ti ˈfɜːst	tridsiaty prvý	31st written as a word	This year is our school's thirty-first Maths competition.
73	stuff	noun	staf	vec (zastupujúce slovo)	used to refer to a substance or a group of things or ideas, etc. without saying exactly what they are	I've got some stuffto do first, but I think 3.30 is OK.
73	Now what?	phrase	'nau ˌwɒt	A čo teraz?	used to ask what will happen next or what you should do next	Now what do we do?
73	It's no big deal.	phrase	ıts ˌnəʊ bɪg ˈdɪəl	nie je to dôležité	used to say that something is not important	It's no big deal. I'm sure I can fix it.
73	I'm sure	phrase	aım ˈʃɔː	som si istý	used to say that you are certain about something	It's no big deal. I'm sure I can fix it.

	Unit 8							
74	violin	noun	,vaɪə'lın	husle	a wooden musical instrument with four strings, which you hold against your neck and play by moving a bow across the strings	They're playing music on violins and trumpets and things.		
74	trumpet	noun	'trʌm.pɪt	trúbka	a metal musical instrument that you play by blowing into it and pressing buttons to make different notes	They're playing music on violins and trumpets and things.		
74	musician	noun	mju:ˈzɪʃ.ən	hudobník	someone who plays a musical instrument, often as a job	The musicians and singers are leaving.		
74	concert	noun	'kɒn.sət	koncert	a performance of music by one or more musicians or singers	They're giving a concert but they aren't wearing special clothes.		
74	singer	noun	'sɪŋ.ə	spevák	a person who sings, especially as a job	The musicians and singers are leaving.		
76	singing	verb	ˈsɪŋ.ɪŋ	spievať, spievanie	the -ing form of 'sing'	Now four people are singing!		
76	dancing	verb	'da:nts.ɪŋ	tancovať, tancovanie	the -ing form of 'dance'	And a little girl is dancing.		
76	leaving	verb	ˈliː.vɪŋ	odísť, opustiť	the -ing form of 'leave'	The musicians and singers are leaving.		
76	running	verb	ˈrʌn.ɪŋ	behať, bažať, beh	the -ing form of 'run'	Sally is running.		
76	sitting	verb	ˈsɪt.ɪŋ	sedieť	the -ing form of 'sit'	Some people are sitting on chairs.		
76	reading	verb	ˈriː.dɪŋ	čítať, čítanie	the -ing form of 'read'	Linda is reading.		
76	standing	verb	'stæn.dıŋ	stáť, postaviť sa	the -ing form of 'stand'	Now about ten men and women are standing here.		
76	cheering	verb	ˈtʃɪə.rɪŋ	povzbudzovať	the -ing form of 'cheer'	Dave is standing and cheering.		
76	getting	verb	get.ɪŋ	dostávať	the -ing form of 'get'	What food are you getting?		
76	wearing	verb	'weə.rıŋ	nosiť	the -ing form of 'wear'	They aren't wearing special clothes.		
76	coming	verb	ˈkʌm.ɪŋ	prísť	the -ing form of 'come;	OK, Sam, I'm coming now.		
76	taking	verb	'teɪ.kɪŋ	vzať	the -ing form of 'take'	Harry is taking a photo.		
76	shopping	verb	ˈʃɒp.ɪŋ	nakupovať	the -ing form of 'shop'	Do you like shopping for clothes?		
76	making	verb	'meɪ.kɪŋ	robiť	the -ing form of 'make'	I'm making sandwiches for the party.		
76	watching	verb	wptʃ.ɪŋ	pozerať	the -ing form of 'watch'	They are watching and clapping.		
76	playing	verb	ple1.1ŋ	hrať	the -ing form of 'play'	A man is playing a guitar and a woman is dancing.		
76	studying	verb	ˈstʌd.i.ɪŋ	študovať	the -ing form of 'study'	He's studying English at a university there.		
78	like	verb	laık	mať rád	to enjoy something or feel that someone or something is pleasant	But I don't like the music.		
78	love	verb	lav	milovať, mať niečo veľmi rád	to like something very much	He loves going to parties, and dancing.		
78	hate	verb	heit	nenávidieť, neznášať	to dislike someone or something very much	I hate talking to boys.		
79	dress	noun	dres	šaty	a piece of clothing for women or girls which covers the top half of the body and hangs down over the legs	She's wearing a red dress.		
79	coat	noun	kəut	kabát	an outer piece of clothing with sleeves which is worn over other clothes, usually for warmth	Wear a coat today, it's cold.		

79	jeans	plural noun	dʒi:nz	džínsy, rifle	trousers made of denim, a strong cotton material, which are worn informally	Paul is wearing blue jeans, a white T-shirt and trainers.
79	jumper	noun	'dʒʌm.pə	sveter, pulóver	a piece of clothing usually made of wool which covers the top of your body and is pulled on over your head	I like your purple jumper.
79	shirt	noun	∫3:t	košeľa	a piece of clothing worn on the top part of the body, often made of thin material like cotton and fastened with buttons down the front	He's wearing grey trousers and a green shirt.
79	shoes	plural noun	ʃuːz	topánky	a pair of coverings for your feet, usually made of a strong material such as leather	I hate wearing shoes and trousers.
79	shorts	plural noun	ʃɔːts	krátke nohavice	a very short pair of trousers that stop above the knees	Wear shorts today, it's hot.
79	skirt	noun	ska:t	sukňa	a piece of clothing for women and girls that hangs from the waist and does not have legs	The dancers in Turkey wear skirts that are different colours.
79	socks	plural noun	spks	ponožky	a pair of coverings made from soft material that cover your feet	Mum, where are my socks?
79	T-shirt	noun	ˈtiː.ʃɜːt	tričko s ktárkym rukávom	a piece of cotton clothing for the top part of the body with short sleeves and no collar	Paul is wearing blue jeans, a white T-shirt and trainers.
79	trainers	plural noun	'treɪ.nəz	tenisky	a pair of light, comfortable shoes that can be worn for sport	You can't wear trainers to a party!
79	trousers	plural noun	'trau.zəz	nohavice	a piece of clothing that covers the legs and has a separate part for each leg	He's wearing grey trousers and a green shirt.
80	wood	noun	wud	drevo	the hard material that trees are made of	It's made of wood.
80	string	noun	striŋ	struna	a piece of wire that is part of a musical instrument	It's long and thin and has got one string.
80	stick	noun	stık	palička, konárik	a long, thin piece of wood, usually broken or fallen from a tree	You play the berimbau by hitting the string with a stick.
80	blow	verb	bləu	fúkať	to force air out through your mouth	You blow into it, and it makes a very unusual deep sound.
80	deep	adjective	di:p	hlboký	A deep sound is low.	You blow into it, and it makes a very unusual deep sound.
80	hold	verb	həvld	držať	to have something in your hand or arms	Didgeridoos are difficult to hold because they are between one and three metres long.
80	ground	noun	graund	zem	the surface of the Earth	The musician usually puts the didgeridoo on the ground.
80	orchestra	noun	'ɔː.kɪ.strə	orchester	a large group of musicians who play different instruments together	Musicians play these in Indonesia, in an orchestra of many musicians.
80	cloth	noun	klυθ	látka, plátno	material made from cotton, wool, etc.	You then hit the pots with a stick that has a piece of cloth around it.
80	relaxing	adjective	rı'læk.sıŋ	uvoľňujúci	making you feel happy and comfortable because nothing is worrying you	Some people say that the sound is very relaxing.
					Unit 9	
84	chef	noun	∫ef	šéfkuchár	a skilled and trained cook who works in a hotel or restaurant, especially the most important cook	Harry doesn't want to be a star chef when he's 20.
84	cooking	noun	ˈkʊk.ɪŋ	varenie	preparing and cooking food, or a particular way of preparing and cooking food	The ten-year-old New Yorker likes cooking.
84	plate	noun	pleit	tanier	a flat, round object which is used for putting food on	And we must be very careful with hot plates.
84	soup	noun	suːp	polievka	a usually hot, liquid food made from vegetables, meat, or fish	He can make fantastic soups and salads, excellent omelettes and the best cakes.
84	salad	noun	'sæl.əd	šalát	a cold mixture of vegetables that usually have not been cooked, sometimes eaten with meat, cheese, etc.	He can make fantastic soups and salads, excellent omelettes and the best cakes.
84	steak	noun	sterk	steak	a thick, flat piece of meat or fish	This time he makes tomato soup, some salad, steak and carrot cake.
84	omelette	noun	'ɒm.lət	omeleta	a food made with eggs that have been mixed and fried, often with other foods added	He can make fantastic soups and salads, excellent omelettes and the best cakes.

84	cake	noun	keık	koláč	a sweet food made from flour, butter, sugar, and eggs, mixed together and	This time he makes tomato soup, some salad, steak
	young	adjective		mladý	baked having lived or existed for only a short time and not old	and carrot cake. More and more young people are interested in
85	star	noun	sta:	hviezda	someone or something that is better than all the others in a group	cooking. Harry doesn't want to be a star chef when he's 20.
86	must	verb	mast	musieť	used to say that it is necessary or important that something happens or is done	But what must you do to become a star chef?
86	mustn't	verb	'mʌs.ənt	nesmieť	the negative of 'must'	And of course we mustn't put them in our mouths.
86	meat	noun	miːt	mäso	the soft parts of animals, used as food	I don't eat meat.
86	fruit	noun	fru:t	ovocie	something such as an apple or orange that grows on a tree or a bush, contain	I eat fruit every day.
86	vegetable	noun	'vedʒ.tə.bl	zelenina	seeds, and can be eaten as food a plant that you eat, for example a potato, onion, bean, etc.	vegetable soup
86	drink	noun	drıŋk	nápoj	liquid that is taken into the body through the mouth	Would you like a drink of water?
86	chicken	noun	't∫ık.ın	kura	the meat of a chicken	a chicken and tomato sandwich
86	beef	noun	biːf	hovädzie	the meat of a cow	roast beef
86	lamb	noun	læm	jahňacie	the meat of a young sheep	Lamb is delicious!
86	burger	noun	'bɜː.gə	burger	meat or other food pressed into a round, flat shape and fried	a burger and chips
86	potato	noun	pəˈteɪ.təʊ	zemiak	a round vegetable with a brown, yellow, or red skin that grows in the ground	boiled/baked/fried/roast potatoes
86	tomato	noun	təˈmɑː.təʊ	paradajka	a soft, round, red fruit eaten in salad or as a vegetable	OK, first we need to add the tomato sauce.
86	carrot	noun	ˈkær.ət	mrkva	a long, thin orange vegetable that grows in the ground	This time he makes tomato soup, some salad, steak and carrot cake.
86	pepper	noun	'pep.ə	paprika	a hollow green, red, or yellow vegetable	Can I cut the peppers for you?
86	coffee	noun	ˈkɒf.i	káva	a hot drink made from dark beans which are made into a powder	Would you like some coffee?
86	tea	noun	ti:	čaj	a hot drink that you make by pouring water onto dried leaves	Coffee and tea are drinks.
86	juice	noun	dʒuːs	ovocná alebo zeleninová šťava/džús	the liquid that comes from fruit or vegetables	orange/lemon/grapefruit/tomato juice
86	milk	noun	mılk	mlieko	a white liquid produced by cows and other female animals	a glass of milk
86	banana	noun	bə'na:.nə	banán	a long curved fruit with a yellow skin	l' d like a banana, please.
86	orange	noun	'pr.ɪndʒ	pomaranč	a round, sweet fruit with a thick orange skin and a centre that is divided into many equal parts	fruit juice (orange or apple)
86	apple	noun	ˈæp.l	jablko	a hard, round fruit that has a green or red skin and is white inside	fruit juice (orange or apple)
86	strawberry	noun	'strɔː.bər.i	jahoda	a small, red fruit with a green leaf at the top and small, brown seeds on its surface	strawberry ice cream
88	menu	noun	'men.juː	menu, jedálny lístok	a list of food and drinks that you can order in a restaurant	Here are the menus.
88	starter	noun	'sta:.tə	predjedlo	something that you eat as the first part of a meal	What would you like for starters?
88	main course	noun	'meɪn ˌkɔ:s	hlavné jedlo	the largest or most important part of a meal	I'd like a jacket potato for my main course, please.

88	dessert	noun	dı'zɜ:t	dezert	sweet food eaten after the main part of a meal	Would you like a dessert?
88	order	verb	'ɔː.də	objednať (si)	to ask for food, goods, etc.	What would you like to order?
89	bread	noun	bred	chlieb	a basic food made by mixing flour, water and sometimes yeast	a slice of bread
89	cereal	noun	'sɪə.ri.əl	cereálie	a food that is made from grain and usually eaten with milk, especially in the morning	a bowl of cereal
89	yoghurt	noun	'jɒgət	jogurt	a thick, liquid food with a slightly sour taste which is made from milk	a low-fat strawberry yoghurt
89	jam	noun	dʒæm	šunka	a sweet food made with fruit and sugar that you can put on bread	strawberry/raspberry jam
89	honey	noun	ˈhʌn.i	med	a sweet, sticky food that is made by bees	We had a cup of tea and toast with honey.
89	egg	noun	eg	vajíčko	an oval object with a hard shell which is produced by female birds, especially chickens, and which is eaten as food	a hard-boiled/soft-boiled egg
89	butter	noun	'bʌt.ə	maslo	a pale yellow food made from cream that you put on bread or use in cooking	Have some bread and butter.
89	breakfast	noun	'brek.fəst	raňajky	the food you eat in the morning after you wake up	What do you want for breakfast?
89	lunch	noun	l∧nt∫	obed	a meal that is eaten in the middle of the day	What's for lunch?
89	dinner	noun	'dın.ə	večera	the main meal of the day that people usually eat in the evening	For dinner we often eat meat.
91	of course	phrase	əv 'kɔːs	samozrejme	used to say 'yes' and emphasise your answer	Of course. No problem.
91	be careful	phrase	biː ˈkeə.fəl	buďte opatrný/í	used to say that something could be dangerous	Just be careful with the knife.
91	a bit of	phrase	ə 'bıt əv	trochu	a small amount of something	I'm putting a bit of cheese on the pizza.
91	the thing is	phrase	ðə ˌθɪŋ ˈɪz	Ide o to, že	used to introduce an answer, comment or explanation	The thing is, Ruby hates cheese.
					Unit 10	
92	astronaut	noun	'æs.trə.nɔ:t	astronaut	someone who travels into space	It was her dream to be an astronaut and to go into space.
92	achievement	noun	əˈtʃiːv.mənt	úspech	something that you have succeeded in doing	An Olympic silver medal is a remarkable achievement for such a young athlete.
92	spacecraft	noun	'speis.kra:ft	vesmírna loď	a vehicle which can travel outside the Earth and into space	The name of her spacecraft was Vostok 6.
92	stamp	noun	stæmp	poštová známka	a small, official piece of paper that you buy and stick onto a letter or parcel before you post it	Her face was on stamps in several countries.
92	space	noun	speis	vesmírna loď	the area outside the Earth's atmosphere, where the planets and the stars are	It was her dream to be an astronaut and to go into space.
92	factory	noun	ˈfæk.tər.i	továreň	a building or set of buildings where large amounts of goods are made using machines	Her father was a driver and her mother was a factory worker.
92	sky diving	noun	ˈskaɪ ˌdaɪ.vɪŋ	parašutizmus	the sport of jumping out of an aircraft with a parachute (a large piece of cloth that allows you to fall slowly to the ground)	Her hobby was sky diving.
29	training	noun	'treɪ.nɪŋ	trénovanie, tréning	the process of learning the skills you need to do a particular job or activity	The training programme wasn't very easy.
92	be born	phrase	bi: ˈbɔːn	byť narodený	When a person or animal is born, they come out of their mother's body and start to exist.	Valentina Tereshkova was born in Russia on 6th March, 1937.
92	lucky	adjective	ˈlʌk.i	šťastný, mať štastie	having good things happen to you by chance	She was the lucky one.
94	in	preposition	ın	v	during part or all of a period of time	In the year 2000, there was a big celebration in London.

94	at	preposition	æt	v, pri	used to show the time something happens	Lillian was at the park at quarter past eleven.
94	last	determiner	la:st	minulý, posledný	the one before the present one	She was at the cinema with her mum last night.
94	yesterday	adverb	'jes.tə.deı	včera	on the day before today	I was at home at quarter past eleven, yesterday morning.
96	stay	verb	stei	zostať	to continue to be in a place, job, etc. and not leave	He can stay underwater for a long time.
96	storm	noun	storm	búrka	very bad weather with a lot of rain, snow, wind, etc.	She can make rain, sunshine, hurricanes, clouds, and storms.
96	hurricane	noun	'hʌr.ɪ.kən	hurikán	a violent storm with very strong winds	She can make rain, sunshine, hurricanes, clouds, and storms.
96	monster	noun	'mɒn.stə	príšera	an imaginary creature that is large, ugly and frightening	Frankenstein's monster was a fictional character created ny Mary Shelley.
97	worked	verb	wɜ:kt	minulý čas od slova "pracovať"	the past form of 'work'	Her dad worked as a photographer.
97	moved	verb	mu:vd	minulý čas od slova "pohnúť"	the past form of 'move'	When Storm was six, she moved to Cairo.
97	crashed	verb	kræ∫t	minulý čas od slova "naraziť"	the past form of 'crash'	One day a plane crashed into their house.
97	died	verb	daıd	minulý čas od slovdied, "zomrieť"	the past form of 'die'	Storm's parents died, and she was alone in the big city.
97	worried	verb	'wʌr.id	minulý čas od slovnever "trápiť sa"	the past form of 'worry'	Percy was never afraid and he never worried about his life.
97	helped	verb	helpt	minulý čas od slovthe "pomôcť"	the past form of 'help'	He helped the people he liked.
97	started	verb	'sta:.tɪd	minulý čas od slova "začať"	the past form of 'start'	Storm's story started in New York, where she was born.
97	tried	verb	traɪd	minulý čas od slova "skúšať, skúsiť"	the past form of 'try'	Later, Percy and Tyson tried to help each other in their many adventures.
97	weather	noun	'weð.ə	počasie	the conditions in the air above the Earth such as wind, rain, or temperature	Storm has control over the weather.
97	be raining	phrase	bi: ˈreɪn.ɪŋ	pršať	When it is raining, drops of water fall from clouds.	It's raining.
97	sunny	adjective	'sʌn.i	slnečný	bright because of light from the sun	It's sunny.
97	windy	adjective	'wın.di	veterný	with a lot of wind	It's windy.
97	cloudy	adjective	'klaʊ.di	zamračené	When it is cloudy, there are clouds in the sky.	It's cloudy.
97	be snowing	phrase	bi: ˈsnəʊ.ɪŋ	snežiť	When it is snowing, small, soft white pieces of ice falling from clouds.	It's snowing.
97	warm	adjective	wɔːm	teplo, teplý	having a temperature between cool and hot	It's warm.
98	strange	adjective	streındʒ	čudný, zvláštny	If something is strange, it is surprising because it is unusual or unexpected.	There are many strange and wonderful statues all over the world.
98	improve	verb	ım'pru:v	zlepšiť	to get better or to make something better	He improved the city for people.
98	create	verb	kri'eɪt	tvoriť, vytvoriť	to make something happen or exist	For example, he created a lot of parks.
98	writer	noun	'raı.tə	spisovateľ	a person who writes books or articles to be published	Franz Kafka was a writer from Prague.
98	shoulder	noun	ˈʃəʊl.də	rameno	one of the two parts of the body at each side of the neck that join the arms to the rest of the body	He's sitting on the shoulders of an empty suit!
98	suit	noun	su:t	oblek	a jacket and trousers or a jacket and skirt that are made from the same material	He's sitting on the shoulders of an empty suit!

98	wait	verb	weit	čakať	to stay in a place until something or someone arrives or someone or something is ready for you	For eight more years Hachiko waited at the station every day.
98	desert	noun	'dez.ət	púšť	a large, hot, dry area of land with very few plants	In the middle of the Atacama Desert in Chile a big hand comes out of the sand.
98	sand	noun	sænd	piesok	a substance that is found on beaches and in deserts, which is made from very small grains of rock	In the middle of the Atacama Desert in Chile a big hand comes out of the sand.
98	upside down	adverb	ˌʌp.sɑɪd ˈdaʊn	naopak, dolu hlavou	having the part which is usually at the top turned to be at the bottom	There's a statue of him at the University – upside down!
					Unit 11	
102	bear	noun	beə	medveď	a large, strong, wild animal with thick fur	Erin knew there were bears in the woods.
102	horse	noun	hois	kôň	a large animal with four legs, which people ride on	It was very near to an eight-year-old boy who was on his horse.
102	bird	noun	bз:d	vták	an animal that has wings and feathers, and is usually able to fly	This animal was a bird but it couldn't fly.
102	cow	noun	kau	krava	a large female farm animal kept to produce meat and milk	a dairy cow
102	dog	noun	dpg	pes	an animal with fur, four legs and a tail, especially kept by people as a pet	The Europeans took animals such as dogs and cats to the island.
102	elephant	noun	'el.1.fənt	slon	a very large, grey animal with big ears and a very long nose	We saw elephants, tigers, and snakes at the zoo.
102	gorilla	noun	gəˈrɪl.ə	gorila	a big, black, hairy animal, like a large monkey	There's a gorilla at the zoo.
102	cat	noun	kæt	mačka	a small animal with fur, four legs and a tail that is kept as a pet	The Europeans took animals such as dogs and cats to the island.
102	snake	noun	sneık	had	a long, thin creature with no legs that slides along the ground	We saw elephants, tigers, and snakes at the zoo.
102	sheep	noun	∫iːp	ovca, ovce	a farm animal whose skin is covered with wool	This cheese is made from sheep's milk.
102	tiger	noun	'taɪ.gə	tiger	a large wild cat that has yellow fur with black lines on it	We saw elephants, tigers, and snakes at the zoo.
102	rabbit	noun	ˈræb.ɪt	zajac	a small animal with fur and long ears that lives in a hole in the ground	She has a pet rabbit.
103	ride	verb	raıd	jazdiť (na koni)	to travel by sitting on a horse	In July 2011, she took a group of eight people on horses for a ride in the woods.
103	scared	adjective	skeəd	preľaknutý, vyľakaný, vystrašený	frightened or worried	The boy's horse saw the bear and got very scared.
103	woods	plural noun	wodz	lesy	a large area of trees growing near each other	Erin knew there were bears in the woods.
103	noise	noun	zıcn	hluk	a sound, often a loud, unpleasant sound	The bear made a terrible noise.
104	put	verb	put	položiť, dať na miesto	to move something or someone into the stated place, position, or direction	Erin put Tonk between the bear and the boy.
104	ran	verb	ræn	minulý čas od slova "bežať"	the past form of 'run'	Together they ran at the bear three times.
104	came	verb	keım	minulý čas od slova "prísť"	the past form of 'come'	Suddenly, an angry, 300 kilogram grizzly bear came out from the trees.
104	fell	verb	fel	minulý čas od slova "padnúť"	the past form of 'fall'	Then the boy fell off the horse.
104	found	verb	faund	minulý čas od slova "nájasť"	the past form of 'find'	She found the bear near the boy and his horse.
104	got	verb	gpt	minulý čas od slova "dostať"	the past form of 'get'	The boy's horse saw the bear and got very scared.
104	gave	verb	geiv	minulý čas od slova "dať"	the past form of 'give'	She gave Tonk a kick and they went after the bear.

104	went	verb	went	minulý čas od slova "ísť"	the past form of 'go'	She gave Tonk a kick and they went after the bear.
104	knew	verb	nju:	minulý čas od slova "vedieť"	the past form of 'know'	Erin knew there were bears in the woods.
104	made	verb	meid	minulý čas od slova "robiť"	the past form of 'make'	The bear made a terrible noise.
104	saw	verb	SOI	minulý čas od slova "vidieť"	the past form of 'see'	The boy's horse saw the bear and got very scared.
104	took	verb	tuk	minulý čas od slova "vziať"	the past form of 'take'	In July 2011, she took a group of eight people on horses for a ride in the woods.
104	take a break	phrase	,teɪk ə 'breɪk	dať si prestávku, ísť na prestávku	to stop an activity for a short time, usually in order to rest or eat	I always take a break when I study.
104	have a good time	phrase	,hæv ə gud 'taım	mať sa dobre, mať dobrý čas	to enjoy yourself	I have a good time at the weekend.
104	make a mistake	phrase	,meık ə mı'steık	urobiť chybu	to do something that is not correct	I made a mistake in my German homework.
104	make a noise	phrase	,meɪk ə 'nɔɪz	robiť hluk	to make a sound, often a loud, unpleasant sound	The bear made a terrible noise.
104	have a shower	phrase	,hæv ə ˈʃaʊə	dať si sprchu, osprchovať sa	to wash your body while standing under a flow of water	I have a shower in the morning.
104	do homework	phrase	ˌdu: ˈhəʊm.wɜːk	robiť si domácu úlohu	to do work your teacher has given you to do at home	I didn't do my homework last night.
104	take photographs	phrase	teık 'fəv.tə.gra:fs,	robiť fotky	to use a camera to make pictures	Last weekend, I took a lot of photographs with my phone.
104	go on holiday	phrase	gəv pn 'hpl.ı.deı	ísť na prázdniny/na dovolenku	to go to a place away from where you live, for pleasure	My family didn't go on holiday last year.
104	get angry	phrase	ˌget ˈæŋ.gri	nahnevať sa	to start to have a strong feeling against someone who has behaved badly or something you do not like	I get angry when my brother takes my things.
104	go away	phrase	,gəu ə'weı	odísť preč	to leave a place	After a while, the bear went away.
104	get excited	phrase	get ık'saı.tıd	rozrušiť sa	to start to feel happy and enthusiastic	I always get excited when I go on holiday.
104	do something	phrase	'du: ˌsʌm.θɪŋ	robiť niečo	to take an action	We need to do something to help him!
106	extinct	adjective	ık'stıŋkt	vyhynutý	If a type of animal is extinct, it does not now exist.	These animals don't exist today; they're extinct.
106	island	noun	'aɪ.lənd	ostrov	a piece of land completely surrounded by water	It lived on the island of Mauritius, in the Indian Ocean.
106	become	verb	bı'kam	stať sa	to start to be	And in 1681, it became extinct.
106	teeth	plural noun	ti:θ	zuby	the plural form of 'tooth' (one of the hard, white parts in your mouth which you use for biting)	It had two very big teeth that it used to kill animals.
106	horn	noun	hɔːn	roh	one of the two hard, pointed growths on the heads of cows, goats, and some other animals	It had two horns – the big one was sometimes one metre long.
107	could	verb	kud	minulý čas od slova "môcť, vedieť"	used as the past form of 'can' to talk about what someone or something was able to do	You could see these teeth even when the cat's mouth was closed.
107	couldn't	verb	'kud.ənt	zápor v minulom čase od slova "môcť, vedieť"	the negative form of 'could'	It couldn't fly.
107	beautiful	adjective	ˈbjuː.tɪ.fəl	nádherný, prekrásny	very attractive	Erin thought Tonk was a beautiful horse.
107	boring	adjective	ˈbɔː.rɪŋ	nudný	not interesting or exciting	a boring TV programme
107	clever	adjective	'klev.ə	bystrý, múdry	able to learn and understand things quickly and easily	Both children were clever.
107	dangerous	adjective	'dem.dʒər.əs	nebezpečný	If someone or something is dangerous, they could harm you.	Sometimes snakes are dangerous.

107	horrible	adjective	'hɒr.ɪ.bl	strašný, hrozný, príšerný	very unpleasant or bad	Dan! Don't be horrible!
107	interesting	adjective	'ın.trəs.tıŋ	zaujímavý	Someone or something that is interesting keeps your attention because they are unusual, exciting, or have a lot of ideas.	I talked to my friends but they didn't say anything interesting.
107	lovely	adjective	'lʌv.li	nádherný, prekrásny	pleasant or enjoyable	a lovely meal/evening
107	safe	adjective	seif	bezpečný	not in danger or likely to be harmed	In some cities you don't feel safe going out alone at night.
107	stupid	adjective	'stju:.pɪd	hlúpy	silly or not intelligent	How could you be so stupid?
107	ugly	adjective	'ʌg.li	škaredý	unpleasant to look at	a big, fat, ugly spider
109	all right	phrase	,ɔ:l ˈraɪt	v poriadku	used to agree to a suggestion or request	All right, I would like to come to the cinema with you.
109	suddenly	adverb	'sʌd.ən.li	zrazu	quickly and unexpectedly	I went into my bedroom, and suddenly I saw oh, it's stupid.
109	poor you	phrase	pɔːˈjuː	chudák (keď niekoho ľutujeme)	used to show that you are sorry for someone	Poor you!
109	What happened?	phrase	wpt 'hæp.ənd	Čo sa stalo?	used to ask someone to tell you about an event	We're your friends. What happened?
					Unit 12	
110	bike	noun	baık	bicykel	a bicycle	One presenter went by bike.
110	car	noun	ka:	auto	a road vehicle with an engine, four wheels, and seats for a small number of people	One went by car.
110	boat	noun	bəut	čln	a vehicle for travelling on water	The last one travelled by speedboat up the River Thames.
110	underground train	noun	'ʌn.də.graʊnd ˌtreɪn	metro, podzemný vlak	a train that travels in tunnels beneath a city	He took the underground train.
110	bus	noun	bas	autobus	a large vehicle in which people are driven from one place to another	I go to school by bus.
110	transport	noun	'træn.spɔːt	doprava	a vehicle or system of vehicles for getting from one place to another	Each of the presenters chose a different type of transport to make the same 27-kilometre journey.
111	traffic	noun	ˈtræf.ɪk	premávka	the cars, trucks, etc. using a road	A lot of big cities, like London, have got many traffic problems.
111	presenter	noun	prɪˈzen.tə	televízny hlásateľ, moderátor	someone who introduces a television or radio show	The presenters of a popular TV car show decided to find out.
111	airport	noun	'eə.pɔ:t	letisko	a place where aircraft regularly take off and land	Who got to City Airport in East London first?
111	journey	noun	'dʒɜː.ni	cesta	when you travel from one place to another	Sometimes a journey of a few kilometres can take more than an hour.
111	pollute	verb	pə'lu:t	znečistiť	to make water, air, soil, etc. dirty or harmful	It's also better for our cities because bikes don't pollute the air.
112	motorbike	noun	'məʊ.tə.baɪk	motocykel, motorka	a vehicle with two wheels and an engine	Any one with my mum on her motorbike.
112	plane	noun	plem	lietadlo	a vehicle that flies and has at least one engine and wings	We visit them every year and, of course, we go by plane.
112	helicopter	noun	'hel.ɪ.kɒp.tə	vrtuľník	an aircraft which flies using long, thin parts on top of it that turn round and round very fast	The injured were flown to hospital by helicopter.
112	ferry	noun	'fer.i	kompa	a boat that regularly carries passengers and often vehicles across an area of water	a car ferry
112	taxi	noun	'tæk.si	taxík	a car with a driver who you pay to take you somewhere	I took a taxi from the station to the hotel.
112	train	noun	trein	vlak	a long, thin vehicle which travels along metal tracks and carries people or good	s We always go by train.

112	road	noun	rəud	cesta	a long, hard surface built for vehicles to drive on	It's a bus that can go on the roads but it can also travel on the water.
112	rail	noun	reil	železnica	trains as a method of transport	It uses the same rails as the national trains.
112	water	noun	'wɔː.tə	voda	the clear liquid which falls from the sky as rain	It's a bus that can go on the roads but it can also travel on the water.
112	air	noun	еә	vzduch	the mixture of gases which surrounds the Earth and which we breathe	A helicopter travels in the air.
112	quicker	adjective	kwık.ə	rýchlejší	the comparative of 'quick'	Planes are quicker than ferries.
112	bigger	adjective	bıg.ə	väčší	the comparative of 'big'	Cars are bigger than motorcycles
112	cheaper	adjective	tʃiː.pə	lacnejší	the comparative of 'cheap'	It's cheaper than public transport and healthier for you than a car.
112	easier	adjective	'iː.zi.ə	ľahší	the comparative of 'easy'	Taking the train is easier than driving.
112	healthier	adjective	'hel.θi.ə	zdravší	the comparative of 'healthy'	It's cheaper than public transport and healthier for you than a car.
112	more expensive	adjective	mɔːr ɪkˈspen.sɪv	drahší	the comparative of 'expensive'	The train is more expensive than the ferry.
112	more dangerous	adjective	,mɔː ˈdeɪn.dʒər.əs	nebezpečnejší	the comparative of 'dangerous'	They made a joke and said the bike wasn't a real winner because it was more dangerous.
112	better	adjective	'bet.ə	lepší	the comparative of 'good'	It's also better for our cities because bikes don't pollute the air.
115	mountain	noun	'maun.tın	hora, kopec (ako súčasť pohoria)	a raised part of the Earth's surface, much larger than a hill, the top of which might be covered in snow	My favourite journey is to the mountains to ski.
115	beach	noun	biːt∫	pláž	an area of sand or small stones next to the sea	It's got really beautiful beaches and we always have a great time.
115	river	noun	'rɪv.ə	rieka	a long, natural area of water that flows across the land and into a sea, lake, or another river	Every morning I walk across the fields and then along the river.
115	sea	noun	siː	more	a large area of salt water	Every year my family goes on holiday to a small town by the sea.
115	field	noun	fi:ld	pole, roľa	an area of land used for growing crops or keeping animals	corn fields
115	lake	noun	leīk	jazero	a large area of water which has land all around it	Lake Titicaca is a large lake between Peru and Bolivia.
115	farm	noun	fa:m	farma	an area of land with fields and buildings, used for growing crops and/or keeping animals as a business	We live on a farm and my school is about one kilometre away.
115	forest	noun	'fɒr.ɪst	lesy	a large area of trees growing closely together	I just love watching the mountains and forests go past.
116	engine	noun	'en.dʒɪn	motor	the part of a vehicle that uses energy from oil, electricity, or steam to make it move	It's got an engine on it and wheels from old trains.
116	wheel	noun	wi:l	koleso	a circular object fixed under a vehicle so that it moves smoothly over the ground	It's got an engine on it and wheels from old trains.
116	suitcase	noun	'suːt.keɪs	kufor, batožina	a large rectangular case with a handle for carrying clothes and possessions while travelling	They are big enough for two to four people and a suitcase.
116	bamboo	noun	bæm'bu:	bambus	a tall plant with hard hollow stems, often used for making furniture	This simple train is made from pieces of bamboo.
116	hill	noun	hıl	kopec	a raised area of land, smaller than a mountain	It's an exciting way of getting down a hill.
116	floating	adjective	ˈfləʊ.tɪŋ	plávajúci	on the surface of a liquid	The Uro people live in floating villages on the water.
116	reed	noun	ri:d	trsť	a tall, stiff plant like grass that grows near water	They use a local reed called totora to build their homes and boats.