SECOND EDITION

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face2face





Upper Intermediate Student's Book

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A global language

Vocabulary language ability OXICO
Grammar review of the English yerbisystem knihy

QUICK REVIEW Introductions

Talk to three other students. Introduce yourself and tell them one thing about: your family, your job/studies and something you enjoy doing in your free time.

Vocabulary and Speaking Language ability

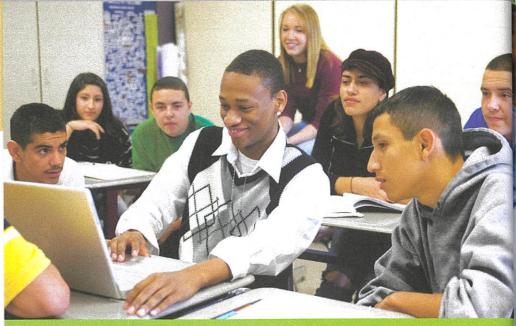
- a Choose the correct words in these phrases. Check in vocabulary 1.1 p127.
 - 1 (my) first/last language (is) ...
 - 2 be bilingual in/at ...
 - 3 be fluent at/in ...
 - 4 be reasonably good on/at ...
 - 5 can get to/by in ...
 - 6 know a little/few words of ...
 - 7 can't speak a word of/with ...
 - 8 can have/make a conversation in ...
 - 9 speak some ..., but it's a lot/bit rusty
 - 10 pick up/off a bit of ... on holiday
 - **b** Choose five phrases from **1a**. Use them to make sentences about yourself or people you know.

My first language is Russian.

c Work in groups. Take turns to tell each other your sentences. Ask follow-up questions if possible.

Reading and Speaking

- Read the article about learning English around the world. Match headings a-e to paragraphs 1-4. There is one extra heading.
 - a English seven days a week
 - **b** A changing language
 - c People's attitude to English
 - d An English-speaking world
 - e A passport to employment



Where's English going?

- 1 More people speak English than any other language. However, non-native speakers now greatly outnumber native speakers. A recent report suggested that the number of non-native speakers had already reached 2 billion, whereas there are around 350 million native speakers of English. The British Council predicts within five years about half the world's population over 3.5 billion people will speak English.
- Why such enthusiasm for English? In a word, jobs. English has become the dominant language of international business, academic conferences, science and technology and, of course, tourism. Also, about 75% of the world's correspondence is written in English and 80% of all electronic information is stored in English. According to Dr Jurgen Beneke of the University of Hildesheim in Germany, by far the majority of interactions in English now take place between non-native speakers. For example, at a Toyota factory in the Czech Republic, English was chosen as the working language of the Japanese, French and Czech staff.
- The way that people study English is also changing. In South Korea, for example, the national government has been building English immersion schools all over the country, where teenagers live in an all-English environment for up to four

- weeks at a time. In these 'English villages', students check in to their accommodation, go shopping, order food, go to the bank, take cooking classes or acting lessons all in English. And they appear to enjoy the experience when we visited one acting class, a student was pretending to be the film star Orlando Bloom to the obvious amusement of his classmates.
- So what happens to a language when it becomes a world language? It seems that the answer is difficult to predict because this phenomenon has never happened before. However, what is already evident is that these new speakers of English aren't just using the language - they're changing it. Jean Paul Nerrière, a former French IBM executive, believes that the future of English belongs to non-native speakers. For the international business community, he always recommends a version of the language which he calls "Globish" - a combination of 'global' and 'English'. He describes it as English without its cultural associations. It's a simpler version of the language. So, for example, speakers of Globish don't use idioms and they definitely don't try to tell jokes. It has a limited vocabulary of about 1,500 words and the speakers use accurate but uncomplicated sentence structures. In fact, Nerrière suggests that native speakers will need to use Globish or they may well feel left out of the conversation!



a Read the article again. What does it say about these numbers, people and things?

350 million 3.5 billion Dr Beneke 75% Tovota immersion schools Jean Paul Nerrière

- **b** Work in pairs. Discuss these questions.
- 1 Do you think Globish will become more important than standard English? Why?/Why not?
- 2 How important is English for employment opportunities in your country? Give examples.

HELP WITH GRAMMAR

Review of the English verb system

a Look at the article again. Match the words/phrases in blue to these verb forms.

Present Simple speak **Present Continuous** Past Simple Past Continuous

Present Perfect Continuous Present Perfect Simple Present Simple Passive Past Perfect Simple Past Simple Passive

b Fill in the gaps in these rules with *continuous*, *perfect*, simple or passive.

- We usually use verb forms to talk about things that are repeated, permanent or completed.
- verb forms to talk about things that We usually use are in progress, temporary or unfinished.
- We usually use verb forms to talk about things that connect two different time periods (the past and the present, etc.).
- verb forms when we focus on what We usually use happens to someone or something rather than who or what does the action.
- c Look at the verb forms in pink in the article. Which are activity verbs? Which are state verbs? Then choose the correct word in this rule.
- We don't usually use activity/state verbs in continuous verb forms.
- d Check in GRAMMAR 1.1 > p128.

- in meaning between a and b in each pair.
 - 1 a They studied Portuguese for three years.
 - **b** They've studied Portuguese for three years.
 - 2 a Kemal often watches DVDs.
 - **b** Kemal's watching a DVD at the moment.
 - 3 a Jo did her homework when I got home.
 - b Jo was doing her homework when I got home.
 - 4 a She teaches English.
 - b She's teaching English while she's in Berlin.
 - 5 a When we got there, the class started.
 - b When we got there, the class had started.
 - 6 a Antonio repaired his car last week.
 - b Antonio's car was repaired last week.
- 6 a Choose the correct verb forms.

I *started/'ve started studying Spanish after 12 went/was going to Argentina on holiday last year. I 3'd never been/never went to South America before and I couldn't speak a word of Spanish. While I 4had travelled/was travelling around the country, I 5 picked up/was picking up enough words and phrases to get by.

I ⁶told/was told that my pronunciation ⁷was/was being quite good, so when I got home I ⁸decided/was deciding to learn Spanish properly. A friend ⁹recommended/was recommended a school and I 10go/'ve been going there for about six months.

I 11 always enjoy/'m always enjoying the lessons and the language 12 teaches/is taught in an interesting way. I 13think/thought that I ¹⁴'m learning/'ve learned a lot since I started. It's not all fun, though - at the moment I 15 study/'m studying for my first exam!

b CD1>1 Listen and check.

Get ready ... Get it right!

Turn to p110.

Open learning



QUICK REVIEW Verb forms Think of something you: did last weekend, have done recently, have been doing for a long time, do every week, were doing at nine o'clock last night. Work in pairs. Take turns to tell each other about these things. Ask follow-up questions.

Vocabulary and Speaking Education

- a Work in pairs. What is the difference between these words/phrases? Check new words/phrases in VOCABULARY 1.2 > p127.
 - 1 an undergraduate, a graduate, a postgraduate
 - 2 a subject, a module, a course
 - 3 an essay, an assignment, a dissertation
 - 4 a mark, continuous assessment, a progress report
 - 5 a tutor, a lecturer, a professor
 - 6 a tutorial, a seminar, a lecture
 - 7 fees, a student loan, a scholarship
 - 8 a degree, a Master's, a PhD

TIP • We only show the main stress (•) in words/phrases.

b Choose six words/phrases in **1a** that are connected to you or people you know. Then work in pairs. Tell each other why you chose those words. Ask follow-up questions.

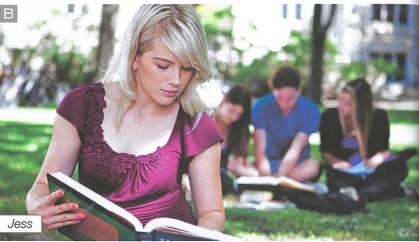
I chose 'postgraduate' because my sister's doing a postgraduate course.

Oh, what's she studying?

Speaking and Listening

- **a** Work in groups. Do you agree with these statements? Why?/Why not?
 - 1 You can't get a good job without a degree.
 - 2 Universities don't necessarily prepare you for employment.
 - 3 Online universities have more advantages than traditional universities.
 - **b** CD1 2 Look at the photos of Tony and his niece Jess. Listen to their conversation. Who talks about:
 - their business degree?
 - their computer and IT course?
 - commitments other than studying?
 - online support from tutors?
 - time spent with friends?
 - flexible study programmes?
 - their student loan?
 - how long their course is?





- Listen again. Fill in gaps a-f with one word.
 - 1 JESS You're doing an Open University course, aren't you?
 TONY Yes, I am at long last. It's something I've
 wanted to do for a
 - 2 J What course are you doing?
 - T I'm doing a b in computing and IT.
 - 3 J Oh, I was told you're really enjoying it.
 - T I am, but I have to say I found the first few a bit scary.
 - J So does everyone at the beginning. Don't worry, it does get easier.
 - 4 J How do you manage to do d
 - T Sometimes I don't.
 - I Nor do I.
 - 5 T Your Aunt Gayle was hoping to do her first
 e in four years it actually took eight.
 - J Did it?
 - 6 J Do you think you'll have finished your degree by the end of next year?
 - T No, I don't. But I'm quite optimistic I think at the rate I'm going, I should finish before my f birthday!

OXICO

HELP WITH GRAMMAR

Uses of auxiliaries

4 AUXILIARIES IN VERB FORMS

a Look again at Tony and Jess's sentences in **3**. Name the verb forms in blue.

've wanted - Present Perfect

- **b** Which of the verb forms in blue in **3** have auxiliaries? Which two verb forms don't have auxiliaries?
- c Complete these rules with be, do or have.
- We make continuous verb forms with: + verb+ina.
- We make perfect verb forms with:+ past participle.
- We make passive verb forms with:+ past participle.
- In the Present Simple and Past Simple we use a form of to make questions and negatives.

TIP • We also use modal verbs (will, would, can, could, etc.) as auxiliaries:

I'll (= will) have finished my degree by next year.

d Check in GRAMMAR 1.2 > p129.

5 OTHER USES OF AUXILIARIES

- a Look at these other uses of auxiliaries. Match the phrases in pink in 3 to a-f.
- a a question tag aren't you?
- b to add emphasis
- c a short answer to a yes/no question
- d to say it's the same for you or other people with so or nor
- e to avoid repeating a verb or phrase
- f an echo question to show interest
- b Check in GRAMMAR 1.3 > p129.

HELP WITH LISTENING Contractions

- In spoken English we often contract the auxiliaries am, are, is, have, has, had, will and would. We also contract negatives (don't, wasn't, won't, etc.).
- 6 a CD1 3 Listen to these pairs of sentences.
 Which do you hear first?
 - 1 a She's made it.
- b She made it.
- 2 a He'd started it.
- b He started it.
- 3 a You're taught it.
- **b** You taught it.
- 4 a l've lost it.
- b I lost it.
- 5 a We'll watch it.
- b We watch it.
- 6 a I won't buy it.
- b I want to buy it.
- **b** CD1 4 Listen and write five sentences. You will hear each sentence twice.
- Work in pairs. Compare sentences. Which auxiliaries are contracted in each sentence?

a Jess phoned her uncle Tony last night. Fill in the gaps in their conversation with the correct positive or negative auxiliaries. Use contractions where possible.

TONY Hello, Jess. Your aunt and I ¹ just talking about you a minute ago.

JESS How ² everything going? ³ your finished your essay yet?

T Yes, I ⁴ . I finally handed it in yesterday, but it really ⁵ take ages to write!

J You worked really hard on that, 6 you?

Yes, I 7. By the way, I hear you met someone new. A guy called Tim. that right?

J Yes, it ¹⁰ . I ¹¹ going to tell anyone.

I ¹² trying to keep it a secret. Honestly, this family! ¹³ Aunt Gayle tell you?

T No, she ¹⁴ . It was your mum.

J You haven't told anyone else, ¹⁵ you?

T No, I 16 ... well, only your cousin Nicky.

J Oh no, not Nicky! I ¹⁷ hope she doesn't find out who it is. That's a disaster!

T 18 it? Why? 19 she know this guy?
20 he a student too?

J No, he ²¹ . But she ²² know him, he's Nicky's ex-boyfriend!

b CD1 5 Listen and check.

- 8 Change these sentences to avoid repeating verbs or phrases.
 - 1 I don't speak German, but my younger brother speaks German. does
 - 2 lan didn't go to college, but his sister went to college.
 - 3 My parents haven't been there, but we've been there.
 - 4 Penny doesn't like golf, but her brothers like golf.
 - 5 We're not going out tonight, but they're going out tonight.
 - 6 Tom enjoyed the play, but I didn't enjoy the play.

Get ready ... Get it right!

- a Work in pairs. Choose one of these situations or invent your own. Then write a one-minute conversation between the people. Include at least five different uses of auxiliaries from 4c and 5a.
 - two students who are sharing a house
 - two friends who are lost on their way to a party
 - a couple trying to decide where to go on holiday
 - two students talking about their school, college or university
 - **b** Practise the conversation with your partner.
- Work in groups of four with another pair. Take turns to role-play your conversations. Guess the relationship between the people.

VOCABULARY 1C AND SKILLS

Getting results

Vocabulary verb patterns (1)
Skills Reading: an article
Listening: stories about exams an inv

QUICK REVIEW Auxiliaries Write four interesting things about yourself or people you know. Work in pairs. Take turns to say your sentences. Respond with an echo question and a follow-up question. A I've been scuba diving a few times. B Have you? Where did you go?

Speaking, Reading and Vocabulary

- a Work in groups. Make a list of positive and negative things about exams.
 - **b** Read the magazine article. Choose the best title A–C. Which, if any, of the things on your list in **1a** are mentioned in the article?
 - A All exams are a necessary evil
 - **B** Exams discourage creativity
 - c Exams are no longer necessary

a Read the article again. Tick the true sentences. Correct the false ones.

The writer thinks that:

- 1 children are tested at too young an age.
- 2 parents should make their children study harder for exams.
- 3 there is no value in exams.
- 4 our educational system encourages original thinking.
- 5 schools can't ever prepare students for the future.
- 6 exams aren't the only way to evaluate ability.
- 7 some talented children go unnoticed.
- **b** Work in pairs. Compare answers. Do you agree with the arguments in the article? Why?/Why not?



Monica Bolton

looks at the relationship between testing and creativity

I remember spending hours in exam rooms pouring out facts that I had squeezed into my brain the night before. That is what exams force us to do. It's an input-output model and there is generally only a right or a wrong answer. However, according to educationalist Ken Robinson, 'If you're not prepared to be wrong, you will never come up with anything original ... and we are running national educational systems where mistakes are the

worst thing you can make." He says we have to stop thinking this way. We are, after all, supposed to be educating children for the future, but we have no idea what today's kids will need to do in their working lives. To prepare them, Robinson believes we should try to develop learning environments where they are encouraged to be creative and discover things for themselves. We should also remember to see them as individuals. Just

because a child fails an exam doesn't mean they are a failure. They might be a brilliant inventor or computer programmer, a wonderful singer or comedian.

Still, most of us continue to believe we can only achieve success through passing more and more exams when there are so many who manage to succeed without them. Try googling the biographies of young entrepreneurs such as Adam Hildreth, who started a social networking site called Dubit Limited when he was fourteen and ended up being worth millions. Obviously, he believed he could achieve his goals without passing the right exams. His motivation came from doing something he wanted to do, he enjoyed being creative.

Of course, no one wants to fly with a pilot or be treated by a doctor who hasn't proved their ability by passing exams. However, how many more Adam Hildreths are sitting in classrooms around the world just being tested and tested instead of being discovered? Surely education should encourage, not discourage creativity?



ave you ever stopped to consider how stressful school life is becoming because of tests and exams? Why on earth do we make kids do tests in their second year of primary school? This just encourages parents to pile on the pressure. I know seven-yearolds who have private tuition to help them pass their maths test! And there are parents who coach their three-year-olds so they can perform well in their interview for the 'right nursery school'. How do you interview a three-year-old? "I see from your CV, young Tom, you didn't do very much in the first six months of your life. Why was that?!" I also know parents who don't allow their children to go out near exam time. They expect them to stay in and study every night and they refuse to let them play sport, watch TV or listen to music. No wonder kids resent having to do exams.

HELP WITH VOCABULARY

Verb patterns (1)

a Look at the verbs in blue in the article. Write the infinitive forms of these verbs in the table.

1	make	+ object + infinitive
2	encourage	+ object + infinitive with to
3	can	+ infinitive
4	refuse	+ infinitive with <i>to</i>
5	resent	+ verb+ing

b Write these verbs in the table in **3a**. Some verbs can go in more than one place.

start avoid would rather prefer keep let seem should regret plan hope finish begin convince persuade had better teach

- c Look at the verbs in pink in the article. Match the verb forms to the meanings.
- 1 stop + verb+ing
- 2 stop + infinitive with to
- a stop something that you were doing
- b stop doing one thing in order to do something else
- 3 remember + verb+ing
- 4 remember + infinitive with to
- c make a mental note to do something in the future
- d remember something that you did before
- 5 try + verb+ing
- 6 try + infinitive with to
- e make an effort to do something difficult
- f experiment or do something in order to solve a problem
- d Check in VOCABULARY 1.3 > p127.
- Work in pairs.
 Student A p104. Student B p107.

Listening and Speaking



5 CD1 6 Work in pairs. Look at pictures A and B. What do you think is happening in each one? Listen and check your answers.





- a Listen again. Write six words/phrases to help you remember each story.
 - **b** Work in pairs. Write five questions about each story. What exam did Henry take?
 - **c** Work in new pairs. Choose one story each. Take turns to ask and answer each other's questions from **6b**.

HELP WITH LISTENING

Sentence stress and rhythm

- In spoken English we usually only stress the words that give the main information. This gives English its natural rhythm.
- 7 a CD1 7 Listen to the beginning of the first exam story.
 Notice the stressed words.

My worst exam moment happened when I was caught cheating by my mum after a history exam. I really liked history classes, but I didn't have a very good memory.

b Work in pairs. Look again at **7a**. Which parts of speech are usually stressed?

adjectives

c Look at the next part of the story. Which words do you think are stressed?

So on the morning of the exam I wrote loads of important facts and figures on the insides of my shirt cuffs. I made sure that I got to the exam room really early so I could sit at the back.

- d D1 8 Listen and check.
- e Look at Audio Script CD1 6 p157. Listen to Henry's story again. Notice the sentence stress and rhythm.
- 8 Work in groups. Discuss these questions.
 - 1 What was the last exam you did? How did you feel before, during and after it?
 - 2 What was the hardest exam you've ever taken?
 - 3 Have you ever done an oral exam? What was it like?
 - 4 Do you know any other interesting or funny stories about exams? If so, tell the group.

☐ REAL WORLD

Evening classes



QUICK REVIEW Verb patterns (1) Choose four of these verbs and write sentences about yourself: stop, start, encourage, avoid, hope, prefer, persuade, help, remember, refuse, try, forget. Work in pairs. Take turns to say your sentences. Ask follow-up questions. A I stopped smoking last year. B Well done. How did you manage it?

- Work in groups. Discuss these questions.
 - 1 Can you do evening classes in your town/ city? If so, where?
 - 2 Have you, or has anyone you know, ever done any evening classes? If so, which ones? Did you/they enjoy them? Why?/Why not?
 - 3 Look at the advert. Would you like to do any of these evening classes?
- 2 a VIDEO 1 CD1 9 Watch or listen to a conversation between two friends, Chloe and Sophie. Then tick the evening classes that Chloe is doing.
 - **b** Watch or listen again. Then answer these questions.
 - 1 How long ago did Chloe and Sophie last meet up?
 - 2 What did Chloe have to do in her last creative writing class?
 - 3 Why did she decide to do a photography course?
 - 4 Why does she find the evening classes helpful?
 - 5 What does Sophie do on a Friday evening?
 - 6 How long is Sophie going to be in the US?





Evening classes January 10th - March 28th

Register online or call us on **020 79460333**

ALL CLASSES ARE 6.00 P.M. -8.00 P.M.

DAY	CLASS	Level
Monday	Ballroom dancing Digital photography Zumba	Level 2 Level 1 Level 2
Tuesday	Jewellery making Ceramics Web design	Suitable for all Level 2 Level 1
Wednesday	Carpentry Creative writing Yoga *	Level 1 Suitable for all Level 3



REAL WORLD

Keeping a conversation going

- We often use short questions to keep a conversation going and to show interest.
- a Fill in the gaps in short questions 1–10 with these words.

(what	mean	going	come	as	S	ort	else	way	that	like
1	How'	s it	?			6	Wh	nat		are yo	u doing
2	Why's	S	?			7	Suc	ch		?	
3	Like		, exac	tly?		8	Ho	W		?	
4	How	do you	and the same of the same of the same	?		9	In v	what		?	
5	What	's the te	acher		?	10	Wh	nat		of dar	ncing?

b Fill in the gaps in these parts of the conversation with a preposition.

SOPHIE I go every Friday night.
CHLOE Really? Who ?

SOPHIE I'm off to the US on Sunday.
CHLOE Are you? How long

TIP • We also use echo questions (Chloe It's even more difficult than creative writing. Sophie Is it?) and questions with question tags (It's been ages, hasn't it?) to keep a conversation going.

c Check in REAL WORLD 1.1 > p129.





4	a CD1	10 Listen to eight sentences. For each
	sentenc	e you hear, complete these short questions
	with a p	reposition.

1	Who	?	5	Who	?	
2	Where	?	6	Who	?	
3	Who	?	7	How long		- ?
4	What	?	8	What	?	

b CD1 11 Listen and check. Are prepositions in short questions stressed or unstressed?

5	a	Read the next part of Sophie and Chloe's
	CC	onversation. Fill in the gaps with one word.

SOPHIE	First,	I'm go	ing to	my	cousin's	wedding	in New
York.							
	2						

CI	HLOE 1	you?	Who 2		_ ;		
S	My brother,	Dave. I'm	rather	nervous	about	the v	7

- vhole thing, though.
- C Really? How 3
- S Dave and I don't really get on particularly well.
- C How do you ⁴_
- S Er, we tend to argue quite a lot.
- C Yes, families can be difficult, 5 they? What 6 are you doing?
- s After the wedding I'm going on a trip that my friend Mike's organised.
- of trip? you? What 8
- s We're going walking in the Rockies.
- C How long 9
- s Five days. Oh, I can't wait! And you? Got any holiday plans?
- C No, no holidays this year, I'm afraid.
- s Why's 10
- C I've put in an offer on a flat and I'm saving up.
- s Wow! What's it 11
- C Well, it needs a lot of work doing to it.
- s Such 12
- C Oh, er ... everything!
- **b** Work in pairs. Compare answers.

6 a Choose a topic and decide what you want to say.

- something you are/aren't looking forward to
- your work or studies
- a place you love going to
- something interesting you've done lately
- your plans for next weekend
- **b** Work in pairs. Take turns to start a conversation with the topics from 6a. Ask each other questions to keep the conversation going. Use language from 3.

HELP WITH PRONUNCIATION

jazykové knih

Sounds (1): final letters se

a Work in pairs. How do you say the final letters se in these words, /s/ or /z/?

- 1 promise / / house / / purse / / purpose / / sense / /
- 2 advertise / / noise / / vase / /
- 3 close v. / / close adj. / / use v. / / use n. / /
- **b** CD1 12 Listen and check. Then practise.
- c Look at the words in 1a again. Complete rules a-c with /s/ or /z/.
- b -se = / / after the sounds /ai / /ai / /ai /
- c When a verb has the same form as a noun or adjective -se = / / in verbs and / / in nouns and adjectives

a CD1 13 Look at the final se in pink. Which sound is different? Listen and check.

- 1 advise excuse v. realise license close v.
- 2 close adj. exercise practise excuse n. purchase
- 3 use v. organise use n. refuse v. noise
- **b** Work in pairs and take turns to say these sentences.
- 1 | I apologise. | didn't realise | had to practise this exercise.
- 2 Excuse me, but there's no excuse for parking so close to my house.
- 3 It doesn't make sense to refuse the use of the vase.

continue2learn

Vocabulary, Grammar and Real World

- **Extra Practice 1 and Progress Portfolio 1 p115**
- Language Summary 1 p127
- 1A-D Workbook p5
- Self-study DVD-ROM 1 with Review Video



Reading and Writing

Portfolio 1 Planning and drafting Workbook p64 Reading an article about learning languages Writing planning and drafting an article